# STUDENT HANDBOOK

# SCHOOL-CLINICAL CHILD PSYCHOLOGY PROGRAM (Revised June 2016)

2016-

Yeshiva University
Ferkauf Graduate School of Psychology
School-Clinical Child Psychology Program
1300 Morris Park Avenue
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http://yw.edu/ferkauf/school-clinical-child-psychology/

The Combined School-Clinical Child Psychology Program reserves the right to modify the content and procedures listed in the handbook at any time. Students are expected to abide by its guidelines and be knowledgeable of the information within this document. Students are expected to submit a signed statement of understanding to their program director no later than October 1, 2016.

The statement of understanding is located on the last page of the Handbook.

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#### Introduction

The School-Clinical Child Psychology Program is a *Psychology Health Service Provider Program* that offers preparation for the Doctor of Psychology (Psy.D.) degree. "Psychologists are recognized as Health Service Providers if they are duly trained and experienced in the delivery of preventive, assessment, diagnostic and therapeutic intervention services relative to the psychological and physical health of consumers based on: 1) having completed scientific and professional training resulting in a doctoral degree in psychology; 2) having completed an internship and supervised experience in health care settings; and 3) having been licensed as psychologists at the independent practice level" (APA, 1996), (2011).

The program is accredited by the American Psychological Association as a Combined Clinical-School Psychology Program. (Office of Program Consultation and Accreditation American Psychological Association; 750 First Street NE; Washington DC 20002-4242 – Tel #: (202) 336 5979 - http://www.apa.org/ed/accreditation/). The last accreditation visit was in 2010, when the program received its second, consecutive, seven-year accreditation. The next accreditation visit is scheduled for 2017. The program is also approved by the National Association of School Psychologists and is registered with the New York State Department of Education. The program provides basic and applied training that permits students to work across the lifespan in schools, mental health facilities, hospitals, medical centers, rehabilitation centers, early childhood centers and in developmental disabilities facilities. En route:

- 1. After completing a 60-credit course of study specified by the program, a school psychology externship and passing first and second year competency examinations, students earn a Masters of Science degree in School Psychology enroute to the doctorate -. (See Appendix S for list of requirements.)
- 2. Students may apply for State Certification in School Psychology from NYS, NJ or CT contingent upon successfully completing their third or fourth year in the program. Students need a minimum of 600 hours on externships in schools, or school-based clinics or related facilities to meet the requirements for certification. The MS in School Psychology by itself is not sufficient to gain certification. The Program attests to NYS that a student has met these requirements.
- 3. Students are considered doctoral candidates after successfully completing two years in the program and passing the second year competency examinations.
- 4. Students may apply for the Bilingual Extension to the Advanced Certificate in School Psychological Services after their fourth year.
- 5. Students are eligible to apply to take the NYS Psychology Licensing Examination upon graduation and completing a minimum of 1750 hours on internship.

The Program is designed for full time students without prior school psychology experience. However, the Program does consider advanced status (entry at second year level) for some students who have completed a 60-credit School Certificate program and are State-certified. The Program includes four years of didactic courses with integrated practica and externships that are sequenced for complexity. The culminating educational experience is the full-time internship in the fifth year. The internship may be completed in schools, medical centers, mental health and developmental disabilities facilities, infant/early childhood centers or other sites approved by the program.

Students have access to relevant Albert Einstein College of Medicine facilities such as, the Children's Evaluation and Rehabilitation Center at the Rose Kennedy Center for Excellence in Developmental Disabilities, the Early Childhood Center, the Fisher-Landau Center for Learning Disabilities and the Samuel Gottesman Library which are located on the same campus as the Ferkauf Graduate School of Psychology.

In addition to Dr. Abraham Givner, who is the Program Director, there are seven core faculty members with primary responsibilities within the programs. All core faculty members are licensed psychologists. Three faculty members are Nationally Certified School Psychologists. Adjunct faculty are hired to supplement the full-time staff according to particular program needs.

Program's Website address: http://yu.edu/ferkauf/school-clinical-child-psychology/

Program's Listserve: The Program has its own "by-invitation" only Listserve. Currently, more than 500 members including alumni, students and faculty use the listserve.

The Program Director's phone number is 718-430-3945 and his email address is: abraham.givner@einstein.yu.edu.

# The Program's History

The School Psychology program at Yeshiva University began in 1964 under the direction of Dr. Lillian Zach who was primarily responsible for its design and orientation. From the late 1960's to the early 1970's, the program was awarded one of the first NIMH School Psychology training grants in the metropolitan area. At that time students were awarded the Ph.D. in School Psychology and were eligible for New York State Certification as a School Psychologist.

The School Psychology Psy.D. Program was developed in 1979 and received accreditation from the American Psychological Association in 1988. The New York State Board of Regents approved the granting of the degree of Doctor of Psychology (Psy.D.) in both School and Clinical Psychology in October 1980.

The School Psychology Program was considered to have two parallel training tracks, a five-year track for beginning students and a three-year track for certified school psychologists. The two tracks were separated in 1999. Subsequently, the three-year program closed and has not accepted any applicants since 2003.

The Five-year Track evolved into an independent program that was accredited (2003 and 2010) by the American Psychological Association as a Combined School-Clinical Psychology program. (The term, "track" is no longer applicable.) In 1996, the Program received approval from the New York State Department of Education to change its name from School Psychology to School-Clinical Child Psychology.

#### Ferkauf Graduate School's Mission Statement

Yeshiva University was founded on the principle that the best of the heritage of contemporary civilization - the liberal arts and social sciences - is compatible with the ancient traditions of Jewish law and life. At the graduate level of training, this mission is embodied in an emphasis on the moral dimensions of the search for knowledge and the ethical principles that govern professional practitioners. Yeshiva University is committed to the love of learning for its own sake and to teaching and research that stresses a striving for excellence. A third goal of the University is to serve the communities of the city, the nation and the world by preparing well-trained professionals in many fields and providing pioneering resources for community service.

The educational mission of the Ferkauf Graduate School of Psychology is to train highly qualified professional psychologists in the fields of clinical and school psychology for the Doctor of Psychology degree and to train skilled researchers in the fields of clinical health psychology for the Doctor of Philosophy degree. To these ends they receive training in the basic skills common to all psychologists and quality training in the specialty fields to prepare them to apply established knowledge toward prevention and intervention and to advance knowledge in those fields.

The Combined School-Clinical Child Psychology Psy.D. Program is one of three doctorate-granting programs at Ferkauf Graduate School. The others are: Clinical Psychology Psy.D. (APA-accredited) and Clinical Psychology with Health Emphasis Ph.D. (APA-accredited). The school also grants a Master degree in Mental Health Counseling and a 60-credit Masters of Science in School Psychology.

The following sections on Nondiscrimination, Accommodations, Sexual Assault Prevention and Privacy Rights are copied from the Academic Catalog.

#### Commitment to Non-Discrimination

#### **Nondiscrimination & Harassment**

Yeshiva University complies with all federal, state and local regulations governing Non-Discrimination and Harassment including Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972. In keeping with its long-standing traditions and policies, Yeshiva University provides equal opportunity for faculty, staff & students within admissions and employment, and those seeking access to programs on the basis of individual merit. The University does not discriminate in its programs and activities, including employment practices on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national or ethnic origin, age, disability, veteran status, genetic predisposition/carrier status or other protected classes under the law.

University-wide policies and procedures pertaining to discrimination and harassment have been established, both as a legal obligation under applicable law and as a visible and formal expression of institutional policy. As an integral part of the Equal Employment Opportunity and Affirmative Action workplace Programs at the University, periodically a formal statement affirming the University's commitment to Equal Employment Opportunity and Affirmative Action is issued in conjunction with the revised "Harassment Policy & Complaint Procedures" (found on the Human Resources website) which includes a description of the informal and formal procedures for addressing complaints of discrimination & harassment for faculty, staff and students. The recently adopted "Policy on Protecting Athletes", also sets guidelines for appropriate behavior and conduct of athletic staff.

All deans, chairpersons, department heads, directors, administrators, managers and supervisors must act promptly to address and resolve reports of harassing conduct. If a member of the University community or an applicant believes they are being subjected to harassment, the following resources are readily available:

- · Diversity & Affirmative Action Officer (718) 430-3771
- · Chief Human Resources Officer (718) 430-2541
- · Global Compliance Hotline (866) 447-5052
- · Panels on Unlawful Harassment: Unlawful Harassment Panels
- · YU Employee Handbook & other policies: YU Policies & Procedures

The Diversity & Affirmative Action Officer has been designated to handle all inquiries regarding the University's non-discrimination policies and efforts to comply with its responsibilities under Title IX. The University prohibits any form of retaliation against any individual for filing a complaint in good faith or for assisting in a complaint investigation. When warranted, the University will take appropriate, corrective action to remedy all violations of this policy, up to and including termination and/or expulsion.

## **Accommodations for Students with Disabilities**

The Office of the Dean assists students with documented disabilities or medical conditions in obtaining reasonable

accommodations. If you believe that you may need an accommodation, please make an appointment to meet with Dean Michael Gill, Rousso Building room 119, 718-430-3942, as soon as possible to discuss your situation.

Students seeking reasonable accommodations should bear in mind that they are responsible for the following:

- Advising the Office of the Dean of the exact nature of the accommodation(s) desired
- Providing supporting documentation in a timely manner
- Submitting a Request for Reasonable Accommodations form and getting completed form back from the Program Director
- Discussing accommodation implementation with Professor and obtaining signature of Professor
- Returning completed form to the Program Director
- Meeting all academic responsibilities and deadlines, taking into account any agreed-upon accommodations
- Bringing any problems to the immediate attention of the Program Director
- No accommodations will be given retroactively.

Supporting documentation should be recent and come from an appropriate, licensed professional who is not a member of the student's family. The documentation must be dated, signed and on the letterhead of the professional. The documentation must be submitted to the Office of the Dean, along with the attached "Request for Accommodations" form. The adequacy of the documentation will be determined by Yeshiva University's Office of Disability Services, or by consultants whom the Office may engage. At times, additional documentation may be required. All documentation will be kept confidential as required by law.

In order to expedite a request and ensure that appropriate accommodations can be provided, students should be sure that their documentation fulfills the requirements listed on the following pages.

- **I. For students with learning disabilities** (evaluation and documentation should be within the past 3 years):
  - **A.** Identification of the tests administered as part of a psycho-educational evaluation;
  - **B.** The nature of the learning disability;
  - C. Description of the student's functional limitations in graduate school
  - **D.** Recommendations regarding reasonable accommodations to equalize the student's educational opportunities and the rationale for each recommendation.

# **II. For students with Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder** (evaluation and documentation should be from within the past 3 years):

- **A.** Assessment consisting of a history of symptoms, including evidence of ongoing impulsive, hyperactive or inattentive behavior that has significantly impaired functioning over time;
- **B.** Identification of the tests administered as part of a psycho-educational evaluation (including standardized measures for inattention, hyperactivity and impulsivity, if possible);
- C. Description of the student's functional limitations in graduate school
- **D.** Recommendations regarding effective accommodations to equalize the student's educational opportunities and the rationale for each recommendation.

## III. For students with physical, sensory and health-related disabilities:

- A. Specific diagnosis from professional; Including test results if relevant
- **B.** Date of initial diagnosis and date of last in-person contact with the student;
- C. Statement as to the "major life activities," impacted by the student's impairment(s) and level of severity;
- **D.** Description of the student's functional limitations in graduate school
- **E.** Recommendations regarding effective accommodations to equalize the student's educational opportunities and the rationale for each recommendation.

## IV. For Students with psychiatric disorders

- **A.** Specific DSM diagnosis;
- **B.** Instruments and procedures used to make the diagnosis:

- C. Date of the diagnosis and date of last in-person contact with the student;
- **D.** Description of the student's functional limitations in graduate school
- **E.** Recommendations regarding effective accommodations to equalize the student's educational opportunities and the rationale for each recommendation.

Please feel free to meet with Dean Gill to discuss any questions or concerns that you may have regarding the requirements above.

## See Appendix Q for REQUEST FOR REASONABLE ACCOMMODATIONS FORM

All syllabi contain the following statement regarding requests for accommodations.

"Statement on Disability Accommodation Requests"

Students with disabilities who are enrolled in this course and who will be requesting documented disability-related accommodations should register with the Office of Disability Services (http://yu.edu/Student-Life/Resources-and-Services/Disability-Services/), during the first week of class. Once you have been approved for accommodations, please contact the Program Director to ensure the successful implementation of those accommodations. Please discuss your approved accommodations with each faculty member within the first two weeks of school.

Students with disabilities may require additional time for taking tests and completing work in class. Unless efficiency or speed is the essential skill that is being assessed, students may be allowed additional time for all exams, in-class quizzes, in-class writing assignments and labs. Based on the documentation submitted to DS, extended time is typically approved for one and one half the allotted time. **The extended time accommodation does not apply to take home exams.** Extended time ensures that a student's performance is reflective of his/her mastery of material rather than the speed at which a student performs.

If you have any questions or concerns about the implementation of your accommodations, please contact your Program Director as soon as possible.

#### **Sexual Assault Prevention**

During the 1990 Legislative session, the New York State Legislature passed, and the Governor signed into law as Chapter 739 of the Laws of 1990, new requirements for colleges and universities regarding campus security. The law requires each college to provide specific information to incoming students about sexual assault prevention, the legal consequences of sex offenses, the college's policies, available counseling and support services and campus security procedures.

The college provides educational programs to promote the awareness of sex offenses and the availability of victim counseling services. The college urges any victim to report the crime to both the Security and Safety Department (718) 430-2180, 24-hour emergency phone (212) 960-5330, and the Police Department. It should be noted that notification to the Police Department is solely the option of the victim and the college will support that decision. It is imperative that the victim make every attempt to preserve any evidence of the crime for later prosecution. Student victims have the option to change academic schedules and/or on-campus residence hall assignments, if such changes are reasonably available. College disciplinary action will be taken for any such offense by college employees or students. During this action, the accuser and the accused are entitled to the same opportunities to have others present during the proceeding. The accuser and the accused must be informed of the outcome (final determination with respect to the alleged sex offense and any sanction that is imposed against the accused) of any college disciplinary proceeding. If the accused is a student, the sanction may include the suspension or expulsion of the accused.

Compliance with this procedure does not constitute a violation of the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA).

## **Privacy Rights**

#### **FERPA**

Yeshiva University has adopted regulations to protect the privacy rights of its students under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) of 1974. Among its several purposes, FERPA was enacted to:

- · Protect the privacy of students' educational records;
- · Establish the rights of students to inspect and review their educational records;
- · Provide students with an opportunity to allow inaccurate or misleading information in their educational records to be corrected.

Please visit the Office of the Registrar or its website (www.yu.edu/registrar) to obtain the Yeshiva University FERPA Policy Statement.

#### HIPAA

In line with HIPAA regulations concerning protected health information, it is important that you understand that any case information you present from your work will need to be de-identified, unless authorized by the client. This means that any information that would allow another to identify the person must be changed or eliminated. This includes obvious information like names and birth dates but may also contain other protected health information that is so unique to that person that it would allow for identification. This includes diagnosis, race/ethnicity, or gender. If diagnosis, race/ethnicity, or gender is directly related to the case presentation, it can be included if it will not allow for identification.

The following individually identifiable data elements, when combined with health information about that individual, make such information protected health information (PHI):

- · Names
- · All geographic subdivisions smaller than a state
- · All elements of dates (except year) for dates directly related to an individual including birth date, admission date, discharge date, date of death
- · Telephone numbers
- · Fax numbers
- · Electronic mail addresses
- · Social security numbers
- · Medical record numbers
- · Health plan beneficiary numbers
- · Account numbers
- · Certificate/license numbers
- · Vehicle identifiers and serial numbers, including license plate numbers
- · Device identifiers and serial numbers
- · Web Universal Resource Locators (URLs)
- · Internet Protocol (IP) address numbers
- · Biometric identifiers, including finger and voice prints
- · Full face photographic images and any comparable images; and
- · Any other unique identifying number, characteristic, code, or combination that allows identification of an individual.

The program follows a Practitioner-Scholar model of training (the Vail model) which was further articulated at the Mission Bay conference (1986). This pivotal conference on "Standards and Evaluation in the Education and Training of Professional Psychologists" was the first conference systematically designed to articulate a blueprint for professional psychology education and training models (Bourg, Bent, McHolland, & Stricker, 1989). Resolutions of the Mission Bay conference that influenced the model's development included the following: (a) a statement that "education and training in professional psychology should be carried out by programs that have an explicit, primary commitment to practitioner training" (Bourg et al., 1989, p. 67); (b) a statement that "professional applications of psychology should be related to an evolving and developing knowledge base that includes disciplines other than psychology" (Bourg et al., 1989, p. 67); (c) a strong commitment to diversity; (d) an articulation of particular knowledge, skills, and attitudes for the education of professional psychologists; (e) identification and definition of the six professional core competency areas; and (f) a declaration of continuing commitment to evaluation, including clinical competency examinations for all graduates.

Our Program has six major training goals, with related specified competencies. These competencies relate to the delivery of comprehensive clinical and psycho-educational services for children, adolescents, their families and teachers and adults in diverse environments, the development of a life-long learning attitude and professional identity. The competencies are grounded in a conceptual understanding of typical and atypical child development, as well as a thorough knowledge of the other core areas of psychology – biological, cognitive, affective and social bases of behavior, human diversity, history of psychology and methods of scientific inquiry.

The Program's mission is to provide doctoral-level training through an interdisciplinary model that concentrates on both school and clinical psychology (see below for description of the Combined-Integrated orientation). While the training emphasis is primarily focused on to children, adolescents and families, students also work with adults and caretakers/parents. Alumni are prepared to deliver psychological and psycho-educational services to children, adolescents, adults and families in urban and suburban schools, medical centers, mental health settings, early childhood centers and other schooling environments.

The Program requires students to understand and utilize the knowledge generated in such disciplines as life-span developmental psychology, child and adolescent psychology, psychotherapy, education, neuro-developmental disorders, family and systems theory, psychopathology, psychopharmacology, measurement and school psychology. Hence the program includes educational, psychodynamic, cognitive-behavioral and family systems approaches for working in diverse settings across the lifespan. The training program was developed to prepare students to meet future challenges by emphasizing the combined-integrated nature of school and clinical psychology.

Therefore one goal of training is to provide the student with the competencies which will help him/her to identify cognitive and emotional strengths, in order to answer the following question: "Given a unique set of strengths and weaknesses, what are the best practices for working with a given child, adolescent, adult, family or caregiver?" This philosophy is the focus of assessment, intervention and consultation courses and constitutes the primary content for the varied externship and internship experiences.

The program has evolved from a traditional base in school psychology to a program that can more accurately be described as combined school-clinical child psychology. Students gain approximately 3,500 hours of supervised field experiences in schooling environments, hospitals and mental health facilities, in urban and suburban centers, with largely multi-cultural populations, between early childhood and adulthood. These extensive practica, externship and internship experiences are graded for complexity and integrated with the didactic training components.

The objectives are achieved through a prescribed five-year sequence of courses, research, supervised practica, externship and internship experiences that are sequenced for complexity and demand greater skills and expertise with each ensuing year. The process is enhanced by the student's professional socialization with a faculty who act as appropriate role models and mentors through their own professional experiences as educators, researchers, service providers, and consultants. It is continued by the faculty's professional involvement in associations and organizations and via close faculty student relationship and advisement.

## The Combined-Integrated (C-I) Model

APA accredits three specific specialty areas: Clinical, Counseling and School Psychology. In 1975 APA stated that, "combined professional scientific psychology is a new area of accreditation for programs that do not clearly fit the model for separate programs in clinical, counseling, and school psychology. This area of accreditation is defined as a combination of clinical, counseling and/or school psychology" (p.1093).

Prior to 2003 there was a paucity of literature concerning the C-I model of training. In 2003, Givner and Furlong wrote the first substantive article on the relevance of C-I training for school psychology. They wrote,

The Consensus Conference on Combined and Integrated Doctoral Training in Psychology held on May 2-4, 2003 at James Madison University, was an historic step towards defining the C-I model. The training directors of all 10 APA-accredited programs attended the conference along with representatives from two of the other training councils, APA's Education Directorate, the Committee on Accreditation, Association of Psychology Postdoctoral and Internship Centers, (APPIC), The National Register of Health Service Providers in Psychology, past-presidents of Divisions 2, 12, and 29, National Council of Schools of Professional Psychology (NCSPP), American Psychological Association of Graduate Students (APAGS), International Association of Applied Psychology, Association of Directors of School Psychology Training Clinics, and Association of State and Provincial Psychology Boards (ASPBP). p 1

The Consensus Conference succeeded in articulating a common set of characteristics and principles that distinguishes the combined-integrated training model.

# Prominent among these principles are:

combined-integrated programs intentionally combine at least two specialties; combined-integrated programs provide intentional exposure to multiple theoretical orientations; combined-integrated programs provide intentional exposure to multiple practice settings; and combined-integrated programs provide intentional exposure to the parameters of practice, including a variety of populations served, problems addressed, procedures and settings, across the life span. p1

One of the most important outcomes of the Consensus Conference was the elementary, but important observation that there is a fundamental difference between "combined" training that provides training in traditional specialties in the same program (students receive some common experiences and more intimate exposure to other specialties) and "integrated" training (students have substantially overlapping training experiences involving both theory and fieldwork). Programs can have different degrees of integration while still being "combined." The Yeshiva University model is a combined, fully integrated program.

#### Givner and Furlong go on to state,

Advocates of combined-integrated programs see advantages in de-compartmentalizing the training of students when both child-oriented specialties have more that unite them than divide them. To define the purview of a school psychologist or a child clinical psychologist by the building in which they work, or to compartmentalize their areas of expertise into separate disciplines by viewing psychopathology as the domain of the clinical psychologist but not the school psychologist is creating tenuous boundaries that need not exist. It leaves the impression that multiple experts best serve children and that the disciplines do not inform each other about training. It may be controversial to state that an examination of academic training programs would probably demonstrate more convergence of content, knowledge, skills, and experience between school psychology and clinical child psychology than is promulgated" ("Relevance of Combined-Integrated Model of Training to School Psychology: The Yeshiva Program" The School Psychologist, 2004, 145-153).

Shortly afterwards, Beutler and Givner (2004) were significant contributors to a special two-volume edition of the Journal of Clinical Psychology that was devoted to C-I training. (Beutler, L., Givner, A., Mowder, B., Fisher, D. and Reeve, R. "A history of Combined-Integrated doctoral training in psychology" Journal of Clinical Psychology.

Volume 60, Issue 9, Date: September 2004, Pages: 911-927). Givner's 2004 presentation at the annual meeting of the Council of Directors of School Psychology Programs was part of a panel discussion introducing the model to school psychology directors. This was followed by Givner and Blom-Hoffman's presentation (2005) at NASP ("The Relevance of Combined-Integrated Training for School Psychologists") that provided a first look at the empirical data that supported the model. Additional validation for the excellence of the model was provided by Givner, Blass and Shrage, at APA's 2005 conference ("Interns' and Internships Directors' Perceptions of Combined and Integrated Programs"). In 2006 and 2007, Givner presented the empirically based model at the annual meeting of the Trainers of School Psychologists.

# **Program's Philosophy**

As mentioned above, the program adheres to a Practitioner-Scholar training model within a combined-integrative orientation. The disciplines of school psychology and clinical psychology are integrated throughout the course work. At the same time the program provides students with a pedagogical orientation that is eclectic in both theory and practice. The Program's faculty is trained in psychodynamic, cognitive-behavioral and systems approaches for working with children, adolescents (0-18), and young adults. All students are exposed to all orientations. Students are taught to respect the value of each approach and to integrate theory and practice across varied orientations. Each student develops a model that combines and integrates the varied approaches. We recognize that a value of this type of program is the high regard for each orientation in its own right, that permits students to integrate an approach that is truly their own; but one that is also respectful of evidence-based treatments from all orientations.

## **Program's Structure**

The Practitioner-Scholar model provides intensive practicum training in both school psychology and clinical psychology. It focuses on the development and refinement of knowledge and skills so that students will be able to function as a school-clinical psychologist. It is built upon core theoretical foundations in normal and atypical child and adult development, biological bases of behavior, cognitive, affective and social bases of behavior, cultural and individual differences and research. The training integrates theory, research and practice and is sequential and graded for complexity. The integration of science and practice is accomplished through a lock-step, sequentially graded, 116-credit curriculum that includes approximately 3500 hours of supervised field experiences in addition to assessment, treatment and remediation practica in our in-house clinic.

The first year includes coursework in core areas of psychology: ethical and professional practice, multiculturalism, development, cognitive and affective development, statistics and skills development courses in cognitive and social-emotional assessment. (See curriculum sequence - Allocation Chart – in Appendix .)

Didactic courses in the second, third and fourth year focus on theory, evidence-based practice from different orientations in schools and clinical settings and research. Emphasis is placed on ethnic, cultural, gender and individual differences throughout the curriculum. Skills training and didactic course work in the second, third and fourth years are complemented by approximately 1800 hours of externships and additional clinic-based practica. These experiences occur with a predominantly multicultural population.

The second year field experience occurs in a school - approximately 600 hours; the third year (600 hours) field experience (externship) occurs in community-based mental health facilities, hospitals, medical centers, special education facilities, or early childhood centers. The fourth year field experience (600-900 hours) may occur in any of the above-mentioned placements or in a school, if the student's trajectory is to apply for a school psychology internship in the fifth year. All field experiences (externships) are supervised by appropriately credentialed psychologists.

The culminating experience is the pre-doctoral internship (1500-2000 hours), which occurs in the final year of study and may occur in any of the settings mentioned above.

In summary, this model bridges the professional disciplines of School Psychology and Clinical Psychology and adheres to the integration of science and practice. The curriculum initially focuses on foundations of psychology and is followed by intensive training in advanced assessment, evidence-based interventions, family and school

consultation, research, cultural diversity and professional development. The third and fourth year curriculum permits students to advance their knowledge and skills in elective areas of study.

# **Program Goals, Objectives and Competencies**

Our primary goal is to train students for careers in Health Service Psychology. The program's emphasis is on the application of skills and knowledge in the delivery of psychological and psycho-educational services to children, adolescents and families in diverse environments. Students are able to work from different theoretical perspectives in multidisciplinary settings and are able to provide assessment, psychological and psycho-educational intervention, consultation, and prevention services. Further, the program emphasizes a strong commitment to diversity throughout its course work and field experiences. The program prepares students to be consumers of research and be able to integrate science and practice

## The Program has six goals:

- Goal #1: Produce graduates who have the requisite knowledge in the core areas of Health Service Psychology for the doctoral level practice of school-clinical psychology with an emphasis on children and families
- Goal #2: Develop students' professional identity as a doctoral level psychologist with specialized and integrated training in the disciplines of school-clinical psychology. Upon graduation to continue to be an active participant in the profession.
- Goal #3: Develop students' skills and related knowledge base for conducting psychological and psychoeducational assessments across the lifespan with an emphasis on childhood and adolescence.
- Goal #4: Develop advanced skills and knowledge in the treatment of children, adolescents, their families and adults; be prepared to work effectively in schools, mental health facilities and medical centers; to integrate science and practice.
- Goal #5: Enhance students' sensitivity to individual and cultural diversity and ability to work with children, families and adults from diverse backgrounds
- Goal #6: Foster the relation between science and practice. Be knowledgeable of the linkage between research and its application to practice

#### Graduates of the program are competent to:

Provide direct psychological and psychoeducational services to children, adolescents, parents, families, adults and teachers. They are able to:

Conduct, interpret and report on psychological and psychoeducational evaluations; (Assessment information is derived from many sources including, classroom observation, school and clinic records, intake interviews, objective, empirically validates instruments, and child, adult and teacher interviews. The school-clinical psychologist is trained to collect, coordinate and finally communicate relevant information in writing and orally.

Work with varied intervention and assessment models. Be able to apply evidence-based interventions, psychodynamic intervention, use standard and objective assessment,

**Consult and advocate** for children/adolescents and adults within an interdisciplinary environment; (Collaboration with the teacher, parent, other mental health professionals and physicians to provide the best

understanding and interventions for the child.)

**Integrate and interpret empirical data** (The school-clinical psychologist is an effective consumer of research and integrates research findings in practice.)

**Work with multi-cultural populations**; (Knowledge, experience and sensitivity to multi-cultural and multi-ethnic and other diversity issues are critical for the delivery of school and clinical services.)

**Work with a systemic orientation** in both schools and mental health facilities; (By obtaining knowledge of the individual child, of psychoeducational techniques, and of the culture of the social system, the school-clinical psychologist can develop an effective view of the functioning of the system.)

#### **Facilities and Resources**

The Ferkauf Graduate School of Psychology is housed in the Rousso Building (1165 Morris Park Avenue; Bronx, NY 10461) on the campus of the Albert Einstein College of Medicine (AECOM). The college and its affiliated institutions constitute one of the nation's leading centers for medical education and research. The School-Clinical Child Psychology program has developed working relationships with many of the facilities on the AECOM campus, which permit our students to fulfill their externship and research requirements with AECOM faculty. Students have been able to conduct research projects in learning disabilities, childhood depression, adolescent intervention, pediatric AIDS, early childhood disorders, socio-emotional development and conduct disorders with research investigators who are expert in these specialized areas.

The Ferkauf Graduate School of Psychology moved to in the Rousso Building in1999. The school's Main Office, the Admissions Office, the Registrar's Office, the Dean's Office, the Student Lounge and faculty offices are located on the first floor of the Rousso building. In 2015, the school expanded within the building and uses part of the second floor for seminar/classrooms and clinic rooms. Most classrooms, a full computer facility and the Parnes Center for Psychological and Psychoeducational Services are also located in the building. Additional classrooms and faculty research labs are available in the Van Etten Building – two blocks from Rousso.

## The Parnes Center for Psychological and Psychoeducational Services

The Parnes Center is the in-house training facility for all doctoral programs at Ferkauf. It is directed by Dr. William Salton and is also located in the Rousso building. The Center and the Testing Library operate on an 12-month basis, five days a week. In addition to Dr. Salton, the clinic is staffed by a full-time secretary and several paid student assistants. Students from all doctoral programs conduct assessment and treatment within the center.

The Center has 11 therapy/assessment rooms - all of which have one-way mirrors and two-way sound systems for observation and interaction with supervisors. Every room is also equipped for audio-visual functioning. A large play therapy room is devoted to working with young children as is a designated room for family therapy.

The program has developed the clinic into a research facility where students can develop their doctoral research projects. Many archival studies have investigated assessment practices and long and short- term effectiveness of the Center's interventions.

#### The Lillian Zach Testing Library

The Center also serves as the in-house location for the Dr. Lillian Zach Testing Library, which contains all testing materials required for assessment courses in all programs. Dr. Abraham Givner, the Program's Director, is responsible for the management of the Testing Library. Graduate students from the varied programs serve as "librarians" and coordinate the distribution and return of all test materials. We consider the Testing Library to have one of the most extensive holdings of assessment instruments in the metropolitan area. There are currently more than 200 different instruments housed in the Testing Library.

The Testing Library uses a computer-driven distribution program. All students at Ferkauf are required to register with the Testing Library (using their Ferkauf ID cards). Registration for first year students is usually conducted during Orientation and other students may register at anytime during the first few weeks of the semester. Once you have registered with the Library you are permitted to borrow any material that has been assigned by your class instructor. Students may not borrow material for use on externship or internship. The Testing Library will provide you with a copy of the Library's borrowing regulations, daily schedules and calendars.

**The D. Samuel Gottesman Library** (http://library.einstein.yu.edu) is a major asset and one of the premier research medical and health-related facilities of its kind in the country. The Gottesman Library contains over 155,000 volumes and subscribes to 2,300 periodicals including an extensive collection of journals relevant to the professional practice of clinical and school psychology. It is located on the first floor of the Forscheimer Building.

The library staff is supportive and always available to assist you. They provide orientation programs for students at the beginning of the school year. Students have remote access to library holdings from their computers. Students can obtain Library and ID Cards from the Security Office located on the ground floor in the same building as the Gottesman Library.

The Gottesman Library hours are: Monday-Thursday: 8:30 am-midnight

Friday: 7:30 am-4 pm Saturday: 7:30 pm-10:30 pm Sunday: 10:30 am-10:30 pm

## **Computer Resources**

Yeshiva University, recognizing the increasing role of high technology, continually enhances its computer facilities and services. A wide area network (WAN) links computer resources on all YU campuses, yielding access to such resources as the online catalog and mini-MEDLINE systems at Albert Einstein College of Medicine as well as all Internet-based resources worldwide, with library computers offering menu-driven search capabilities. A scientific/educational computer center on the Resnick Campus provides an excellent research-oriented educational environment for students, faculty, and researchers

Yeshiva University supports computer facilities available to all registered students and faculty. Remote access to University library resources, including PsycINFO and online journals is also available remotely. Ferkauf has its own computer room with terminals and printers available to students. These Dell computers are all connected to the Internet, and all have Windows, Microsoft Office, SPSS, and email access. The Resnick Campus of the Albert Einstein College of Medicine (Einstein) has several computer rooms for student and faculty use. The university wide computer network provides email as well as access to all of Yeshiva University libraries and other network based services. Technical support is available at regular office hours to help students requiring assistance. Technical support is also provided to faculty. Special software for teaching and/or other scholarly activities is purchased upon request.

The Student Lounge was renovated in fall 2008 and is located on the first floor of the Rousso Building. It is the prime place where students from all programs tend to congregate. There are couches, vending machines, microwaves, copy machine and other amenities in the lounge. A second floor student lounge is also in use.

## **Students**

The student body remains diverse. Students have come from 27 different states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico and from 14 different foreign countries. The student body is a reflection of the demographics of the tri-state New York metropolitan region. It is largely to this community that the graduates return as practicing school and clinical child psychologists.

Gender: The student census as of June 2016 was 102 students. There were 9 men and 93 women in the program

**Diversity:** There has been a significant increase in the number of students of color who have enrolled in the program. Between 1989 and 1999 only 3.6% of the entering classes were students of color. Thirty-three of the 236 students admitted between 2001-2011 (13.9%) are students of color. In June 2016, 19 of the 102 (8.6%) students in the program identified as non-white.

**Religion:** 67% of the 2015-16 student body self-identified as Jewish. Other students identified as Catholic, Christian, Buddhist, Hindu, Mormon, Episcopalian, Unitarian, Atheist, Agnostic.

**Colleges**: Students from 88 different colleges have been enrolled in the program since 2001. The schools include: Amherst College, Appalachian State University, Bar Ilan University (Israel), Barnard College, Bates College, Boston College, Boston University, Bowdoin College, Brandeis University, Brooklyn College, Bucknell University, California Baptist, Carnegie Mellon, Catholic University (Korea), City University of New York, Colby, College of NJ, Columbia University, Dartmouth College, Eastern Mennonite College, Cooper Union, Cornell, Connecticut College, CUNY Lehman College, CUNY Hunter, CUNY John Jay, CUNY Queens College, Drew University, Drexel University, Duke University, Emory University, Fairleigh Dickinson University, Fordham University, Goucher College, Georgetown University, George Washington University, Gordon College, Hamilton College, Hofstra University, College of the Holy Cross, Ithaca College, Johns Hopkins University, Lafayette College, Lehigh University, McGill University (Canada), McMaster University (Canada), Manhattan College, Marymount Manhattan, Miami University, Middlebury College, Muhlenberg College, Mt Holyoke University, Mt Royal-Athabasca (Canada), National University of Taiwan, NYU, Northern Iowa University, Oberlin College, Ohio Wesleyan University, Pennsylvania State University, Rutgers University, Sarah Lawrence College, Skidmore University, Stern College, St. Joseph's College, SUNY Albany, SUNY Binghamton, SUNY Empire State, SUNY at Geneseo, SUNY Plattsburg, SUNY Purchase, SUNY Stony Brook, Touro University, Trinity College, Tufts University, Tulane University, Union College, Universidad Catolica Andres Bero (Venezuela), University of Arizona, University of Buffalo, University of Delaware, University of Geneva (Switzerland), University of Haifa (Israel), Kishniev University (Russia), University of Maryland, University of California at San Diego, University of Miami, University of Michigan, University of North Carolina, University of Pennsylvania, University of Pittsburgh, University of Queensland (Australia), Renmin College (China), University of Florida, University of Rochester, University of Scranton, University of Sierra Nevada, University of Wisconsin, Vassar College, Villanova University, Virginia Commonwealth, Washington University, Wellesley College, Wesleyan University, Wheelock College, Williams College, Yale University, Vanderbilt University, Virginia Polytechnic, Yeshiva University and York College

## Admission procedures and requirements

The University is committed to a policy of equal opportunity and nondiscrimination in admission and other facets of its educational programs and activities. The University encourages applications from qualified students without regard to sex, religion, age, race, handicap, color, or national origin, within the meaning of applicable law.

In order to fulfill all Admissions requirements, two official transcripts showing degrees conferred must be received by the Admissions office prior to the start of the first week of the Fall Semester. As mandated by the New York State Education Department, you must comply with the Measles, Mumps and Rubella (MMR) regulations. Proof must be shown either by immunization or by showing serological evidence (titers) that you are immune to Measles, Mumps and Rubella. Documented proof must be submitted to the Admissions office prior to the start of the first week of the Fall Semester.

### Policies regarding applicants to program

Students are admitted into the program for the fall semester. Applications and supporting documents must be received by January 30th to be considered for matriculation in September. Completed applications include undergraduate and graduate transcripts, Graduate Record Examination (taken no more than five years prior to the date of application), written reports and letters of recommendation. We recommend that students take the Advanced

Subject Exam.

GRE results are to be sent to the Admissions Office at Ferkauf Graduate School - the proper Institutional Code is 2995. Students who have degrees from institutions where the language of instruction is other than English are required to submit the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL) as well as the General GRE scores.

Applications for admission are initially reviewed by the Program Director. Individual and group interviews are arranged for each applicant who passes this initial screening. The initial interview is conducted by a full-time faculty member. Applicants are also interviewed in a group format by the Program Director followed by a group discussion, that is evaluative, with current students. The students' evaluations are considered in the final consideration for admission. Each applicant's credentials are then reviewed by the faculty and decisions are then finalized.

Upon admission into the program the entering cohort is assigned two faculty advisors. As the cohort moves up each year, another faculty pair becomes their advisors. By the end of the fourth year the students will have had an advisory experience with every faculty member.

#### **Student selection**

The Program attempts to enroll students with minimum scores of 159 on the verbal and 148 on the quantitative sections of the GRE and a minimum of a 3.40 GPA. Between 2003-2014 the Program received more than 1900 applications for admissions. The mean GRE scores for students who entered the program in 2015 were GREV=84 percentile; GREQ=64 percentile; mean Analytic- 4.65; and the mean GPA is 3.64.

# **Undergraduate preparation**

Undergraduates are expected to have at least 12 undergraduate credits in psychology; including courses in statistics, experimental, biological bases of behavior, abnormal psychology or human development. To encourage diversity of thought and orientation, applications from outstanding students with backgrounds that differ from the above are also considered.

# **Orientation and Registration**

An orientation meeting for entering students is held during the month of June. Aside from the social aspect, the main purpose of this meeting is to complete all registration materials for the fall semester. A second orientation for all students admitted into the school is held one week prior to the beginning of classes. Issues that deal with housing, insurance, identification cards, security, student organizations, financial aid, and student life are reviewed during that meeting. A third meeting is held with the entering class one month after school begins.

#### **Registration & Student Status**

The Academic Catalog provides School-wide policies and procedures regarding registration, status, transfer of credits and other significant policies and procedures.

Requirements for a doctoral degree must be completed within ten (10) years of admission. Continuation in the program beyond the time limit is grounds for dismissal.

Registration takes place through MY YU (www.yu.edu/myyu) twice a year: May for the fall semester and December for the spring semester. Students are expected to register each semester during the specific registration period. Students must meet with their assigned academic advisor beforehand to review course requirements and obtain their RAC (registration access code).

Please refer to the Catalog for information on: Maintenance of Matriculation, Cross-registration Independent Study Waiver of Required courses, Withdrawal from courses Grading Policy Eligibility for graduation Commencement Change of Status Dismissal

#### **Evaluation of Performance**

Evaluation of performance in the program is ongoing throughout a student's academic tenure and is based on, but not limited to, the following criteria:

- 1. Coursework
- 2. Faculty Evaluation
- 3. Assessments
- 4. Interpersonal Skills
- 5. Professional and Ethical Behavior

In addition to the factors above, students are required to gain and demonstrate a sense of multicultural sensitivity throughout their academic tenure. Students are expected to become aware of themselves as cultural beings and examine their own biases and prejudices. They should acquire (1) An awareness of their own cultural worldview, (2) An accepting attitude towards cultural differences, (3) Knowledge of different cultural practices and worldviews, and (4) The skills to understand, communicate and effectively interact with people from different cultures in their own clinical work. Most importantly, students must develop multicultural humility, recognizing that developing multicultural sensitivity and competence is a lifelong process that is challenging and anxiety provoking.

The program director reviews the student's progress with the faculty regularly. Strengths and weaknesses are considered to ensure maximal development and to avoid potential problems. Students who are seen as unqualified to continue may be dismissed from the doctoral program. Students receive written evaluations of their performance at the end of each semester. The evaluations are a synthesis of faculty, field supervisors and clinical supervisors evaluations.

## **Satisfactory Academic Performance and Standards**

Satisfactory academic performance and standards are comprised of a student's performance of academic, clinical and research activities. Academic performance and standards include overall course grades as well as critical analytic skills, written communication skills, intellectual engagement, class participation, academic progress (meeting deadlines), appropriate professional and ethical behavior, interpersonal skills, multicultural sensitivity, and teaching and/or other scholarly activities. Clinical performance includes the demonstration of clinical competencies in clinical coursework, on the comprehensive examinations, and in practicum settings as evaluated by faculty and supervisors. Research performance includes the demonstration of research competencies in research coursework, in the active participation in the mentor's research, in the design and execution of doctoral research projects/dissertations, and in research related scholarly activities.

Students are required to maintain a satisfactory level of academic performance in each academic semester as defined by, but not limited to, the following criteria: 1) Minimum semester and cumulative GPA of 3.25; 2) Timely completion of ALL course work and in meeting deadlines and academic progress standards for academic, clinical, interpersonal skills, and professional and ethical requirements; 3) Passing the comprehensive/competency exams (any student who fails an exam is given one (1) more opportunity to retake the exam after receiving remediation. If the student does not pass the re-take he/she will not be permitted to continue in the program); 4) Satisfactory evaluations from clinical settings and satisfactory evaluations from clinical supervisors; 6) Satisfactory evaluations from research supervisors, 7) Maintenance of competent interpersonal skills as evaluated by program faculty; and 8) Maintenance of professional and ethical behavior as evaluated by program faculty.

Failure to meet or progress in any academic, clinical, research, interpersonal skills or professional and ethical

requirements may prevent the student from moving ahead in the program and may be grounds for academic warning, probation or dismissal. Please refer to the "Unsatisfactory Academic Performance", "Academic Warning", "Academic Probation", and "Dismissal" sections for more information.

#### **Unsatisfactory Academic Performance**

Students who exhibit deficiencies in regard to their academic performance, supervisor or faculty evaluations, academic progress, interpersonal skills, and professional and ethical behavior are informed of such deficiencies by faculty after faculty review. Academic performance is comprised of performance of academic, clinical, and research activities. Students with unsatisfactory performance in these areas are placed on "academic warning", "academic probation" or are subject to dismissal. A student does not first have to be placed on academic warning to be placed on academic probation and does not need to be placed on warning or probation before she can be dismissed from the program.

# **Academic Warning**

Academic Warning status is an initial indication of serious academic, clinical, interpersonal, or ethical deficiencies. If a student meets any of the requirements below, a faculty committee or the joint program faculty will meet to determine a remediation plan for the student. The student is required to meet with his/her academic advisor prior to the following semester to develop a schedule for the completion of the remediation plan. If, at the end of the subsequent semester, the student has not met the requirements of remediation, he/she will be placed on academic probation.

Academic warning occurs in (but is not limited to) the following circumstances:

a. When a student receives a semester or cumulative GPA below 3.25, receives one (1) or more grades of *B*- within a semester, receives one (1) *C* grade within a semester, and/or receives two (2) incomplete (*I*) grades within a semester;

Any student who receives a grade of C or below in any course (required or elective) must retake that course.

- b. When a student receives an unsatisfactory evaluation of his/her clinical performance (interviewing, assessment, or treatment) as indicated by a poor practicum/supervisory evaluation (or *B* or below grade) during the course of the semester;
- c. When a student receives an unsatisfactory evaluation of his/her research performance as indicated by a poor supervisory evaluation (or *B* or below grade) during the course of a semester;
- d. When a student fails any comprehensive/competency examination. Should they fail the retake examination, they will be dismissed from the program;
- e. When interpersonal skills are judged to be unsatisfactory as defined by individual program standards;
- f. When professional and ethical behaviors are judged to be unsatisfactory as defined by individual program standards;
- g. When a student falls more than one (1) semester behind in his/her progress in the program as defined by individual program standards

#### **Academic Probation**

"Academic probation" is an indication of very serious or persisting academic, behavioral, or professional deficiencies and occurs in the following instances:

a. When a student receives a semester or a cumulative GPA below 3.0, receives two (2) *C* grades or more within a semester, receives a grade of *F* in a course, or receives more than two (2) incomplete grades (*I*) in a given semester.

PLEASE NOTE: All incompletes (I) will convert to F's after one (1) semester. It is the student's responsibility to insure the work is completed in a timely fashion.

If a student receives an F grade, a committee consisting of program faculty appointed by the program director will be assembled to review the reason for receiving the F grade. A decision will be made as to whether the appropriate action will be to place the student on academic probation or to dismiss the student;

- b. When a student persistently fails to meet academic progress standards as defined by individual program standards. If unsatisfactory progress is made in meeting programmatic deadlines for clinical, research or academic activities and the problem persists, the student will be placed on academic probation;
- c. When a student demonstrates serious or persisting deficiencies in clinical performance, which are defined as follows: When a student who received a B- or lower in a clinical practicum course (from any supervisor) or an unsatisfactory evaluation from an externship supervisor AND shows evidence of continued unsatisfactory performance following remediation efforts, or fails or is terminated from a training site, such deficiencies will constitute a basis for probation.
- d. When interpersonal skills are judged to be unsatisfactory as defined by individual program standards;
- e. When professional and ethical behaviors are judged to be unsatisfactory as defined by individual program standards;
- f. When a student fails to meet the requirements of remediation after being placed on academic warning.

Students who meet any or all of the criteria above will be placed on academic probation immediately and/or for the following semester (depending on the reason for the probation). Students who are placed on academic probation are not permitted to apply for their next externship or internship or attend an externship or internship they already received while they are on probation. If the problems above persist after the following semester, the student will be dismissed from the program.

# **Procedure for Faculty/Students**

If a student is placed on academic warning or academic probation, the student must meet with his/her academic and research advisor prior to the following semester to develop a remediation plan and/or schedule for the completion of remaining degree requirements. Elements of a remediation plan may include, but are not limited to, academic performance benchmarks, deadlines for completing requirements, closer supervision of clinical responsibilities, etc. If the student misses a subsequent deadline he/she risks the consequence of being dismissed from the program. If a student wishes to change a deadline, he/she must submit a request in writing to the appropriate advisor at least one (1) month prior to the deadline. Only one (1) request per year will be granted. Students are allowed one (1) probationary period during their academic tenure.

If probation or a leave is decided, the student shall receive a letter from the program director that outlines the reason for academic probation, specifies a remediation plan, and provides a timeline for remedying the issues.

The student must sign and return the letter acknowledging that it will be the student's responsibility to communicate his or her understanding of the identified problem, respond to communications and engage in the remediation plan or grievance procedure in a timely manner. The student's response to the feedback and his/her willingness to engage in remediation will also be considered in the evaluation process.

## **Interpersonal competencies**

*In addition to the competency exams described above,* the doctoral program admits its students each year with the expectation that they will complete their studies and graduate. The doctoral program has adopted the <u>Comprehensive Evaluation of Student-Trainee Competence in Professional Psychology Programs (1)</u> model policy developed by the Student Competence Task Force of the <u>Council of Chairs of Training Councils</u>, as stated below:

Students in professional psychology programs (at the doctoral, internship, or postdoctoral level) should know—prior to program entry and at the outset of training—that faculty, training staff, supervisors, and administrators have a professional, ethical, and potentially legal obligation to: (a) establish criteria and methods through which aspects of competence other than and, in addition, a student-trainee's knowledge or skills may be assessed (including, but not limited to emotional stability and well being, interpersonal skills, professional development, and personal fitness for practice); and, (b) ensure—insofar as possible—that the students who complete their programs are competent to manage future relationships (e.g., client, collegial, professional, public, scholarly, supervisory, teaching) in an effective and appropriate manner. Because of this commitment, and within the parameters of their administrative authority, professional psychology education and training programs, faculty, training staff, supervisors, and administrators strive not to advance, recommend, or graduate students with demonstrable problems (e.g., cognitive, emotional, psychological, interpersonal, technical, and ethical) that may interfere with professional competence to other programs, the profession, employers, or the public at large.

As such, within a developmental framework and with due regard for the inherent power difference between students and faculty, students should know that their faculty, training staff, and supervisors will evaluate their competence in areas other than and, in addition to, coursework, seminars, scholarship, comprehensive examinations, or related program requirements. These evaluative areas include, but are not limited to, demonstration of sufficient: (a) interpersonal and professional competence (e.g., the ways that student relates to clients, peers, faculty, allied professionals, the public, and individuals from diverse backgrounds or histories); (b) self-awareness, self-reflection, and self-evaluation (e.g., knowledge of the content and potential impact of one's own beliefs and values on clients, peers, faculty, allied professionals, the public, and individuals from diverse backgrounds or histories); (c) openness to processes of supervision (e.g., the ability and willingness to explore issues that either interfere with the appropriate provision of care or impeding professional development or functioning); and (d) resolution of issues or problems interfering with professional development or functioning in a satisfactory manner (e.g., by responding constructively to feedback from supervisors or program faculty; by the successful completion of remediation plans; and by participating in personal therapy in order to resolve issues or problems).

This policy is applicable to settings and contexts where evaluation would appropriately occur (e.g., coursework, practica, supervision), rather than settings and contexts that are unrelated to the formal process of education and training (e.g., non-academic, social contexts). However, irrespective of setting or context, when a student's conduct clearly and demonstrably (a) impacts the performance, development, or functioning of the student, (b) raises questions of an ethical nature, (c) represents a risk to public safety, or (d) damages the representation of psychology to the profession or public, appropriate representative of the program may review such conduct within the context of the program's evaluation processes.

Although the purpose of this policy is to inform students that evaluation will occur in these areas, it should also be emphasized the program's evaluation processes and content should typically include: (a) information regarding evaluation processes and standards (e.g., procedures should be consistent and content verifiable); (b) information regarding the primary purpose of evaluation (e.g., to facilitate student development; to enhance self-awareness, self-reflection, and self-assessment; to emphasize strengths as well as areas for improvement, to assist in the development of remediation plans when necessary); (c) more than one source of information regarding the evaluative area(s) in question (e.g., across supervisors and settings); and (d) opportunities for remediation, provided that faculty, training staff, or supervisors conclude satisfactory remediation is possible for a given student-trainee. Finally, the criteria, methods, and processes through which students will be evaluated are clearly specified in a program's handbook, which should also include information regarding due process policies and procedures (e.g., including, but not limited to, a review of a program's evaluation processes and decisions).

Personal and professional growth is critical for functioning effectively as a psychologist. Interpersonal and professional skills include the following:

- 1. Demonstrate a knowledge and application of APA's <u>Ethical Principles of Psychologists and Code of Conduct</u> and NASP's <u>Principles for Professional Ethics</u>;
- 2. Demonstrate a knowledge and application of statutes regulating professional practice;
- 3. Demonstrate a concern for client welfare; and
- 4. Demonstrate an appropriate client-psychologist relationship

#### **Professional Deportment Issues**

- 1. Appropriate manifestation of professional identity (e.g., attire, behavior);
- 2. Appropriate involvement in professional development activities (e.g., professional associations);
- 3. Appropriate interaction with peers, colleagues, staff, students; and
- 4. Awareness of impact on colleagues (faculty, trainees)

#### Sensitivity to Client and Diversity Issues

Acknowledgment of and effective dealing with children, parents, teachers, school administrators, and other school and clinical staff, (e.g., social workers, guidance counselors, speech therapists. psychiatrists) of diverse ethnic and racial groups, and lifestyles is imperative for students to function as psychologists.

#### Use of Supervision Issues

- 1. Appropriate preparation;
- 2. Accept responsibility for learning;
- 3. Open to feedback and suggestions;
- 4. Apply learning to practice;
- 5. Willing to self-disclose and explore personal issues affecting professional process functioning;
- 6. Appropriately self-reliant; and
- 7. Appropriately self-critical

#### Other Trainee Issues

- 1. Effective management of personal stress;
- 2. Lack of professional interference because of own adjustment problems and/or emotional responses;
- 3. Develop realistic professional goals for self; and
- 4. Appropriate self-initiated professional development (e.g., self-initiated study)

Faculty members are responsible for evaluating the progress of each doctoral trainee. The primary purpose of this assessment is to facilitate students' personal and professional growth. It is important to maintain close working relationships between students and faculty so that doctoral program policies and procedures can be implemented to maximize trainee development and growth.

The doctoral program recognizes that developmental stressors are inherent in the transition to graduate student and during the course of the training program. Students make significant developmental transitions during their graduate training and may need extra support. When clinical work begins, there is additional stress inherent in being a member of a helping profession. Therefore, supervision is frequent and intensive during graduate training. All of these factors may increase a trainee's sense of personal and professional vulnerability. It is the responsibility of the doctoral program to make available procedures and opportunities that can facilitate growth and minimize stress. Such measures include, but are not limited to orientation meetings, identifying clear and realistic expectations, timely evaluations with suggestions for positive change, and contact with support individuals (e.g., supervisors) and groups (e.g., other students or former students).

1 This statement was developed by the Student Competence Task Force of the Council of Chairs of Training Councils (CCTC) (http://www.apa.org/ed/graduate/cctc.html) and approved by the CCTC on March 25, 2004. Impetus for this document arose from the need, identified by a number of CCTC members, that programs in professional psychology needed to clarify for themselves and their student-trainees that the comprehensive academic evaluation of student-trainee competence includes the evaluation of intrapersonal, interpersonal, and professional development and functioning. Because this crucial aspect of academic competency had not heretofore been well addressed by the profession of psychology, CCTC approved the establishment of a "Student Competence Task Force" to examine these issues and develop proposed language. This document was developed during 2003 and 2004 by a 17-member task force comprised of representatives from the various CCTC training councils. Individuals with particular knowledge of scholarship related to the evaluation of competency as well as relevant ethical and legal expertise were represented on this task force. The initial draft of this document was developed by the task force and distributed to all of the training councils represented on CCTC. Feedback was subsequently received from multiple perspectives and constituencies (e.g., student, doctoral, internship), and incorporated into this document, which was edited a final time by the task force and distributed to the CCTC for discussion. This document was approved by consensus at the 3/25/04 meeting of the CCTC with the following clarifications: (a) training councils or programs that adopt this "model policy" in whole or in part, an opportunity should be provided to student-trainees to consent to this policy prior to entering a training program; (c) student trainees should know that information relevant to the evaluation of competence as specified in this document may not be privileged information between the student-trainee and the program and/or

The faculty are strong exemplars for modeling professional conduct, values and attitudes. Faculty members serve as professional role models for clinical expertise, scholarship, research and professional involvement. Students are encouraged to use academic advisors as a resource for academic advisement and guidance. Mentorship takes many forms: (a) at orientation, new students are assigned two faculty advisors; each ensuing year, the student cohort is assigned two other faculty advisors. By the end of the fourth year, students will have had the opportunity to work with each full-time faculty member; (b) a research mentor who will take on a primary mentorship role is assigned to students at then end of their first year; (c) in the third and fourth years students are assigned to outside clinical supervisors — one per student—who will again mentor students; and (d) each student will have experiences with a minimum of four outside field supervisors who will also be available for mentorship. Alumni are also available as mentors and have often assisted student in the transition to the workforce after graduation. We are especially delighted that the professional values related to scholarship and professional development can be witnessed by an impressive number of our students having published and presented with faculty during their time in the program and beyond. Between 2014-16, 87 publications and presentations were authored or co-authored by students.

## **Therapy for Students**

Knowing oneself is critical to becoming a successful psychologist. While not a requirement, all students are encouraged to be in their own psychotherapy as the faculty believe it enhances one's ability to become an effective clinician. The faculty believe that entering one's own personal therapy is an asset, not a deficit. Understanding and being open to the process of psychotherapy and learning to differentiate one's own difficulties from one's patients are important to one's development as a professional psychologist. Under certain circumstances, a student may be required by the faculty to enter therapy when it is felt that there are professional or personal problems/behaviors that interfere with the student's ability to provide services and interact in a professional setting.

## Changes of Status, Leaves and Dismissal

#### **Leave of Absence**

Students who are not taking any coursework or working on research but who expect to return at some future time should file a Request for Leave of Absence Form, available in the Office of the Registrar. The leave of absence must be approved by both the program director and the dean and should be signed and returned to the Office of the Registrar prior to the start of classes for the given semester. Students may apply for a leave of absence for a maximum of two (2) semesters. Students are only eligible for a leave of absence after the completion of one (1) semester of coursework. The dean will evaluate all requests for leave of absence and give the final approval.

PLEASE NOTE that under current Immigration and Naturalization Service regulations, foreign students in F-1 classification are not permitted to be on leave of absence.

## **Involuntary Leave Policy**

#### Introduction

When students are experiencing emotional difficulties or find themselves going through a personal crisis, they are strongly encouraged to seek out the relevant support services on campus. Depending on the campus and the specifics of the situation, counseling, guidance and/or outside referrals can be provided. While the University strives to help all students succeed academically, socially, and emotionally, there are times that safety concerns regarding a student's health and well-being need to be considered. It is for this situation that the following guidelines apply.

#### **Policy**

• Yeshiva University reserves the right to place a student on an involuntary leave of absence when the student:

- a. Poses a direct threat to the health and safety of themselves or others. The University should determine whether a student warrants involuntary leave only from a student's observed conduct, actions, and statements, and not from mere knowledge or belief that the student is an individual with a disability, and
- b. Is not able or willing to temporarily withdraw from the University.
- c. The student demonstrates unsatisfactory academic, interpersonal, or ethical performance in the program. If a student meets the requirements for academic warning or academic probation, the program director can determine that the student must take a leave of absence as part of the student's remediation plan.
- This policy may not be used in lieu of previously codified student discipline procedures.
- The University will maintain the confidentiality of information regarding involuntary leaves in accordance with federal, state, and local law.

#### **Procedures for Removal**

- When it comes to the attention of any member of the University community that a student may pose a threat to the health and safety of themselves and/or others, the individual should immediately take reasonable steps to notify their supervisor, a program director and/or the dean of the school. The program director should take immediate action to assess the nature and magnitude of the threat to the student and to others, which may involve consultation with others including counseling and other relevant support services. In accordance with the U.S. Department of Education's Office of Civil Rights, procedures should be followed to ensure that a student considered for involuntary leave under this policy is not be subject to an adverse action based on unfounded fears, prejudice, or stereotypes.
- A psychological, psychiatric, or medical evaluation by a healthcare provider may be necessary to determine if a leave of absence is necessary or appropriate. The student may be asked to provide relevant psychological or medical records from his/her healthcare provider.
- A student whose involuntary leave is under consideration will be informed in person, if practical, or in writing, and will be provided with an opportunity to be heard in an interview with the appropriate counseling staff and/or administrative official.
- Students will be informed in person, if practical, or in writing, and will be provided with an opportunity to be heard in an interview with appropriate counseling staff and/or administrative official.
- Students will be informed in person, if practical, to be followed by written notification from the School, or the School's decision regarding their student status.
- A student who is placed on involuntary leave may appeal the decision to the dean within ten (10) business days of the decision. The appeal should be in writing and set forth the basis for the appeal. The dean or his designee will review the appeal and his decision will be considered final.
- In cases of a safety emergency, a student may be removed from the University campus, provided the student is given notice and an opportunity to be heard, pending a decision regarding the student. The student is still offered the option for an appeal prior to the rendering of a final decision.
- The University reserves the right to make appropriate arrangements regarding the health and safety of the student.
- A student placed on involuntary leave must remain off campus for the duration of their leave. A student on involuntary leave may not visit the campus or any other facility owned by the University without written approval from a University official.
- The School will notify all relevant parties of the leave of absence.

#### Readmission

A student who neither registers nor secures an official leave of absence for any semester will be considered to have withdrawn from the School. A student who wishes to resume studies will be required to apply for "readmission". Students who withdrew from the School and wish to apply for readmission must follow the regular admissions procedures. Their admission will be subject to the usual admissions criteria in effect at the time of application for readmission

#### Official Withdrawal

If the need for a leave extends beyond two (2) semesters—taken together or separately—the student must withdraw from the School and apply for readmission. Students who wish to withdraw must submit an Application for Official Withdrawal Form, available in the Office of the Registrar. The form should be signed by both the program director and the dean and returned to the Office of the Registrar. Students who are registered for courses at the time of their withdrawal will be subject to the tuition refund rates in effect on the date of their withdrawal. Students are responsible for contacting the Office of Student Finance regarding deadlines for tuition reimbursement.

#### **Dismissal**

Students accepted into Ferkauf Graduate School of Psychology are expected to be able to complete the program requirements successfully. When a student's academic performance, supervisor or faculty evaluations, academic progress, interpersonal skills, or professional and ethical behavior is unsatisfactory, faculty provide timely feedback and offer students an opportunity to remedy deficiencies. The program director or the dean of the Graduate School may counsel voluntary withdrawal or recommend termination from the Graduate School under conditions including, but not limited to, the following:

- a. Violations of American Psychological Association (APA) ethical principles, legal statutes, or University or Graduate School codes and policies as described in this academic catalog;
- b. Persisting or marked unsatisfactory academic performance, as evidenced by:
  - Failure to satisfactorily meet remediation requirements when on academic probation;
  - Students on academic probation who, in the subsequent semester, receive a C grade, an *Incomplete* grade or a F grade;
  - Obtaining GPA below 3.0 for any two (2) semesters;
  - Failure to pass the retake of the competency or comprehensive examinations;
  - Failure to complete academic or research requirements within a timeframe specified by the student's academic or research advisor or program director;
- c. Ethical violations including, but not limited to, cheating, exercising dishonesty or plagiarizing;
- d. Consumption, influence or possession of alcohol or illicit drugs in class or on the Yeshiva University premises;
- e. Failure to meet generally accepted standards of personal integrity, professional conduct or emotional stability, or inappropriate or disruptive behavior toward colleagues, faculty or staff, or any other individual;
- f. Failure to make satisfactory progress toward a degree within the time frames detailed in the "Time Limitations" provision;
- g. A pattern of unsatisfactory clinical performance, despite remediation efforts, including but not limited to the following: i) more than one (1) unsatisfactory evaluation of a psychotherapy or assessment lab or clinical training experience; ii) failure to complete the required number of year-long approved externship experiences, or an approved internship training experience, within timeframes specified by the program.
- h. A pattern of unsatisfactory research performance, despite remediation efforts, including but not limited to the following: i) more than one (1) unsatisfactory evaluation of a research course or experience or ii) failure to meet research deadlines within the timeframes specified by the program.
- i. A pattern of unsatisfactory interpersonal skills and professional behavior, evidenced despite remediation efforts,

including but not limited to the following: i) inappropriate interpersonal or professional behavior. This refers to conduct in classes and on campus, in private meetings with faculty, and to behavior in our Clinic and at externship or internship sites. In all venues with which the students may have contact with patients and supervisors, students are expected to conduct themselves in a manner which adheres to ethical and professional standards; ii) psychological problems that impair professional functioning, academic performance, or progress throughout the program; iii) failure to evidence compliance with faculty recommendations for remediation of impaired interpersonal skills or professional behavior.

#### **Code of Ethics**

Maintenance of good standing while a student is at the School is partially dependent on developing and maintaining standards of ethical and professional conduct. Students should be aware of the Ethical Principles of Psychologists and Code of Conduct (2002) and amendments (2010). All entering students are given a copy of the Ethical Principles and the University's Non-Discrimination Statement upon admission and are asked to sign a statement that they read the material. See Appendix I for a copy. We also recommend that you read,

Fisher, C. B., Hoagwood, K.,Boyce, C., Duster, T., Frank, D.A., Grusso T., Levine, R.J., Macklin, R., Spencer, M.B., Takanashi, R., Trimble, J.E., Zayas, L.H. (2002) Research Ethics for Mental Health Science Involving Ethnic Minority Children and Youth. *American Psychologist*. 57,12, 1024-1039

# **Academic Integrity**

Academic integrity is the guiding principle for all that students do during their academic tenure; from taking exams, making oral presentations, to writing term papers. It requires that students recognize and acknowledge information derived from others and take credit only for ideas and work that are their own. It is a violation of the principle of academic integrity to:

- · Cheat on an examination:
- · Submit the same work for two different courses without permission from the professors;
- · Receive help on a take-home examination that calls for independent work;
- · Plagiarize
- · Falsify or fabricate data

Plagiarism is the appropriation of another person's ideas, processes, results, or words without giving appropriate credit. A student who presents someone else's work as his or her own work is stealing from the authors or persons who did the original thinking and writing. Plagiarism occurs when a student directly copies another's work without citation; when a student paraphrases major aspects of another's work without citation; and when a student combines the work of different authors into a new statement without reference to those authors. It is also plagiarism to use the ideas and/or work of another student and present them as his/her own. It is not plagiarism to formulate your own presentation of an idea or concept as a reaction to someone else's work; however, the work to which you are reacting should be discussed and appropriately cited.

Fabrication is making up data or results and recording or reporting them. Falsification is manipulating research materials, equipment, or processes, or changing or omitting data or results such that the research is not accurately represented in the research record.

A student's affirmation of any examination, course assignment, or degree requirement is assumed by the School to guarantee that the thoughts and expressions therein not expressly credited to another are literally the student's own. Evidence to the contrary may result in failure in the course, dismissal, or such other penalties as deemed proper.

## **Ethical Violations**

Violations of APA ethical principles, legal statutes, or University or Ferkauf Graduate School codes and policies in regard to strict standards of conduct may take many forms including, but

not limited to, the following:

- · Plagiarism;
- · Cheating;
- · Legal infractions including, but not limited to, theft and possession of illegal drugs or weapons:
- · Deliberate actions causing harm to others, including but not limited to unlawful harassment, failure to respect others' rights and dignity, and failure to fulfill professional responsibilities;
- · Misuse of University property;
- · False representation, including false or misleading statements on admission, registration, scholarship application, or other School forms, or records dealing with outside employment, attendance at other institutions, financial status, departmental or degree requirements, or any other items of student information;
- · Utilization of work submitted to fulfill one's course requirements in a second course, unless expressly permitted by the second course's instructor;
- · Coercion, any form of abuse of others, misuse of influence, or engagement in exploitative relationships;
- · Other proscribed professional activities, including but not limited to: practicing outside the boundaries of one's competence; offering of any psychological services by an individual not licensed as a psychologist unless these services are delivered in the context of a supervised clinical training setting; engaging in sexual intimacies with current or former clients or their significant others, engaging in dual role relationships, etc.

#### **Procedure for Ethical Violations**

If a student is involved in behaviors that are thought to be unethical, the following procedure is to be followed:

- a. Once a complaint has been presented in writing or otherwise, the director of the program meets with the complainant and the student to discuss the issues.
- b. When the initial discussion is completed, the director may inform the program's faculty and then form a subcommittee of the program faculty usually two (2) members to meet with the student and access all relevant information about the charges and clarify all issues. The student will have the opportunity to present his/her own views on all points. The subcommittee will report to the program's faculty and a recommendation will be forthcoming.
- c. The program director will meet with the student to discuss the recommendation. This procedure is not a litigious one.
- d. The recommendation may be forwarded to the dean who has the option to review the issues or to form a faculty committee to advise him about the problem.

#### **Social Media Use**

Students are required to adhere to the Social Media Policy established by the University. *YU Student Technology Resources Use Handbook:* 

https://www.yu.edu/uploadedFiles/Offices\_and\_Services/ITS/InfoSec/Policies/ITS\_Handbook\_for\_Students2a.pdf *YU General Guidelines for Use of Social Media:* http://www.einstein.yu.edu/docs/administration/communications-public-affairs/social-media-general-guidelines.pdf

Any student who posts content (on a personal or University website) that is deemed inappropriate and/or a violation of Ferkauf's code of ethics will be subject to disciplinary action.

## **Further Review of Cheating and Plagiarism:**

Adapted from the University of Missouri, Office of Student Rights and Responsibilities. Standard of Conduct Guidelines, (<a href="www.umsl.edu/studentlife/dsa/student\_planner/.../conductcode.html">www.umsl.edu/studentlife/dsa/student\_planner/.../conductcode.html</a>) and the University of Memphis, Code of Student Rights and Responsibilities (<a href="www.memphis.edu/stuhand2">www.memphis.edu/stuhand2</a>)

Faculty members have a special obligation to expect high standards of academic honesty in all student work. Students have a special obligation to adhere to such standards. In all cases of academic dishonesty, the instructor shall make an academic judgment about the student's grade on that work and in that course. The instructor shall report the alleged academic dishonesty to the Program Director.

## The term "cheating" includes but is not limited to:

- 1. use of any unauthorized assistance in taking quizzes, tests, or examinations;
- 2. dependence upon the aid of sources beyond those authorized by the instructor in writing papers, preparing reports, solving problems, or carrying out other assignments;
- 3. acquisition or possession without permission of tests or other academic material belonging to a member of the University faculty or staff;
- 4. knowingly providing any unauthorized assistance to other student on quizzes, tests, or examinations;
- 5. the misrepresentation of papers, reports, assignments or other materials as the product of a student's sole independent effort, for the purpose of affecting the student's grade, credit, or status in the University;
- 6. failing to abide by the instructions of the proctor concerning test-taking procedures; examples include, but are not limited to, talking, laughing, failure to take a seat assignment, failing to adhere to starting and stopping times, or other disruptive activity;
- 7. influencing, or attempting to influence, any University official, faculty member, graduate student or employee possessing academic grading and/or evaluation authority or responsibility for maintenance of academic records, through the use of bribery, threats, or any other means or coercion in order to affect a student's grade or evaluation; 8. any forgery, alteration, unauthorized possession, or misuse of University documents pertaining to academic records.
- 9. alteration or misuse of University documents pertaining to academic records by means of computer resources or other equipment is also included within this definition of "cheating."

## The term "plagiarism" includes, but is not limited to:

- 1. use by paraphrase or direct quotation of the published or unpublished work of another person without fully and properly crediting the author with footnotes, citations or bibliographical reference;
- 2. unacknowledged use of materials prepared by another person or agency engaged in the selling of term papers or other academic materials;
- 3. unacknowledged use of original work/material that has been produced through collaboration with others without release in writing from collaborators.

#### adapted from:

## http://www.unc.edu/depts/wcweb/handouts/plagiarism.html

In order to understand plagiarism, it helps to understand the process of sharing and creating ideas in the university..... When you put your ideas on paper, your instructors want to distinguish between the building block ideas borrowed from other people and your own newly reasoned perspectives or conclusions. You make these distinctions in a written paper by citing the sources for your building block ideas. Giving clear credit for ideas matters in the professional community as well as in school.

Think of it this way: in the vast majority of assignments you'll get, your instructors will ask you to *read* something (think of this material as the building blocks) and then write a paper in which you *analyze* one or more aspects of what you have read (think of this as the new structure you build). Essentially, your instructors are asking you to do three things:

Show that you have a clear understanding of the material you've read.

Refer to your sources to support the ideas you have developed.

Distinguish *your* analysis of what you've read from the author's analyses.

When you cite a source, you are using an expert's ideas as proof or evidence of a new idea that you are trying to communicate to the reader.

What about "common knowledge"?

In every professional field, experts consider some ideas "common knowledge," but remember that you're not a professional (yet). In fact, you're just learning about those concepts in the courses you're taking, so the material you

are reading may not yet be "common knowledge" to you. In order to decide if the material you want to use in your paper constitutes "common knowledge," you may find it helpful to ask yourself the following questions:

Did I know this information before I took this course?

Did this information/idea come from my own brain?

If you answer "no" to either or both of these questions, then the information is not "common knowledge" to you. In these cases, you need to cite your source(s) and indicate where you first learned this bit of what may be "common knowledge" in the field.

#### What about paraphrasing?

Paraphrasing means taking another person's ideas and putting those ideas in your own words. Paraphrasing does NOT mean changing a word or two in someone else's sentence, changing the sentence structure while maintaining the original words, or changing a few words to synonyms. If you are tempted to rearrange a sentence in any of these ways, you are writing too close to the original. That's plagiarizing, not paraphrasing.

Paraphrasing is a fine way to use another person's ideas to support your argument as long as you attribute the material to the author and cite the source in the text at the end of the sentence. In order to make sure you are paraphrasing in the first place, take notes from your reading *with the book closed*. Doing so will make it easier to put the ideas in your own words. When you are unsure if you are writing too close to the original, check with your instructor BEFORE you turn in the paper for a grade.

# How can I avoid plagiarizing?

Now that you understand what plagiarism is, you're ready to employ the following three simple steps to avoid plagiarizing in your written work.

http://honor.unc.edu/students/plagiarism.html

#### **Basic Guidelines to Follow**

**Quotations:** When directly quoting an outside source, the borrowed text, regardless of the amount, must be surrounded by quotation marks or block quoted-single-spaced and indented beyond the normal margins. Every quote must include a source-the author, title, and page number, whether an internal reference, footnote, or endnote is used in conjunction with a bibliography page.

**Paraphrasing or Citing an Idea:** When summarizing an outside source or citing another person's idea, quotation marks are not necessary, but the source must be included, whether an internal reference, footnote, or endnote is used in conjunction with a bibliography page.

*Working on Group Projects:* In many classes, group projects are required-especially science labs, computer programming, and business courses. On many group assignments, you should consult the professor or TA to determine the amount of collaboration allowed. When preparing written reports, the names of all persons working on the project should be included.

## Some Examples

*Original Text:* Our best teachers do not convey information by filling heads or stretching minds with some sort of illusionary basic subjects; they impart instead a way of looking, a way of perceiving, a sway of investigating the wonder of life in such a way that students learn how and what to see.

*Internal Reference:* "Our best teachers...impart instead a way of looking, a way of perceiving, a way of investigating the wonder of life in such a way that students learn how and what to see" (Unks 42).

*Footnote/Endnote:* "Our best teachers...impart instead a way of looking, a way of perceiving, a way of investigating the wonder of life in such a way that students learn how and what to see."

**Paraphrase:** Dr. Unks explains in his article, "But Back to What Basics," that the best teachers show students a way to perceive the wonder of life (Unks 42).

## **Student Grievances and Discipline**

# **Student Complaint/Grievance Procedure**

Yeshiva University's Ferkauf Graduate School of Psychology is committed to a policy of resolving all student grievances through a set of appeal procedures designed to resolve the student's issue or concern fairly. Students may appeal evaluation decisions by instructors or supervisors when they believe they were subject to harassment, discrimination unsubstantiated claims of unsatisfactory performance that deviate significantly from standard evaluation procedures used by that faculty member. Harassment or discrimination represent an infringement on individual rights on the basis of sex, religion, age, race, socio-economic status, disability, marital status, color, national or geographical origin, or sexual orientation. If a student has a grievance against a faculty member, a student, or as a result of any program procedure, he/she is assured of all due process, respect, and confidentiality.

#### **Procedure**

The following procedure should be initiated within the semester in which the problem or incident occurs and no later than thirty calendar days beyond the final day of classes in any given semester.

# Step 1: Informal Level

Students should first discuss their issue(s) or concern(s) with the primary instructor, supervisor, or faculty advisor who provided the evaluation or formal action recommendation. The purpose of this meeting is to clarify the reasons for the evaluation decision or formal action and to provide the student with an opportunity to respond to the decision or action. The meeting also provides an opportunity for the student and faculty member to reach a common understanding of the identified problem(s) and clarify recommendations and the expected timeframe within which problems will be remedied. A follow-up meeting is often scheduled to evaluate the student's compliance with these recommendations. Every effort should be made to resolve disagreements at this level and safeguard confidentiality by involving only essential parties.

## Step 2: Meet with Program Director

When the student thinks that his/her issue or concern is still unresolved by his/her primary instructor, supervisor, or advisor and can demonstrate that there is a basis for suspecting unsubstantiated claims of unsatisfactory performance, harassment, or discrimination, they may arrange a meeting to discuss the issue or concern with the program director. Students are expected to submit written documentation of evidence for their complaint within thirty (30) days of the evaluation or incident, or by the final day of classes of the semester in which the problem occurred. The program director will review all documentation and testimony and will notify the student and relevant faculty of their decision to grant or deny the appeal.

#### Step 3: Departmental Committee

If the program director cannot resolve the student's issue, or the student files (within thirty (30) days) a written appeal of a decision made by the program director, then the program director asks the dean to appoint a committee of faculty to address the student's concern. The faculty on the committee cannot be faculty members from the student's program. The student will have the opportunity to orally present the nature of his/her appeal to the committee. The committee will review all documentation and testimony and will notify the dean and the student of their decision to grant or deny the appeal.

#### Step 4: Review by Dean

Should the department committee not be able to resolve the student's issue, or the student wishes to appeal a decision by the departmental committee, the student must submit in a written request (within thirty (30) days of the decision) that the dean review the action, clearly stating the reasons for such a review. The dean may grant or deny the request. If the dean grants the request, he will evaluate all the available materials as to the facts and circumstances, including any recommendation from the departmental committee, and may request a personal interview with the student. The dean's decision shall be final as to whether to review the determination, and, if so, whether to adhere to the committee's recommendation.

## **Student Discipline**

A student's admission, continuance on the rolls of the School; the receipt of academic credits, honors, and awards; graduation; and the conferring of any degree, diploma, or certificate upon the student are entirely subject to the disciplinary powers of the School and to the student maintaining high standards of ethical and academic conduct. The School is free to dismiss the student at any time for infringement on these standards.

## **Graduation Requirements and Statistics**

The graduation requirements for students in the School-Clinical Child Psychology Program are:

- Completion of a prescribed116-credit course of study;
- Maintenance of a 3.25 GPA;
- Completion of two research projects and an oral examination (a review of the literature and an empirical study);
- Completion of approximately 3500 hours of supervised field experiences including three part time placements in the second, third and fourth years in schools and mental health facilities, and a full time internship in the fifth year;
- Passing the three-part assessment competency examination after the first and second years in the program, the therapy practicum evaluation, and the oral and written research competency examination after completion of RPII;
- Demonstration of professional and personal competence
- Adherence to the ethical code of conduct

**Time to Completion of Program** 

Graduation Year:	# of Graduates	Mean # of yrs. to Graduate	# of	% of students to complete program in 5 years
2016	21	5.17	5	90.5% (n=19)
2015	22	5.38	5	85.8% (n= 18)
2014	25	5.32	5	76.0% (n= 19)
2013	18	5.22	5	83.3% (n= 15)
2012	24	5.62	5	66.7% (n= 16)
2011	19	5.42	5	73.7% (n= 14)
2010	18	5.05	5	94.4% (n= 17)
2009	21	5.26	5	76% (n= 16)
2008	10	5.0	5	100% (n=10)
2007	18	5.44	5	61.1% (n= 11)
2006	18	6.43	5	66.7% (n= 12)

## **Cultural and Individual Diversity**

Students work and study in a largely urban center with a multi-cultural population. Many of the children and adults who are referred to our clinic are from low socioeconomic and/or minority populations. The demands of working in such an environment are complex and require that students possess the knowledge and sensitivity required of this challenge. The program's response to such demands is demonstrated through course work, faculty advisement, the distributed practicum and externship preparation, and the careful monitoring of clinical casework under supervision. Another example is the development of the Bilingual Extension to the School Psychology Certificate that is open to all students in the program.

From its inception in the 1960's the School Psychology program participated in programs such as "Project Beacon" in Bedford-Stuyvesant and Head Start programs in Brooklyn and Manhattan. The development of new courses and the expanded curriculum reflect the program's continued attention to these matters. Efforts are made to attract minority members to the program by representation at minority organizational meetings, disseminating information to undergraduate programs and through advertisement. The program has made significant efforts to create an environment that is supportive of multicultural and diversity issues and that offer opportunities for scholarship.

The Program received a one-million dollar grant in 2001, to develop a demonstration program for the delivery of school-clinical child psychology services to day schools in the metropolitan area. This program initially focused on Hebrew Day Schools that are able to attract low socio-economic, recently emigrated families from regions of the old Soviet Union, and, interestingly, children with multi-racial and ethnic backgrounds. The program expanded to non-Jewish, parochial schools in 2005-06. We expect that the grant will continue into 2013. During this time the grant has provided financial support 29 students. In addition, six of these students have been hired by the schools in which they worked as part of the project.

In 2015 the Program received a \$750,000 gift to develop "affiliated" internship programs at mental health/education settings that focus on treating and evaluating children/adolescents with neurodevelopmental, social-emotional and medical conditions in urban and rural areas. The Program has begun the process of assisting two sites to develop internships. The expected date for inaugurating these internships is 2017-18.

The Program, the Office of Admissions and the Dean's Office correspond and visit with undergraduate programs and minority group organizations at local metropolitan colleges. The Dean's Office also corresponds with all undergraduate programs listed in the APA's Office of Ethnic Minority Affairs' publication Minority Undergraduate Student of Excellence.

The program received New York State approval in 1996 to offer the "Bilingual School Psychology Extension" to our Advanced Certificate in School Psychological Services. Future employment in the New York City and other urban public schools may be contingent upon having a "Bilingual School Psychology Certificate" in addition to the regular certificate that is also acquired while in the program. Students are encouraged to pursue this course of study if they have a fluency in another language and if their career aspirations are to work in schools.

The requirements for a Bilingual School Psychology Extension include the following:

completion of all requirements for the regular School Psychology Certificate;

15 credits that focus on social, multicultural and bilingual issues in school psychology. (The first three courses listed below are embedded within the doctoral program and are required of all students.)

The courses designated to meet this requirement are:

School Consultation and Supervision I – 3 credits

Integrating Gender and Race/Ethnicity in Multiculturalism - 3 credits;

Contemporary issues in School Psychology – 3 credits

Assessment of Linguistically and Culturally Diverse Populations (offered once every 2 years) 3 credits;

Practice of School Psychology with Bilingual and Multicultural Populations: Seminar with Externship I or II - 3 credits;

Demonstrated competency in a foreign language as measured by a standardized examination administered by ETS.

# **Course of study – Allocation Chart**

The Program requires full time attendance. It is a 116-credit course of study with options for additional courses. The sequence of courses, "Allocation Chart," can be found below. The Program requires four years of course work, complementary practicum experiences graded for complexity, distributed internships (also called externships) and a full-time internship in the fifth year.

Allocation Chart: Sept 2016

Year I- Fall:16 credits	Year I- Spring: 19 credits
PSS 6280 - Statistics	PSS 6153: Appraisal of Personality
PSS 6131 – Cognitive Assessment I (with	PSS 6132 - Psychoeducational Assessment
Practicum) and Lab	and Lab
PSS 6199 - Integrating Race and Gender in	PSS 6472 – Cognitive and Affective bases
Multiculturalism	of Behavior
PSD 6515 - Life Span Development	PSS 6250: Developmental
	Psychopathology
PSS 6801 - Professional and Ethical issues	PSS 6200: Neurodevelopmental Disorders
in School-Clinical Psychology	
	PSS 6939: Biological bases of Behavior
Year II- Fall: 14 credits	Year II- Spring: 17 credits
PSS 6191 - Child Assessment with	PSS 6192 - Child Assessment with
Practicum and Lab	Practicum II and Lab
History and Systems or Social	PSS 6222 – Consultation-based
Psychology	Intervention
PSS 6221 - School Consultation and	PSS 6610: Introduction to Child Therapy
Supervision I	
PSS 6449: Evidence-based Interventions	PSS 6450: Evidence-based Interventions
with Youth I	with Youth II
with Youth I	with Youth II PSS 6915: Research Methods

Year III- Fall: 14 credits	Year III- Spring: 11 credits
PSS 6611 or 6625- Practicum Child	PSS 6612 or 6626- Practicum Child
Therapy 1 (CBT or Psychodyn)	Therapy 2
	(CBT or Psychodyn)
PSS 6813 - Adult Psychopathology and	Research Lab
Assessment	
PSS 6915 – Research Project I	PSS 6116 - Psychodynamic Theory and
	Practice with Children and Families II
PSS 6115: Psychodynamic Theory and	
Practice with Children and Families I	
Research Lab	Elective
PSS 8945 - Externship Seminar 3	PSS 8946 – Externship Seminar 4
Year IV- Fall: 9-12 credits	Year IV- Spring: 10-12 credits
Year IV- Fall: 9-12 credits PSS 6611 - Practicum Child Therapy 1	Year IV- Spring: 10-12 credits PSS 6612 - Practicum Child Therapy 2
PSS 6611 - Practicum Child Therapy 1	PSS 6612 - Practicum Child Therapy 2
PSS 6611 - Practicum Child Therapy 1 (CBT or Psychodyn)	PSS 6612 - Practicum Child Therapy 2 (CBT or Psychodyn)
PSS 6611 - Practicum Child Therapy 1 (CBT or Psychodyn) Elective	PSS 6612 - Practicum Child Therapy 2 (CBT or Psychodyn) PSS 6071 - Psychopharmacology
PSS 6611 - Practicum Child Therapy 1 (CBT or Psychodyn) Elective	PSS 6612 - Practicum Child Therapy 2 (CBT or Psychodyn) PSS 6071 - Psychopharmacology PSS 6197: Contemporary Issues in
PSS 6611 - Practicum Child Therapy 1 (CBT or Psychodyn)  Elective  PSS 6916 – Research Project II	PSS 6612 - Practicum Child Therapy 2 (CBT or Psychodyn) PSS 6071 - Psychopharmacology PSS 6197: Contemporary Issues in
PSS 6611 - Practicum Child Therapy 1 (CBT or Psychodyn)  Elective  PSS 6916 – Research Project II	PSS 6612 - Practicum Child Therapy 2 (CBT or Psychodyn) PSS 6071 - Psychopharmacology PSS 6197: Contemporary Issues in
PSS 6611 - Practicum Child Therapy 1 (CBT or Psychodyn)  Elective  PSS 6916 – Research Project II  Social Psychology or History and Systems	PSS 6612 - Practicum Child Therapy 2 (CBT or Psychodyn) PSS 6071 - Psychopharmacology PSS 6197: Contemporary Issues in School Psychology
PSS 6611 - Practicum Child Therapy 1 (CBT or Psychodyn)  Elective  PSS 6916 – Research Project II  Social Psychology or History and Systems	PSS 6612 - Practicum Child Therapy 2 (CBT or Psychodyn) PSS 6071 - Psychopharmacology PSS 6197: Contemporary Issues in School Psychology

**CBT Concentration:** All students are required to complete Evidence-based Interventions with Youth I-II, and Practicum in Child Therapy I-II: CBT In addition students may take Cognitive Therapy and Behavior Therapy.

**Psychodynamic Concentration:** All students are required to complete: Introduction to Child, Therapy, Developmental and Psychodynamic Foundations of Psychotherapy I-II and Practicum in Child Therapy I-II: Psychodynamic

**Pediatric Neuropsychology Concentration:** Students may elect to complete a 12-credit concentration in **Pediatric Neuropsychology**. It consists of Practicum in Child Assessment I-II, Neuropsychological Assessment, Advanced Seminar in Pediatric Neuropsychology and an externship experience in child neuropsychology.

**Curriculum by Domain**: (italics=electives)

Curriculum by Domain: (Italics—electi	ves)	
Foundation Courses	Assessment sequence	Research Sequence
(36 credits)	(19 +credits)	(14 credits)
History and Systems	Cognitive Assessment I-II	Statistics
Social Psychology	Appraisal of Personality	Research Methods
Developmental Psychopathology Adult Psychopathology and Assessment Ethical and Professional Issues in School-Clinical Psychology Gender and Race/ethnicity in Multiculturalism Biological Bases of Behavior Psychopharmacology Life Span Development Cognitive and affective Bases of Behavior Neurodevelopmental Disorders	Child Assessment with Practicum I-II Neuropsychological Assessment of Children Assessment of Linguistically and Culturally Diverse Populations	Research Project I-II  Must choose 2 semesters of one research lab: Res Lab: Early Childhood Res Lab: Anxiety Disorders Res Lab: Religion/ Spirituality and Coping Res Lab: Study & Support of Populations Placed At-risk Res Lab: Applied Research Res Lab: Graduate Training and School-clinical child psychology Res Lab: Assessment and consultation in school psychology Res Lab: Community- Partnered Research to Improve Services and Practice
<b>Conceptual Foundations for Practice</b>	Application to Practice	Bilingual Specialization
(24 credits):	(17 credits)	(15 credits)
Introduction to Child Therapy	Practicum in Child	Gender and Race/ethnicity in
Psychodynamic Theory and Practice	Therapy I-II: CBT	Multiculturalism
with Children and Families II-II	Practicum in Child	Contemporary Issues in
Evidence-based Interventions with	Therapy I-II:	School Psych
Youth I-II	Psychodynamic	Consultation and Supervision
Consultation and Supervision	Contemporary Issues in	Assessment of Linguistically
Consultation-based	School Psychology	and Culturally Diverse
Interventions	School-Clinical	Populations
	Psychology Externship	Bilingual and Multicultural
	Seminars I-VI (6 Credits)	School Psychology
	Doctoral Internship	Internship I-II
	Seminar I-II (2	
	Credits)	

Other requirements:

Research Projects I-II are required for graduation. Students begin to work on their research in the second semester of the first year. Both projects are completed under the supervision of full time faculty. It usually takes two to three years to complete the research requirements. Research Project I is a focused review of the literature that leads to Research Project II which is an empirical study, case study, qualitative research or a meta-analysis. All completed RPIIs are on file, on external memory sources in the Psychology Office and may be borrowed by students.

## **Competency Examinations**

History: Until the late 1990's, the School-Clinical Child Psychology Program utilized the Doctoral Comprehensive Examination, at the end of the second year, as an evaluation instrument to determine a student's eligibility for doctoral candidacy and for the Masters of Science in School Psychology. Since then the field of psychology has moved deliberately and authoritatively to establish mechanisms to define and measure student learning in terms of competencies. Competencies address demonstrated examples of skills, knowledge and attitudes across domains (i.e., assessment, treatment, research, consultation, professionalism).

Competence has been defined by Hubert and Hundert (2002) as the habitual and judicious use of communication, knowledge, technical skills, clinical reasoning, emotions, values and reflection in daily practice for the benefit of the individual and community being served. Foundational elements of competence include knowledge and skills as well as elements best conceptualized as professionalism (e.g., reflective thinking). Competence also presumes integration of multiple competencies.

There are foundational competencies (knowledge, skills, attitudes and values that serve as a foundation for the functions a psychologist is to carry out e.g. understanding ethics, awareness and understanding of individual and cultural diversity, knowledge of scientific foundations of psychology) and functional competencies (assessment, intervention, consultation and research).

The articulated goals in any doctoral program lead to program objectives and consequently program competencies. The six goals were described above. These six goals are further defined by the program foundational and functional competencies including professional attitudes and comportment. The objectives are met through sequential coursework that is graded for complexity, and parallel practica experiences, externship and internships that complement the coursework.

These competencies are evaluated through course grades, bi-annual evaluations of students completed by faculty, externship, internship and practica supervisors. In addition, all students complete yearly self-evaluations that address the goals and competencies. Alumni also complete similar self-evaluations upon graduation. Each of these measures adds important information to the evaluation process that ultimately asks the questions, "What is the level of competence of students in the Combined School-Clinical Child Psychology Program? And how can it be measured?"

Competence is achieved through a developmental process that recognizes levels of change as a student moves through a program. It is expected that a fifth year student will be more competent than a first, second or third year student across all professional domains. Course grades and faculty evaluations address competencies in an indirect manner. While externship and internship supervisors evaluate competencies during fieldwork, they do not use a common metric or standardized measure across their settings in schools, medical centers, rehabilitation centers, early childhood centers and community mental health centers.

Therefore, the Program has developed a sequence of Examinations that are graded for complexity, are developmentally appropriate to each level of training, and that provide students with the opportunity to demonstrate their level of competence in the designated domains. These activities are competency-based and administered in a uniform manner, at pre-selected time periods that correlate with program expectations of competency attainment. Each activity has a metric that permits a more objective basis for evaluation of the competencies.

# Competency exam sequence

Competency	Description of Assessment Process	When is it taken?	Grading and minimal acceptable standard
1.To be able to administer standardized cognitive and social emotional assessment instruments	Students will administer two randomly selected subtests from the WISC-V and two cards from the Rorschach in a "simulation" setting. The administration will be video-taped and reviewed by faculty.	At the end of first semester after students complete the Cognitive Asessment course and at end of second semester when students complete Appraisal of Personality. Do not make vacation plans during the first week of January.	Rubric for scoring WISC-V was developed by faculty based on Sattler. The rub evaluating Rorschach administration was developed by faculty.
2.To reliably score responses given by children or adults on standardized cognitive and social emotional assessment instruments	Students will be given a blind protocol containing actual responses on the WISC-V. The student will score the responses using their scoring manuals. Scoring is done at Ferkauf.	At the end of second year. (After completion of the second year practicum in child assessment). Scoring is done at Ferkauf. Do not make vacation plans during the first two weeks after school ends in May.	The following criteria are used to grade the Assessment Scoring Competency Examination .  1. The passing grade for a subtest was a score that was within the standard error.  2. If scores on more than one subtest exceeded the standard error, the student needs to re-take the exam.  3. If score on one subtest exceeded the standard error, the student passes the exam; but, will be required to take a one session scoring tutorial and discussion in September.  4. If scores on all the subtests were within the standard error; the student passes the exam and is not required to take the tutorial.
3. To write a psychoeducational evaluation based upon information gathered from a fully scored protocol. To provide psychoeducational recommendations to referral sources	Students will be given fully scored blind protocols and will write a coherent, comprehensive, integrated report of no more than eight pages, with recommendations. Students will be given three days to complete the written document. The document will be read by one faculty member. Should the student fail any part of the exam it will be read by a second reader. If the second reader passes the paper, then the student will have passed the exam.	At the end of the second year. Do not make vacation plans during the first two weeks after school ends in May.	Reports will be graded and evaluated on the basis of:  1. Correct interpretation of the scoring quantitatively and qualitatively;  2. Integration of findings  3. Recommendations address referral question and reflect integrated assessment findings  4. Organization and Writing  Minimal criteria: Must Pass each section
4.To demonstrate clinical abilities in treatment 5.To develop a clinical case conceptualization or school consultation project –	A video of one selected therapy session will be reviewed by faculty  The exam for this competency has been replaced by a series of requirements in treatment related courses that now require students to provide case conceptualizations	During the third year  During the second, third and fourth year	See Appendix N  Minimal Criteria for Passing: Minimal Competency scores of "3" (competent) on each of the six factors  1.Intro to Psychodynamic Child Therapy, the final is a case conceptualization, of a case they have been working with at Externship, or a case from literature 2.In both semesters of Practicum in PDT there is a midyear and end year rep both which include a Case Conceptualization section. Also, each student pres twice per semester and part of that presentation is a case conceptualization. 3. In Seminar in Trauma with children and adolescents most of the students case presentation of a child or adolescent with whom they have worked who h suffered from trauma, and the presentation includes a case conceptualization effects and treatment of trauma. 4. In both semesters of Practicum in CBT there is a midyear and end year re both which include a Case Conceptualization section 5. In year-long Psychodynamic Theory course do a case conceptualization of Jessica Random Family at the end of the first semester. They are graded on their ability to ap theoretical concepts to the case material, to organize the case material into a cogent narrative, and to develop a treatment plan based on the theoretical perspective(s) th choose (within a psychodynamic framework). In the practice half (the second half) th a long case that is presented on the final exam where they have to answer the follow questions: a) Identify and describe elements of the case from two theoretical perspectives. You choose from attachment theory, classical theory, object relations (Kleinian or Winnico self-psychology, ego psychology, relational theory, or mentalization based approaches b) Highlight the transference and countertransference themes that are presented in th and explain how they helped promote understanding and healing.

			c) Describe at least two mechanisms of change. What actually <i>happened</i> within eith treatment scenario or within the mind of the patient to effect change?
6. To be a competent consumer of research	Student will write a critical review of the literature. Student will conduct a doctoral research study and provide a written document, in APA format, that summarizes the literature, methodology, results, and discussion of the study.	During fourth year or fifth year	Present document and oral defense to three faculty members.  See Appendix L for copy of Evaluation Criteria Minimal Criterion for Passing = "2" Adequate Level of Competence

How does this affect you? There are five competency exams. Every student must pass all six exams prior to graduation and in the stipulated order, except where otherwise noted below. **Note Minimal Criteria for passing each exam are indicated in chart above.** 

## Procedures for students who do not pass the competency exams

- 1. Assessment: Administration Exam: Students are given initial feedback shortly after the exam by the Examiner. They are not told if they passed or failed the exam until the faculty meet to discuss the performance of all students. If a student fails the exam, he/she is meets with a full-time faculty person to review their performance on tape. They are given a second opportunity to take the exam within a month of the initial administration. The re-take exam is administered "live" to a faculty person. If the student fails the re-take exam further remediation is provided and the student will be required to video-tape an administration of a full WISC-V to a child/adolescent and submit the video tape for review prior to the beginning of the fall semester. If significant problems are still noted in the video the student's course of study may be modified and the student may be withdrawn from the program.
- 2. Assessment: Scoring Exam: Students will be informed within one week after submitting the exam if they passed or failed the exam. Students will be given in-person feedback about their performance and, if needed, offered a remediation plan. Students who fail are placed on "Academic Warning" and are required to re-take the exam prior to the fall semester. Should she/he fail the re-take exam, the student's course of study may be modified and the student may be withdrawn from the program.
- 3. Assessment: Written Report Exam: Students will be informed within two weeks after submitting the exam if they passed or failed the exam. If a student fails, he/she will be given written and in-person feedback about their performance and offered a remediation plan. Students who fail are placed on "Academic Probation" and are required to re-take the exam prior to the fall semester. If the student fails the re-take exam the student's course of study may be modified and the student may be withdrawn from the program.
- 4. Case Conceptualization: As noted above, this exam was replaced by a series of requirements in clinically oriented courses. Faculty for each course will develop a remediation plan with the student should they not meet minila achievement levels for this competency.
- 5. Therapy: Students will
- 6. Oral defense of RPII: Students are informed immediately after the exam if they passed or failed the oral and will receive feedback on the required revisions for the document. Should a student fail the oral exam, the Research Advisor will review the student's performance and schedule a re-take of the exam at an appropriate time. Graduation is contingent upon passing the exam.

## Practica, Externships and Internships

**Practica.** Practica are distinguished from Externships, which are 600-900 hr/yr field experiences. Practica are experiences that are intricately connected to specified courses and occur in the Parnes Clinic. These experiences begin in the first year. The faculty responsible for the particular course supervises each practicum experience. Practica experiences occur in Cognitive Assessment I-II, Practicum in Child Assessment I-II, Appraisal of Personality,

Neuropsychological Assessment, and Practicum in Child Therapy I-II (CBT and Psychodynamic).

Beginning in 2016, the Parnes Clinic will remain open for intakes (but not ongoing therapy appointments) during August. Students who have completed the second year (rising third year students) should be prepared to take on clients from the last week in June through July, so they should avoid planning a vacation prior to August in order to accommodate case transfers. Students will be informed if they will be assigned transfer cases in June so that they can make appropriate plans. **Third year students (rising fourth years) need to be available for intakes during August.** These intakes will be supervised by Drs. Doctoroff, Gerson, Prout, and Wadkins. If you take a vacation in August it cannot be for more than two weeks.

Students must be prepared to continue seeing their clients in the clinic through July. The only exception is when fourth year students are starting internship in July. In which case they will need to terminate with their clients prior to July 1. Students in the practica must have hours available before 5 PM on weekdays to schedule supervision.

## **Externships**

The School - Clinical Child Psychology Externship-Internship Manual is available on line at the program's website (click on Resources tab).

The manual details the procedures and requirements for the both the externship and the full time internship. It details requirements for supervision and practice. The program has a long history of placing students in highly valued sites throughout the metropolitan area. Third and fourth year students can find a complete listing of all clinical externships in the New York metropolitan area by accessing the FDU WIKI site

(<u>http://psychpracticum.fdu.edu/index.php/Main\_Page</u>). Students can also obtain information about the sites by reviewing students' evaluations which are located in the Program Director's office.

Students are required to complete a minimum of 600 hours of supervised experience in the second, third and fourth years placements. The second year placement occurs in a schooling facility. Students are required to gain approximately 600 hours of experience in a school or school-based facility during the course of their training. If students are unable to meet the 600-hour requirement at the school site, the Program will work with the student to augment their experience. The third year may be in a mental health facility, medical center, early childhood center, hospital, rehabilitation center or special-needs school. The fourth year placement can be in a school or any of the alternatives mentioned above. In addition, students are required to register, each semester, for an Externship Seminar (one-credit each semester) that is led by a faculty member. This seminar provides a platform to discuss relevant externship and internship issues. At the end of the fourth year the student will have acquired the equivalent of one full year of experience – 1750 hours. The fifth year Internship Seminar focuses on internship and post- internship professional development. Students are to follow the calendars at their externship placement in terms of beginning and ending dates as well as "vacation periods." If Yeshiva's academic calendar indicates a vacation period and the externship calendar is in conflict, you are to follow the externship calendar.

## **Externship Contract.**

Within one month of commencing the externship, students must complete the "Externship Contract" and file it with the Program Director (See Appendix R for a copy of the contract). The contract needs to be signed by the student, the supervisor and the Program Director. Many sites now require a Memorandum of Understanding (Affiliation Agreement) and /or a Memorandum of Insurance prior to beginning the externship experience. Both documents can be obtained from the Program Director.

## **Supervision of Externship and Internship Experiences – In-state and Out of State**

Students on externship and internship are required to register for Externship/Internship seminars each semester. The externship seminars are expected to meet on a weekly basis and provide students with an opportunity to discuss their experiences and deal with supervision issues. Faculty members monitor Externship experiences on-site and in class. Students also track their activities on the Monthly Summary Forms (See Appendix B) that are submitted at the end of each semester to the Program Director.

If a student is on internship at a site that is not in New York, New Jersey or Connecticut, she/he will be required to have regular "internet-based" supervision with the Program Director and the Internship Director via SKYPE or other

media venue.

## Evaluation of Externship/Internship

Students' externship and internship experiences are evaluated by supervisors who are employees of the site and who have been awarded an Adjunct Field Supervisor position from Yeshiva University. The competency-based evaluation form is completed on-line at Surveymonkey.com at the end of each semester. The evaluation form can be found in Appendix E.

## **Full-time Internship**

While the majority of our students complete their internships at APA-approved clinical settings, it is by no means a requirement to do so. Approximately 25% of each cohort completes the doctoral internships in school placements or non-APA accredited clinical internships.

Assuming all other program requirements have been successfully completed, the full time internship will commence in the fifth year of the program. The full time internship can occur in a school, hospital, early childhood center, medical center, rehabilitation center, community or mental health agency. The internship is the culminating educational experience for students and provides an opportunity to advance their skills and knowledge base and to demonstrate the high level of competence that they have achieved across all skills and knowledge domains during the prior four years of training. In most cases the internship will have a stipend attached to it. While on Internship, students must register for Doctoral Internship Seminars.

A full time internship, in facilities other than schools, consists of a minimum of 35 hours per week, for a full year (12 months), or 1750 hours. In the case of a school placement, a full time internship usually lasts 10 months – approximately 1500-1750 hours. In accordance with New York State regulations, internships can be completed over a two-year period.

It is expected that an appropriately credentialed employee or consultant to the externship/internship agency will be the primary supervisor for all experiences. A minimum of one hour of face-to-face individual supervision and an additional hour of alternative supervision is required at externship settings and twice that on internships..

If a student is at a non-APA accredited site or a school, an Internship Contract needs to be completed and filed with the Program Director within a month of commencing the internship (see Appendix R). For non-APA accredited internships in school or MH centers the student and supervisor must provide a description of an educational plan that adheres to the internship principles delineated above. This description must be approved by the Program.

Students track their activities during externship and non-APA accredited internships on the Monthly Logs (See Appendix B1 and B2) that are submitted at the end of each semester to the Program Director

### **Internship Statistics:**

Between 2005 and 2016, 125 of the 136 students (92.6%) who applied for APA/APPIC-approved internships received them. During that same period, 82 students applied for, and received, internships in school placements or non-APA internships in mental health/medical centers. In total, 100% of the students who applied for internships received them. These placements are among the most prestigious medical and educational placements available. While most students remain in the New York Tri-State area for their internships, others have been accepted at internships in Florida, Massachusetts, Texas, Michigan, Maryland, Delaware, California, Illinois, Louisiana, Washington, D.C., Ohio, New Mexico and Montreal and Toronto, Canada.

Students have interned at the following sites between 2003-17:

**APA-accredited/APPIC approved sites:** 

Andrus Childrens Services

Association for the Help of Retarded Children
Astor Child Guidance (Bronx and Poughkeepsie)

Baruch Counseling Center

Bellevue Medical Center Bronx Psychiatric Center

Center for Neurological and Neurodevelopmental Health

Child Guidance of Southern Ct
Columbia Presbyterian Medical Center

Clifford Beers Center, Ct.
Gouverneur Medical Center

Green Chimneys Hannah Perkins Center for Child Development (Ohio)

Howard University Counseling Center Jacobi Medical Center Jewish Child Care Association Kings County Hospital

Lincoln Hospital Long Island Jewish Medical Center

Louisiana State University Health Center

Mt Sinai- Elmhurst Medical Center mercyFirst

Montefiore Medical Center Nassau University Medical Center

New Connections Academy. Illinois NYC Center for Children: Queens Campus

NY Center for Child Development
North Central Bronx Medical Center
Northshore University Medical Center
Queens Children's Psychiatric Center

Rusk Rehabilitation Center- NYU Medical Center School at Columbia

St Johns Center for Children. California St Luke's-Roosevelt Medical Center

Sunset Park Medical Center The HELP Group (California)
Towson University Counseling Center Tulane University Medical Center

University of Texas Health Center (Houston)

Westchester Jewish Community Services Woodhull Medical Center Worcester Youth Services (Mass.) Youth Consultation Service

Non-APA-accredited/non-APPIC approved clinical sites:

Albert Einstein College of Med, ECC Bikur Cholim

Brooklyn College Counseling Center Hackensack Medical Center – Audrey Hepburn House

Holliswood Hospital Jamaica Hospital

Jewish General Hospital- Montreal

Lifeline Childrens Developmental Center

Mount Sinai MC

St Many's Hamital Possible Newspace

See th Newspace Madical Center

St Mary's Hospital- Bayside – Neuropsych South Nassau Medical Center

The Graham School Westchester Institute for Human Development

**School sites** 

Abraham Heschel School Ardsley Schools
Baltimore, Md. Schools Bilingual School, Ct

Commack Schools Dade County Schools. Florida Dobbs Ferry Schools Dwight-Englewood School. NJ

Elmont CSD Fair Lawn, NJ Schools

Frisch Yeshiva

The Gateway School Great Neck Schools

Hewlett Schools Manhattan Center for Early Learning

Munsey Park Schools Newark, NJ
New Rochelle Schools Newton, Mass PS

Pleasantville Schools Port Washington Schools

Ramaz Hebrew Day School Scarsdale Schools
Solanter Academy of Riverdale The Summit School
Syosset Schools Teaneck, NJ Schools
Three Villages CSD Westport, Ct Schools

Westchester School for Special Children

White Plains Schools

## How to apply for a clinical internship

There is a different internship application process for clinical and school settings. The application process for the APA/APPIC clinical internships begins in summer after the third year. It is comprehensive and requires detail to organization. The application involves the completion of extensive information about clinical experiences (much of which is available from your monthly externship logs), four essays, cover letters, 3-4 recommendations and other material. If your application is reviewed positively, you will be invited for interviews. The interviews usually occur between December 1 and January 25. (Do not make vacation plans during this period of time.) After all interviews have been completed both the applicant and the sites rank order their choices and submit the lists to the National Match Service. Students are notified by APPIC, on-line, of acceptance or rejection in the latter part of February (the specific date changes each year.

#### Actions to be taken:

1. Students should review the available materials that describe internship sites at the end of the spring semester of the third year. APPIC-approved and APA-accredited sites are listed online at www.appic.org. The site will describe internship requirements, application procedures and activities.

Download all information from the internship sites. Register for the APPIC list serve. DO NOT REGISTER FOR THE MATCH UNTIL YOU ARE GIVEN PERMISSION TO DO SO BY THE PROGRAM DIRECTOR.

- 2. Permission to apply for the internship is contingent upon the successful completion of Research Project I and the formulation of a proposal for Research Project II. Completion is signified by your research advisor's written approval of Research Project I. The deadline for approval is usually October 1 of the fourth year for APA/APPIC applicants and October 15 for non-APPIC applicants.
  - 3. Things to do in preparation for the internship application process:
- a internship sites will usually require three letters of recommendation from faculty members and/or clinical supervisors. Students should request at least one letter from faculty and two from supervisors. Request these letters in the latter part of the spring semester or as early as possible in the fall semester;
- b- because the application is entirely web-based, all recommendations will be submitted directly to the appropriate URL that you will supply to recommenders.
- c- Part Two of the application requires information from the Program Director. Notify the Program Director of the date on which Research Project I was signed. The Program Director will inform you of the actions you need to take to fulfill this step.
- d- prepare a curriculum vita. (c.v.) See the your advisor for assistance in developing the c.v. A template is provided in the Program's Externship/Internship Manual.
- e- prepare one or two "full psychological evaluations" and one clinical case report that were completed in the past year. Review your cases and select the appropriate reports.
- f- a first draft of each of the four required essays is to be submitted to your research advisor on a prescribed time line- a different essay is to be submitted every two weeks beginning on June 15. By August 1, your advisor should have received at least one copy of each essay.
- 4. Several meetings will be held with the students and program director during the spring and fall semesters to prepare students for the application process. One meeting is usually held with students from the new internship class to help prepare incoming fourth year students.

Please be aware that you will be in competition for these internship placements with students from other combined programs, school psychology, clinical psychology, health psychology and counseling psychology training programs from across the country. It is recommended that you consider applying to placements in parts of the United States other than the New York metropolitan area. Students who have successfully gone through the internship process are also available for advisement.

## How to apply for a school internship

Before you begin this process you should apply for Provisional Certification in School Psychology. Students are eligible for NYS Certification after completing the third year in the program. Requirements can be found at: <a href="http://eservices.nysed.gov/teach/certhelp/CertRequirementHelp.do#cfocus">http://eservices.nysed.gov/teach/certhelp/CertRequirementHelp.do#cfocus</a>. Certification is a significant achievement and will be viewed as such by Directors of Pupil Personnel Services at the prospective internship sites.

The application process for a school internship differs significantly from the clinical internship.

- a. The application process is not uniform. Each school district has its own process and deadline dates for submission of materials.
- b. To be eligible to apply for a school internship, Research Project I and a proposal for RPII must be completed no later than October 15.
- c. Notify the Program Director of your intention to complete a school internship. The Director will provide the student with a list of school districts in the New York Metropolitan area that provide school psychology internship training.
- d. The student commences the search for an internship by calling each district during the early part of the Fall semester.
  - e. Students will need an up-dated c.v. and at least three recommendations.
- f. There are no uniform deadlines for notification of acceptance. Each district makes its own regulations and procedures. In most cases the school district will inform the student of acceptance before the end of December.

#### **Evaluations**

We use a multi-method/multi-respondent system for student evaluations.

**Evaluations by faculty:** Course instructors evaluate students. The evaluation may consist of examinations, term papers, and classroom participation. Students are evaluated for knowledge, skills and professional attitudes. Please see Appendix T for copies of two Attendance and Participation rubrics that faculty use in their evaluations.. Check course syllabi for specifics.

In addition to regular course evaluations by instructors, the faculty evaluates the skills, knowledge and professional attitude of each student twice a year. The evaluation that is conducted at the end of the fall semester is considered a Progress Report and provides the student with an overall competency rating as well as verbatim comments from each faculty member about the student's performance. These comments and ratings are meant to provide guidance for the students and a baseline against which to evaluate further progress. The second evaluation is conducted at the end the academic year. This end-of the year evaluation is more comprehensive and focuses on 21 program specified competencies (see below). The final evaluations include comments from all course instructors, clinical and field supervisors and program and research advisors. The evaluations are competency based and use metrics developed by the faculty. Summaries of these evaluations are sent to students and copies are held on file.

The Faculty, externship and internship supervisors rate the students on the following competencies, as do the students:

- 1. **Academic Performance** (demonstrates knowledge of specific content areas and the relation of science to practice) *(faculty only)*
- 2. Administration, Scoring and interpretation of psychological and psychoeducational instruments: (highest score requires: can apply concepts of typical atypical behavior to case formulation and in the context of stages of human development and diversity
- 3. **Data Collection** (Interviews, intakes, establish rapport, record review)
- 4. **Communication skills** (active listening, communicate effectively; communicates clearly using verbal, non-verbal, written skills in a professional context)
- 5. **Writing skills** (report writing, provide pragmatic and related recommendations; clarity, use of APA style for academic papers)
- 6. **Intervention skills** (develop treatment plans using a consistent theoretical orientation with specified goals, apply treatment strategies; prepared for sessions, evaluating progress; provides effective treatment, manage termination, establish alliance)
- 7. **Adherence to ethical and professional standards** (demonstrates knowledge of APA Ethical Principles and Code of Conduct; knowledge of Federal/state laws; mandatory reporting; ethical decision making to practice; integrates own moral principles/values
- 8. Competence in regard to cultural, ethnic and individual differences (applies knowledge, sensitivity and understanding regarding individual and cultural diversity issues to work effectively with diverse others; applies knowledge of self as a cultural being
- 9. **Response to supervision** (openness to observations and recommendations; prepared for supervision; incorporates feedback into practice; has basic knowledge of supervision models)
- 10. **Research** (demonstrates skills and habits in seeking, applying and evaluating theoretical & research knowledge relevant to the practice of psychology; knowledge of application of scientific methods to evaluating practices, interventions and programs; consumer of research)
- 11. Completion of assignments in a timely manner (consistently punctual, reliable and fulfills assignments)
- 12. **Interpersonal & collaborative skills** (participates effectively in class, team meetings & multidisciplinary assignments; forms & maintains productive & respectful relations with clients, peers, supervisors and other professional; handles conflict well
- 13. **Self-reflective practice**(displays self-awareness; self-monitors, self-assessment of competence; awareness and attitude towards need for self-care)
- 14. Realistic sense of strengths and challenges (recognizes limits of knowledge, skill and self)
- 15.**Emotional Maturity** (Social competence, openness to new ideas; non-defensiveness; manages boundaries)
- 16. **Professionalism** (displays emerging professional identity, integrity, deportment, accountability, reliable, dependable, willingness to consider alternatives)
- 17. **Knowing how the system works** (works effectively with other professionals; understands the culture of the system; promotes change at the individual and systems levels

18. **Evidence-based Practice** (knowledge of empirical bases of assessment; linkage of assessment to treatment; effective use of EBI)

### 19. Build client-therapist alliance

20. **Consultation** (demonstrates knowledge of consultant's role; ability to select appropriate means of assessment to answer referral question; responds to consultation requests & provides feedback in timely manner; assesses needs of others

#### 21. Supervising others

In addition to the formal evaluation process mentioned above, part of every faculty meeting is focused on discussing the students' academic and professional performance. If a faculty member notes a problem, a discussion will ensue with input from everyone familiar with the student.

The faculty advisor can then meet with the student to relay the program's concerns. A written statement may also sent to the student and a copy is kept on file. The advisor acts as the student's advocate and will report back to the faculty at the next scheduled meeting. Students may address the program faculty, as a whole, to present their views of the issues.

**Child Therapy Evaluations:** Students in the third and fourth years are assigned a minimum of two individual therapy cases each year. Supervision is conducted in small groups by full time faculty and individually by a licensed psychologist who has volunteered to supervise the student's cases. These experiences are evaluated twice a year by the individual supervisor as well as by the faculty member. (See Appendix D1 and D2: 3rd and 4th Yr Psychotherapy Practicum Evaluation forms.) As noted above, a video of at least one selected therapy session will be reviewed and evaluated by faculty. (See Appendix N for Evaluation Guidelines.)

**Field Supervisors' Evaluations:** The internship/externship supervisor evaluates students twice a year on issues of knowledge, skills and attitudes. The evaluation that is conducted at the end of the fall semester is considered a Progress Report and provides the student with an overall competency rating as well as verbatim comments from the field supervisor. These comments and ratings are meant to provide guidance for the students and a baseline against which to evaluate further progress. The second evaluation is conducted at the end the academic year. This end-of the year evaluation is more comprehensive and focuses on the same 21 program specified competencies mentioned above. Externship/Internship coordinators are encouraged to review the evaluations in person with the student.

If any problems are noted, the Program Director or another faculty member will contact the supervisor for clarification and will discuss the issues with the student. The feedback from the supervisor is critical for a complete evaluation.

The Program Director makes every effort to stay in touch with the field supervisors during the year. The Program has made extra efforts to site visit as many placements as possible in any given academic year. We place great importance on developing personal contacts with the supervisors and forming relationships between our Program and the field placements.

**Externship-Internship Experience Form**: Students are required to log their externship/internship experiences each month. For the past ten years, student shave been using a Program developed tracking system. As of September 2014, the Program will permit students to use the Program-developed system or *mypsychtrack or* time2trackto track their hours and activities. The latter two systems permit students to upload all their information directly into the AAPI application and is equally useful for those students applying for school psychology internships.

**Attestation Forms:** At the end of each academic year, field supervisors complete an Attestation Form that verifies completion of the externship/internship, the time line, responsibilities and supervision hours. This document resembles the NYS documentation that is required for licensure (see Appendix J). Students should make copies of all

attestation forms for their own files. These forms may be needed in future years for varied licensing and professional documentation

**Competency Examination:** The fields of school and clinical child psychology have moved towards competency-based assessment. This means that students need to demonstrate that they have acquired the skills, attitudes and knowledge required of them at different phases of their professional development. As noted above students take five competency examinations. Information about each exam is presented in the tables above.

**Oral Defense of Research Projects:** This examination follows the completion of Research Project II. What occurs at the examination?

The primary sponsor and two faculty members or "outside readers" are present at the examination.

The student makes a 15-20 minute oral presentation of their research, including a statement of the problem, a brief review of the literature, a review of the methodology, results and interpretation of the findings. Most students make a Powerpoint presentation.

The faculty members/readers have the opportunity to question the student on any aspect of their research. After the questioning has been completed the student is asked to leave the room and the faculty discusses and evaluates the student's written and oral presentations.

The student is then asked to return to the room and the determination is discussed.

The oral presentation and written document are evaluated using the guidelines in Appendix L.

**Evaluations of Faculty:** Students evaluate each faculty member with whom they take classes.

Course and faculty evaluations are conducted at the end of each semester. Students are asked to evaluate the instructor of each course. These evaluations are anonymous and are reviewed by the Dean and Program Director. Feedback is given to faculty members by the Program Director. (See Appendix H.) Research students and TAs are also able to evaluate their advisors using a different form (See Appendix T.)

The Program Director provides feedback to faculty members at the end of each academic year. The Dean will provide additional feedback as needed.

**Self-evaluation** - Annual Student Survey: At the end of each academic year students complete a self-evaluation in which they review their own goals and accomplishments and evaluate their competencies in all domains (see Appendix G and O).

## **Evaluation of Externship-Internship by students**

Students are asked to evaluate their externship and internship experiences at the end of each academic year. These surveys are anonymous and are on file for other students to review. (See Appendix F)

**Attendance and Class Participation rubrics** are found in Appendix T

### **Research requirements**

Students are required to complete two research projects. Research Project I is a critical review of the literature in a selected area of research. This project should generate hypotheses for further study. The second project (Research Project II) may be an empirical study, a case study, an evaluation or outcome study, a meta-analysis, a qualitative study or in some cases a replication. The research topics that are selected must be of mutual interest to faculty and student and relevant to the field of school-clinical psychology. Research Projects I and II are supervised by the same faculty member.

## **Matching process:**

Faculty present research topics of interest to first year students at a scheduled meeting at the end of the first year.

Date of presentations: late spring semester of first year.

Students will receive information about the protocol for mentor selection during the spring semester.

No student will be informally or formally matched with a faculty research advisor in advance of the official matching time designated.

After faculty presentations, students submit a ranked list of 3 potential research advisors to Dr. Givner with a brief rationale for their choices.

Faculty will receive updated CVs for students who ranked them.

Faculty will have the opportunity to meet with students to discuss mutual research interests (either in small groups – depending on the number of interested students – or in individual meetings).

A faculty meeting will take place to discuss how to best match students and faculty.

Consideration of the current number of students a faculty member is mentoring will be considered in assignments.

The requirements, forms and procedures to fulfill the research requirements for the Psy.D. degree are delineated in Research Requirements for the Psy.D. Degree Handbook. It can be downloaded from our Program's website by clicking on "PsyD Research Handbook 2016" on the left panel.

Research Committees: Prior to submission of the RPII research proposal to the IRB, students will present their proposal to a 3-member research committee for review. The committee will be composed of the student's Research mentor and two faculty members.

The committee meeting will review the research question, hypotheses, method section and proposed analyses. The purpose of the meeting is to offer advise that will clarify and improve all elements of the study, to help to eliminate foreseeable problems and to support the student's preparation for conducting the study and its defense.

The meetings will be conducted on the last Thursday of each month and will be scheduled by the Research Advisor when the student's proposal is ready for review. This procedure will begin with current (rising) second year students. It is expected that each meeting will take about 30 minutes.

### **IRB** and **IRIS**

Before a student is permitted to commence their research, the AECOM Internal Review Board must review the proposal. Prior to any submission, every student must complete the on-line CITI ethics course. All students in the school need to take the CITI course - this is the research (ethics) course that is offered thru the Einstein IRB. The course takes about 2-6 hours- it can be done in as many sittings as needed.

To register for the course.

go to: <a href="http://www.einstein.yu.edu/administration/institutional-review-board/education/human-subjects.aspx">http://www.einstein.yu.edu/administration/institutional-review-board/education/human-subjects.aspx</a> click on: Individuals taking CITI for the first time should follow the instructions for Ferkauf students.

All proposals are submitted on line through the IRIS system. The IRB offers a course that prepares you to submit your research proposal for their review. It is also possible to submit without taking the ISIS course.

Upon completion of the written portions of Research Projects I and II, the student takes an oral examination on their research.

### **Certification and Licensure**

Students are eligible to apply for New York State Provisional Certification as a School Psychologist after they have completed a prescribed 60-credit course of study and externship experiences that were approved by the School-Clinical Child Psychology faculty. Provisional Certification is a requirement for employment in the NYS public schools and is a significant asset when applying for school psychology internships. It is not required, but it may be helpful for working in private schools, and school-based mental health programs. Students are eligible to apply for provisional certification after their third year in the program. However, we recommend that you delay applying for certification **unless you plan on doing a fourth year externship in a school or a fifth year internship in a school.** The reason for delaying is that NYS requires that you complete two years of paid school psychology experience within a five-year period - after applying - to get FULL (lifetime) Certification. If you are not planning on working in the New York State public schools then you should delay applying for certification until you are sure you want

employment in the schools. If you delay applying for provisional certification then the 5-year rule, mentioned above, begins upon application. It is advisable to discuss the options with your faculty advisor and the program director. Application is made on-line to the State Education Department, Division of Teacher Certification at:

http://eservices.nysed.gov/teach/certhelp/CertRequirementHelp.do#cfocus.

## Other requirements:

- 1. Child Abuse Identification and Reporting Training
- 2. School Violence Intervention and Prevention Training
- 3. Dignity or All Students Act
- 4. Fingerprinting and background checks

If you ever plan on working in a school you will need to complete these three workshops. If you ever plan on working with children, you will need to complete the Child Abuse Identification and Reporting Training and have background check/fingerprinting.

#### Things to know:

- 1. If you are in the first or second year, you should complete an online course to fulfill the Child Abuse Identification and Reporting Training, NYS
- All applicants for certification must complete two clock hours of coursework or training in the identification and reporting of suspected child abuse and maltreatment, as required by Sections 3003(4) and 3004 of the Education Law. This training is available only from a provider approved by the New York State Education Department. A list of service providers is available on the <a href="Child Abuse Identification and Reporting Providers">Child Abuse Identification and Reporting Providers</a>, Web page maintained by the Office of Professions at , <a href="http://www.op.nysed.gov/training/caproviders.htm">http://www.op.nysed.gov/training/caproviders.htm</a>. Contact the individual provider for workshop registration dates and times. Please note that some providers offer training that exceeds the two-hour minimum. Also, fees vary from provider to provider. Upon completion of the workshop, the provider will give you a Certification of Completion.
- Please make a copy of the Certificate of Completion and submit it to Dr. Givner. Hold onto the original- make copies for your files. You will need it when applying for certification and employment
- If you already completed the course, please be sure we have a copy of the certificate.
- 2. School Violence Intervention and Prevention Training

All applicants for a certificate on or after February 2, 2001, must complete two clock hours of coursework or training in school violence prevention and intervention, as required by section 3004 of the Education Law. Training in school violence prevention and intervention is available through registered teacher education programs at New York State colleges and universities, eight Coordinated School Health Network Centers (via certain BOCES), and other service providers approved by the State Education Department.

A list of service providers is available on the <u>Approved Providers of Training</u> Web page maintained by the Office of Elementary, Middle, Secondary, and Continuing Education at <a href="http://www.p12.nysed.gov/sss/ssae/schoolsafety/save/SVPIWP\_Provider.html">http://www.p12.nysed.gov/sss/ssae/schoolsafety/save/SVPIWP\_Provider.html</a>. Contact the provider for workshop registration dates and times. Please note that some providers offer training that exceeds the two-hour minimum. Fees vary by provider. Upon completion of the workshop, the provider will give you a Certification of Completion.

WE will provide this training free of charge for current FIRST, SECOND and THIRD years students and those in fourth or fifth year who haven't yet completed it. We are arranging the schedule for the training. I will notify you of the date - It will probably take place in the falls semester. We recommend that you take this training and not delay. WE HAVE OFFERED THE TRAINING EVERY TWO YEARS, THAT SCHEDULE CANNOT BE GUARANTEED

- Please make a copy of the Certificate of Completion and submit it to Dr. Givner. Hold onto the original- make copies for your files. You will need it when applying for certification and employment
- If you already completed the course, please be sure we have a copy of the certificate.

## 3. The Dignity for All Students Act

New York State's Dignity for All Students Act (The Dignity Act) seeks to provide the State's public elementary and secondary school students with a safe and supportive environment free from discrimination, intimidation, taunting, harassment, and bullying on school property, a school bus and/or at a school function.

The Dignity Act was signed into law on September 13, 2010 and took effect on July 1, 2012. Amendments to the act are effective as of July 1, 2013

Additionally, under the Dignity Act, schools will be responsible for collecting and reporting data regarding material incidents of discrimination and harassment.

Information about DASA can be found at:

http://www.highered.nysed.gov/tcert/certificate/dasa-applicant.html

## **DASA Training Information Applicants for Certification**

All applicants for a certificate on or after December 31, 2013 are required to complete six clock hours of coursework or training in Harassment, Bullying and Discrimination Prevention and Intervention in accordance with Article 2 Sections 10-18 of the Education Law. Training in Harassment, Bullying and Discrimination Prevention and Intervention is available only from a provider approved by the New York State Education Department. A list of providers is available on the <u>DASA providers</u> Web page. Contact the provider for workshop registration dates and times. Please note that some providers offer training that exceeds the six-hour minimum. Fees vary by provider. The provider will electronically upload your workshop completion to TEACH within 21 days. No paper workshop completion form will be required if your provider electronically uploads your completion information.

Applicants who complete a registered teacher education program with a graduation date of December 31, 2013 or later will be provided the required training as part of their teacher education program. These applicants, if recommended for a teaching certificate by the institution, do not need to submit a Certification of Completion.

DASA training has two parts-

Dr. Stavrou will offer the first two-hour didactic segment in January 2017. Once completed your name will be submitted to Yeshiva College which will offer the second part of the training ON LINE. You must complete the first part before taking the second part.

You can also take the DASA training elsewhere for a fee. If you Google "DASA" training you will see that sites such as TC or St Johns and others offer this training for a fee.

Regardless of how you acquire the certification,

- Please make a copy of the Certificate of Completion and submit it to Dr. Givner. Hold onto the original- make copies for your files. You will need it when applying for certification and employment
- · If you already completed the course, please be sure we have a copy of the certificate.

### 4. Fingerprinting

Candidates applying on or after July 1, 2001, must be cleared by the New York State Education Department through a fingerprint-supported criminal history background check. This includes all applicants for certification, as well as all prospective employees of school districts, charter schools and boards of cooperative educational services (BOCES). Candidates fingerprinted and cleared by the New York City Board of Education after July 1, 1990, may submit that clearance to the Department to satisfy this requirement.

Detailed information and forms (including the form to submit New York City clearance information to New York State) can be found at the Office of School Personnel Review and Accountability (OSPRA) Web site <a href="http://www.highered.nysed.gov/tcert/ospra/">http://www.highered.nysed.gov/tcert/ospra/</a>.

Students who wish to be certified in other states need to request information from the individual State's Department of Education. Information about National Certification is also available from the program director. National Certification in School Psychology has benefits if you plan on re-locating at any time in your professional career. You can access information about National Certification at: <a href="http://www.nasponline.org/certification/index.aspx">http://www.nasponline.org/certification/index.aspx</a>
The process to receive national certification is somewhat simplified because we are a NASP approved program.

Any student may apply for the Bilingual School Psychology Extension. This option adds six credits to the course of study. You can review this information in a prior section of this handbook.

Licensure requirements in New York State are processed through a different department in the New York State Department of Education. Licensure is in New York State is generic. Requirements for licensure are detailed at: http://www.op.nysed.gov/prof/psych/psychlic.htm

After all Psy.D. degree requirements have been fulfilled; students are eligible for graduation. To be licensed as a Psychologist in New York State, a graduate must accumulate 3500 hours of experiences that were supervised by a licensed psychologist. The traditional way to accumulate the 3500 hours is to gain 1500-1750 hours from your predoctoral Internship experience and the remainder from postdoctoral experience. NYS regulations permit students to take the Licensing Examination after he/she graduates from the Program **and** has accumulated 1750 hours of supervised experience. The regulations in other states may differ and need to be discussed with your advisor. When you pass the licensing examination you are permitted to use the title, "PSYCHOLOGIST." Until you pass the examination you cannot use that title, although you can be called, "Doctor."

### **New York State Law Regarding Licensure and Limited Permit**

The New York State Legislature passed the Scope of Practice amendments to the Psychology Licensing Act in 2003. The key element in this legislation is the change in our licensing law from "title protection" to "practice protection."

Previously, it was illegal to offer your services to the public for a fee as a **Psychologist** unless you were licensed. However, anyone could offer psychological services to the public under an unprotected title such as clinician, counselor, therapist, etc. As of 2003 it is illegal to offer the public any of the services deemed psychological, under any title, unless you are a licensed psychologist.

If you are in a recognized psychology training program you are exempt from this provision while doing required externships and internships under supervision. To repeat, if you are on externship or internship you can continue to deliver psychological services. Once you complete degree requirements you will be able to apply for a 2-year <u>limited permit</u> while working under supervision to complete postdoctoral hours required for licensing.

However, if you complete your required internship and have not yet completed doctoral degree requirements (your

research requirements), a strict interpretation of the law is that you may not continue doing psychological work as a therapist or a clinician or some other non-psychological title. Until now it has been common practice, post-internship, to continue at that agency, to begin a post-doc, or to find similar work elsewhere while completing the doctorate. If you are working as a certified school psychologist in a school, you are probably exempt from this law. It is incumbent upon you to speak with the agency where you are working to determine if they are an exempt agency and what your future status will be.

## **Faculty: Teaching and Research**

There are eight core members of the School-Clinical Child Psychology Program. Their responsibilities include teaching, research supervision, grade advisement and in some cases, clinical supervision. Advisement includes issues related to course schedules, transfer credits, career planning, professional involvement, student-faculty relations, grievances and professional socialization. All faculty cvs can be found on the Program's web site.

Greta Doctoroff Ph.D. (University of Massachusetts, Amherst), Associate Professor. Licensed Psychologist. Teaches the following courses: Developmental Psychopathology, Evidenced-based Interventions for Youth I, Practicum in Child Therapy CBT:I-II, and Research Lab in Early Childhood I-II. "My Early Childhood Research Lab at Ferkauf focuses on understanding the relation between young children's social-emotional, behavioral, and academic competence during early childhood. Most of my work has focused on children and families at-risk for negative outcomes due to poverty and associated risk factors. I have a particular interest in parenting, teacher-child relations, and the development and maintenance of externalizing problems.

My published work includes studies focused on the development of early academic skills, the assessment of externalizing behavior, observational research examining classroom and parent-child interactions, parent involvement in preschool, and school-based prevention and intervention programs for at-risk children and families. The goal of my research program is to identify key mechanisms in the development of children's social-emotional and academic competence, and to apply this knowledge to the development and evaluation of cost-effective, feasible prevention programs in home and preschool settings that target parenting and teaching."

### **Current Projects:**

- Family Focused Care within the NICU: This study focuses on parenting infants born prematurely in the context of the Neonatal Intensive Care Unit. We are collaborating with the NICU at Weiler Hospital to investigate parent experiences with kangaroo care (skin-to-skin parent-infant holding which supports development and bonding) and family centered care within the NICU.
- Preschool Teacher Perspectives on Internalizing and Externalizing Problems: This study utilizes teacher surveys to examine teacher knowledge related to children's early behavior problems and effective strategies for their management.
- Supporting Preschool Teachers in Preventing Problem Behavior: This study focuses on training preschool teachers to implement TCIT strategies and comparing outcomes with preschool as usual. We are particularly interested in the impact of TCIT on peer relations and self-regulation, as well as teacher experiences in implementing TCIT.

**Barbara Gerson, Ph.D.** (New York University) Associate Professor. Licensed Psychologist. Certified School Psychologist. Teaches the following courses: Introduction to Child Therapy, Practicum in Child Therapy I-II: Psychodynamic, Trauma with Children and Adolescents, and Research Labs I-II: Applied Research. "My primary research interests are in applied clinical research related to children's mental health and interventions for these problems. I am interested in studying two different risk factors in mental health: childhood trauma, both relational trauma and event trauma, and developmental disabilities. In terms of intervention, I am interested in interventions at the individual level, both psychodynamic psychotherapy and sensorimotor psychotherapy, and educational and social interventions at the community level."

**Abraham Givner, Ph.D.** (Yeshiva University) Director of the School - Clinical Child Psychology Doctoral Program, Professor, Ferkauf-Silverstein Chair in School Psychology. Licensed Psychologist. Nationally Certified

School Psychologist. My interests are mostly related to graduate training issues. I have sponsored student research on most of these topics.

"I am primarily interested in archival studies that will analyze four years of data on the development of the New York New Jersey Externship Guidelines. The sample consists of approximately 2,000 graduate students, 400 externship sites and 28 doctoral programs. I am also interested in re-visiting an examination of Combined Integrated doctoral programs, ten years after the initial studies were conducted. Other topics include, Student and faculty attitudes towards cheating and plagiarism in graduate school and its consequences; Conflict between religious dogma and "best practices" in psychology; The Conscience Clause and its effect on graduate education; Accommodations in graduate schools"

**Erum Nadeem, Ph.D.** (University of California, Los Angeles) Associate Professor. Licensed Psychologist. Teaches: Practicum in Child Assessment I-II; Research Methods in Professional Psychology; Statistics; Research Labs I-II

Dr. Nadeem joined the School-Clinical Child Psychology faculty in August 2015. Dr. Nadeem is a clinical psychologist who studies the quality of mental health care and the implementation of evidence based treatments in schools and community settings. She is currently completing a study utilizing a community-partnered research approach to improve trauma care in schools, is conducting research focused on teacher consultation supporting the use to effective classroom practices for students with behavioral needs, and is collaborating on a project designed to improve access to early services for young children at risk for autism spectrum disorders. Dr. Nadeem also conducts observational and intervention studies focused on the implementation of evidence-based treatments for a range of childhood disorders across New York City and New York State through partnerships with community clinics. Finally, Dr. Nadeem has strong research interests in Latino mental health, community partnered research methods, and ethnic disparities in mental health and academic outcomes. Dr. Nadeem is a national trainer and expert in the Cognitive Behavioral Intervention for Trauma in Schools (CBITS), and an investigator in NYU's IDEAS Center for improving the implementation of evidence-based services for children and families (PI, Kimberly Hoagwood).

**Tracy Prout, Ph.D.** (Fordham University) Assistant Professor. Licensed Psychologist. Teaches: Adult Personality and Assessment, Psychodynamic Theory and Practice with Children and Families I-II ,:Psychodynamic; Practicum in Child Therapy I-II; Research Labs I-II

There has been increasing emphasis over the last several decades on the development of effective treatments with a strong evidence base. The majority of this research has been conducted to develop and validate cognitive behavioral approaches. Psychodynamic researchers have lagged behind in developing structured, clearly defined interventions that work. Dr. Prout's lab seeks to evaluate psychodynamic therapeutic approaches for children and adolescents and to learn more about the internal processes that are associated with psychological distress and mental health. Current projects include:

- Evaluating a time-limited psychodynamic treatment for children with mood-dysregulation, irritability, and aggression
- Exploring the role defense mechanisms play in substance abuse and trauma

## Religion/Spirituality

There is ample evidence to suggest that religion/spirituality have a largely ameliorative effect on physical and mental health. A belief in God, engaging in spiritual practices, and participating in a faith community all play a significant role in recovery and decreasing psychological distress. Dr. Prout's lab focuses on several aspects of religion/spirituality, including ways in which these constructs overlap with psychotherapy. Current projects include:

- A large-scale evaluation of a Christian counseling intervention in an outpatient setting. Aspects of this project include client-therapist match on religion/spirituality variables, the role of therapeutic alliance, the effect of personality pathology on alliance, and outcomes in Christian counseling.
- Exploring the role religious service attendance, religious coping, and intrinsic religiosity play in substance abuse and trauma
- Examining how social support and religious engagement affect treatment compliance among individuals with chronic mental illness
- Developing a qualitative data analysis method for scoring narrative data on object representations of God
- Evaluating the impact of clinician bias on the treatment of evangelical Christian clients

**Casey R. Shannon**, Ph.D. (University of Northern Colorado), Assistant Professor. Licensed Psychologist. Nationally Certified School Psychologist. Teaches the following courses: School Consultation & Supervision I-II; Qualitative Research; Integrating Gender and Race/Ethnicity in Multiculturalism; Research Labs I-II

"My research focuses on difficulties among adolescents, with attention to related ecological and multicultural factors. I am particularly interested in educational equity and working with traditionally underserved populations. I seek to integrate research with teaching strategies and intervention approaches, and contribute to social change where possible. Therefore, I see myself as an applied researcher. I am interested in employing applied research methods such as participatory action research, Photovoice, and implementation science. I am also interested in qualitative research approaches and opportunities to increase voice among marginalized populations.

Future projects include the use of Photovoice in urban settings, intervention techniques that integrate art, music, and technology, and stress and burnout prevention among parents and educators (e.g., Mindfulness Based Stress Reduction). I am also interested in pedagogical approaches used in psychology training programs."

**Esther Stavrou, Ph.D.** (Penn State University) Associate Clinical Professor. Licensed Psychologist. Nationally Certified School Psychologist. Teaches courses in School Consultation, Cognitive Assessment, Psychoeducatonal Assessment, and Ethical and Professional Issues; Research Labs I-II.

Dr. Stavrou's research aims to address practical questions and problems encountered by school psychologists on a daily basis. Since assessment is still an important part of the school psychologist's role, her research has focused on issues surrounding the utility and validity of the tests and other assessment procedures used by school psychologists. For example, an area of particular interest as a bilingual school psychologist has been the appropriateness of IQ tests for children from different cultural backgrounds. As someone who trains students in psychological report writing, she is also interested in researching ways to improve the utility of psychological reports.

Another important role for school psychologists involves consultation with parents and school personnel. She is interested in the factors that impact the consultant-consultee relationship as they relate to outcomes for students. This interest in consultation combines with her interest in report writing in studying the factors that increase the likelihood that parents and educators can and will follow through on recommendations made in reports.

A somewhat divergent area of research has been the impact of chronic illness on the academic and social functioning of school children. Again, this addresses a practical concern of school psychologists as many report that they frequently work with chronically ill students and their families, but feel limited in their training in this area. Her students collaborate with faculty in our Clinical Health Psychology program as well as researchers at Yeshiva University's Albert Einstein College of Medicine to conduct research on the impact of chronic illness on school functioning as well as the school psychologist's role in fostering resilience and minimizing risk in children with chronic medical conditions

**Melanie Wadkins, Ph.D.** (Fordham University) Assistant Professor. Licensed Psychologist. Teaches the following courses: Cognitive Assessment I, Statistics, Practicum in Child Therapy I-II: CBT and Evidenced-based Interventions for Youth II, Research Labs I-II.

The Ferkauf Anxiety Research Laboratory (FAR Lab) aims to conduct research that contributes to a better understanding of anxiety and related disorders. Projects are focused on improving the quality of life of children and families affected by anxiety disorders through identifying relevant aspects of living with anxiety that, if targeted, may help to improve evidence-based treatment.

Current projects include those focused on the impact of pediatric anxiety on families. When a child is anxious, parents, siblings, and others may make changes to normal family activities and routines or provide reassurance for the comfort of the anxious child. This accommodation is highly prevalent and may have an impact on the relationships between family members and the emotional well-being of others in the family. Additionally, because evidence-based treatment for childhood anxiety includes tasks which involve confronting fears and worries (exposure-based treatment), family accommodation may hinder successful treatment of childhood anxiety. Our research explores the influence accommodation has on treatment and reasons parents may continue to accommodate despite its negative impact on treatment progress. We are also looking at family relationships in an effort to improve the lives of parents who are caring for children with anxiety disorders.

Other current FAR Lab projects focus on the basic emotion of disgust and its relationship to the maintenance and development of psychopathology, including anxiety disorders, depression, and eating disorders. In particular, we have recently investigated the role of disgust in relationship to intolerance of uncertainty, scrupulosity, and obsessive-compulsive symptoms and the links between disordered eating attitudes, mindfulness, and disgust among Orthodox Jewish participants. Disgust is an understudied emotion which is often times neglected in treatment, despite emerging evidence of its relevance in the development and maintenance of anxiety disorders.

Online data collection will continue looking at the links between different forms of psychopathology, disgust sensitivity, and other cognitive and affective processes associated with disgust

## Adjunct Faculty: (2016-)

Steven Boksenbaum, Ph.D. Biological Bases of Behavior, School Neuropsychology

Ami Brilliant, Psy.D. Practicum in Child Assessment I-II
Tiffany Cohen, Psy.D. Practicum in Child Assessment I-II
Kelly Geisler, Psy.D. Neuropsychological Assessment
Karen Hazel, Psy.D. Practicum in Child Assessment I-II,

Neurodevelopmental Disorders Neuropsychological Assessment

Zev Labins, MD Psychopharmacology

Nicholas Naccari, Ph.D. Cognitive Assessment and Psychoeducational Assessment

Amy Price, Psy.D. Practicum in Child Assessment I-II

William Salton, Ph.D. Treatment of Young Adults. Practicum in Child

Therapy II: Psychodynamic

Mana Samghabadi, Ph.D. Appraisal of Personality

## **Adjunct Field Supervisors- 2016-17**

Externship or Internship site	Full name of primary supervisor
Astor Services for Children and Families: Bronx	Athena Drewes
Audrey Hepburn House at Hackensack University Medical Center	Michelle Mroz
Albert Einstein College of Medicine – Children's Educational and Rehabilitation Center	Erin Rivelis
Avenues: The World School	Rayhka Sharma, Lana Parker

Bay Ridge Preparatory School	John Kugler
Bikur Cholim	Yael Mayefsky
Brooklyn Friends School	Rachel Maldonado
Child Mind Institute	Jerry Bubrick Jill Emanuele David Anderson
Churchill School	Tracy Brenner Orit Goldhamer
Columbia University Medical Center	Laura Mufson
Columbia University Medical Center, Pediatric Neuropsychology, Department of Neurology	Veronica Hinton, Jenni Rosenberg, Kelly Janke
Cooke Center Grammar School	Nancy Wright
Cresskill Schools	Jennifer Pappachristou
Green Chimneys	Steven Klee, Jay Davidowitz
Hackensack University Medical Center - Institute for Pediatric Cancer and Blood Disorders	Anne Farrar-Anton
Hebrew Academy of Five Towns and Rockaway (haftr)- Elementary School	Samuel Frankel
HG Birch Childhood Center	Karen Hazel
JBFCS- Pride of Judea Community Services	Lucinda Hotchkiss
Jewish Child Care Association – Pleasantville	Nora Ryan
Keswell School	Ivy Feldman
Kings County Hospital Center	Rena Samin
League Education & Treatment Center - Joan Fenichel Therapeutic Nursery	Peter Piegari Brittany Weber
Leake and Watts	Aggie Bertrand, Lauren Foran
Long Beach Public Schools	Mariana Rothenberg
Louisiana State University Health Sciences Center (LSUHSC), School of Medicine	William Walker
Metro Regional Diagnostic and Treatment Center (RDTC)- GB-CBT Program	Lindsay Liotta
Metropolitan Montessori School	Monica Zweig
Montefiore Medical Center Rose F Kennedy Children's Evaluation and Rehabilitation Center - Birth to Five Program	Marlina Ruffino
Montefiore Medical Center Rose F Kennedy Children's Evaluation and Rehabilitation Center -	Tammi Fried, Bijan Ranebou
Developmental Support Services	

Child Health and Resiliency	
Mt. Sinai Medical Center: Division of ADHD, Learning and Related Disorders	Ami Norris-Brilliant
Mount Sinai School of Medicine - Seaver Autism Center for Research and Treatment	Danielle Halpern
Mt. Sinai and St. Lukes's Roosevelt (West) Hospitals	Shilpa Taufique
Nassau University Medical Center	Laura Lamontanaro
New Alternatives For Children	Laura Parsons Ashley Golub
Newark Beth Israel Medical Center RDTC GB-CBT	Lindsay Liotta
New York Center for Children	Edward Greenblatt
New York City Center for Children: Bronx Campus	Erica Heitner
New York City Center for Children: Queens Campus	Endra Henry
New York University Child Study: Autism	Kate Sullivan
Northwell Health Recognition and Prevention Program	Andrea Auther
Northwell Health Zucker Hillside Hospital- Franklin Lane	Stephanie Solow
Northwell Health-Developmental and Behavioral Paediatrics	Jill Sonnenklar, Robert Dimino
Pleasantville Schools	Debra Green
Queens Hospital CenterQuad School	Leslie Bogen
Rebecca School	Ismini Georgiades
Solomon Salanter Academy of Riverdale	Adina Schrage
Scarsdale Middle School	Elliott Cohen
SCO Family Services	Dr. Bahi
St. Luke's Child and Family Institute Outpatient Psychiatry Department (CFI-OPD	Nadia Hidayatallah
Stephan Gaynor School	Clare Cosentino
The Graham School	Andrea Loscalzo
The HELP Group	Priscilla Barajas
University of Texas Health Science Center at Houston	Katherine A. Loveland
White Plains Schools	Monica Sultan
Youth Consultation Services - Institute for Infant and Preschool Mental Health	Aileen Torres

## **Adjunct Clinical Supervisors 2015-16**

## **Clinical Child Supervisors: CBT Practicum INCOMPLETE**

- Dr. Terri Bacow
- Dr. Greta Doctoroff
- Dr. Stephanie Dowd
- Dr. Scott Greisberg
- Dr. Sameena Groves
- Dr. Meredith Grossman
- Dr. Rachel Hutt
- Dr. Kathryn Kavanaugh
- Dr. Steven Kurtz
- Dr. Rebecca LoPresti
- Dr. Jessica Masty
- Dr. Tara Mathews
- Dr. Rachel Posner
- Dr. Stacey Rosenkranz
- Dr. Yoni Schwab
- Dr. Stacey Slater
- Dr. Linda Spiro
- Dr. Adam Stein
- Dr. Rachelle Theise

## **Clinical Child Supervisors: Psychodynamic Practicum INCOMPLETE**

- Dr. David Block
- Dr. Brent Bounds
- Dr. Kirsten Butterfield
- Dr. Jonathan Eger
- Dr. Muriel Frisher
- Dr. Barbara Gerson
- Dr. Patricia Goodman
- Dr. Kim Hall-Shapiro
- Dr. Russell Hoffman
- Dr. Judith Kaufman
- Dr Tara Lieberman
- Dr. John Matthews
- Dr Angelina Morales
- Dr. Tracy Prout
- Dr. William Salton
- Dr. Raykha Sharma
- Dr. Sam Weissman

#### Self-Disclosure

### **Section 7.04 of APA's Code of Ethics states:**

#### **Student Disclosure of Personal Information**

Psychologists do not require students or supervisees to disclose personal information in course- or program-related activities, either orally or in writing, regarding sexual history, history of abuse and neglect, psychological treatment, and relationships with parents, peers, and spouses or significant others except if (1) the program or training facility has clearly identified this requirement in its admissions and program materials or (2) the information is necessary to

evaluate or obtain assistance for students whose personal problems could reasonably be judged to be preventing them from performing their training- or professionally related activities in a competent manner or posing a threat to the students or others.

This program supports the following policy statement that is provided to all students:

Self-observation and self-reflection or mindfulness are core aspects in the training of all professional psychologists. The doctoral programs in clinical psychology, clinical- health psychology, developmental psychology, school psychology and school-clinical psychology support this view. Applicants to these programs need to be aware that some classes may require disclosure of personal information in course or program-related activities either in writing or in class discussions. Course descriptions will indicate which classes include this requirement.

## **Financial Aid**

Information concerning financial aid can be obtained from the Ferkauf Graduate School catalog. In addition to student loans (Yeshiva University, GSL, HEAL, and TAP) stipends, fellowships, assistantships and scholarships are available to students each year. The NYC Department of Education has special financial incentive plans for those wishing to work for them after graduation. A representative of the Office of Financial Affairs is usually at the initial orientation meeting, at the end of August, and is available to discuss funding issues.

## **FGS Student Scholarship Procedures**

In order to apply for financial aid and scholarships from Ferkauf Graduate School, students must follow the following steps:

**Step 1.** Student completes and returns application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA), to the federal processor, or online at <a href="https://www.fafsa.ed.gov">www.fafsa.ed.gov</a>. Foreign citizens do not complete FAFSA

This information is necessary for further consideration of funds.

**Step 2.** Student completes the Student Financial Aid application and returns it to the Ferkauf's Office of the Dean.

These applications are made available to students towards the end of the Spring semester and can be requested at the Registrar. Completed applications must be submitted by specified date in May of each year for further consideration.

- **Step 3.** Processed FAFSA information and student transcripts are received by the Dean's office.
- **Step 4.** The Program Director reviews FAFSA information, transcripts, and applications stating needs of students and rank order their recommendations based on need, academic standing, and special circumstances.
- **Step 5.** Dean's Office awards funds to recommended students based on availability.

In addition, the Yeshiva University Office of Student Finance provides support to FGS students in the form of student loans. Financial aid is limited, however, and most students bear the brunt of financial responsibility on their own, or through outside work in addition to taking out student loans. Canadian students should contact the Canadian government regarding loans for graduate school. For additional information regarding Canada's student loans can be directed to:

Office of Student Accounts Yeshiva University (212) 960-5400 x5038

Financial support for minority and handicapped students is available through scholarship funds at the University.

Additional information can be received from the American Psychological Association, Minority Fellowship Office.

## **Teaching Assistantships**

Teaching assistantships are available each year to students who have demonstrated excellence in specified academic areas. Faculty members make recommendations to the Program Director for assistantships for the subsequent academic year. Assistantships are attached to courses in Cognitive Assessment I-II, Appraisal of Personality, Child Assessment with Practicum I-II, Neuropsychological Assessment, Practicum in Child Therapy I-II and others. Assistantships are also available for working in the Testing Library, int eh Admissions Office and with the Program Director.

#### **Health Insurance for Students**

Beginning Fall 2016, all graduate students in a doctoral or master's program who are registered for one (1) or more credits will be required to maintain health insurance coverage that meets or exceeds the University's criteria.

Students will be automatically enrolled in the student health insurance plan, and premium charges will be billed automatically to their Yeshiva University account. The annual charge for 2016-2017 will be \$2,945. Academic Health Plans (AHP) has been selected to administer the student health insurance plan, underwritten by Christie Health Insurance, for the 2016-2017 academic year.

Students who have comparable health insurance coverage can waive out of this plan. Instructions for submitting a waiver as well as detailed coverage information will be located on the Yeshiva University AHP website:

<a href="https://myahpcare.com">https://myahpcare.com</a> after June 13<sup>th</sup>. You will be able to waive out of coverage 7/1/2016 —

10/14/2016. Please note, no deadline extensions or exceptions will be granted after the waiver deadline.

Once you have successfully submitted your waiver request, you will receive an automated email confirming receipt of your request. Make sure you have received a submission confirmation email, and print it for your records. Should there be any problems with your waiver, you will need this confirmation email and your waiver request ID number. This automated waiver does not constitute granting of a waiver; a separate email as to whether your waiver request has been approved will be sent from Academic HealthPlans within one week. Those students who are granted a waiver will have the health insurance fee removed from their Yeshiva University accounts. It is the student's responsibility to follow up on the status of their waiver request and to ensure that all information is received by AHP prior to the waiver deadline.

There are several programs which may help students obtain medical insurance:

#### **COBRA**

The COBRA program gives certain workers and their families who lose their health benefits the right to choose to continue group health benefits for limited periods of time under certain circumstances. See: http://www.dol.gov/dol/topic/health-plans/cobra.htm

### **FAMILY HEALTH PLUS**

Students who are residents of New York State and who are United States citizens or fall under certain immigration categories may be eligible for Family Health Plus.

See: http://www.health.state.nyus/nysdoh/fhplus/who can join.htm

## **HEALTHY NY**

"Healthy NY" may meet the needs for health insurance coverage of students who are residents of New York. See: <a href="http://www.ins.state.ny.us/website2/hny/english/hnyeci.htm">http://www.ins.state.ny.us/website2/hny/english/hnyeci.htm</a> or:1-866-HEALTHY-NY(1-866-432-5849).

#### **MEDICAID**

Persons with limited income may qualify for Medicaid. This is a federal program for persons with limited income which is administered by each of the states.

See: <a href="http://www.cms.hhs.gov/medicaid/consumer.asp">http://www.cms.hhs.gov/medicaid/consumer.asp</a>
New York residents may obtain information regarding eligibility criteria at <a href="http://www.health.state.nyus/health">http://www.health.state.nyus/health</a> care/medicaid/index.htm#qualify

The following programs may help students get medical care at reduced costs:

### **CLINICS**

A local clinic may be able to help you get low-cost medical care. See:http://www.ask.hrsa.gov/Downloads/PriCareDirectory/PriCareR02.pdf

### PRESCRIPTION DRUGS:

http://www.needymeds.com is a site that attempts to help you reduce costs.

For general advice, please see http://www.needymeds.com/sponsors/dfl intro.pdf

The manufacturer may help you reduce costs. Identify the name of the manufacturer of your medication and see <a href="http://www.needymeds.com/indices/company.shtml">http://www.needymeds.com/indices/company.shtml</a> for information regarding the procedures used by that manufacturer.

You may be eligible for the "Rx Access" card. For information, go to <a href="http://www.togetherrxaccess.com">http://www.togetherrxaccess.com</a>.

## **Organization of Psychology Students (OPS)**

https://www.yu.edu/ferkauf/organization\_psych\_students.asp

The Organization of Psychology Students (OPS) is the student organization of the Ferkauf Graduate School of Psychology. Each Ferkauf student is a member of the organization. "Dues," called student activity fees, are collected automatically each semester with tuition. These dues constitute the budget of OPS.

The purpose of the organization is to provide Ferkauf students with information relevant to their academic and professional careers. Members serve to facilitate communication between students, administration/faculty, student organizations and alumni by acting as a liaison between the groups. In addition, OPS offers seminars, workshops, and provides funding for student research and conferences. In attempts to foster a sense of community within the culture of Ferkauf, OPS sponsors student socials, and refreshments during midterms and finals.

OPS and its members do not discriminate against any individuals for reasons of race, national origin, color, religion, gender, age, veteran status, sexual orientation or disability. The Executive Board of OPS consists of no less than seven members representing each of the Ferkauf Graduate Psychology Programs who are elected to a two year term by the general OPS membership from each program except for the Master's program representative who is elected to a one year term. Officers are chair and co-chair, secretary, treasurer, coordinator of social events, purchasing, and maintenance of student lounge and computer lab. The structure of OPS encourages maximum participation by all students.

An important format has been developed within our program to enhance student feedback to the program faculty. Two representatives from each class, elected by fellow students, meet with the director of the program on a regular basis to review and discuss student issues and concerns.

Within the program, feedback from students concerning courses, faculty instruction, professional issues and advisement are solicited and welcomed. Such feedback may be presented at the meetings mentioned above, or by other students to any faculty member, faculty advisor or the program director. Program changes have resulted from direct student feedback which is a respected and important component for the continued success and development of the program.

The OPS representatives from the Combined School-Clinical Child Program, for 2016-17, are Laurie Scherer and Matt Stahl. Their email addresses are available from the Program Director.

## **Student Representatives:**

Each cohort selects 2-3 student representatives who meet with the Program Director to voice the cohort's views and discuss programmatic issues.

The representatives for 2016-17 are:

First year: TBA

Second year: Arielle Sherman, Billie Katz, Rachel Slater Third year: Gina Samson, Jenna Duncalf and Sophia Aizin Fourth year: Emma Gaines, Laurie Scherer, Evelyn Berger

Fifth year: Danielle Landau,

Colloquia & Workshops

## Attending outside workshops/ conferences.

The Program recognizes that students need to avail themselves of varied opportunities to augment their Health Service Provider training. We want to encourage students to take advantage of the myriad of learning and training opportunities that are available to them outside of Ferkauf. We want to especially encourage students to attend workshops that focus on issues of human diversity.

Therefore, students will be expected to attend at least one Professional Workshop, lecture or Conference, each year, that is sponsored by a local, state or national psychology organization or training facility. It is expected that these experiences will augment the student's training in the field of school-clinical child psychology. Attendance at such meetings is in addition to any "required attendance" connected to classes.

Students will need to provide evidence of attendance. Students should request faculty approval prior to registering for the event. Attendance at such meetings will be incorporated into the faculty evaluations of the students' professional development.

## Attending Ferkauf Colloquia and workshops

Each doctoral program at Ferkauf schedules colloquia and/or workshops for students. The School-Clinical Child Psychology Program requires its students who are on campus on the day of the event to attend the Program sponsored colloquia. (Attendance will be taken)

The Program also encourages students to attend colloquia sponsored by the other doctoral programs.

Colloquia and workshops are typically scheduled during non-course hours (typically Thursday 12 –2 PM, or on weekend days) so as not to conflict with course schedules. Announcement notices for colloquia and workshops are provided 2-4 weeks ahead of time to permit students ample time to re-schedule other commitments. Refreshments are provided to all attendees.

Attendance of colloquia and workshops by graduate students will be reviewed by faculty at the end-of-semester and/or end-of-year student evaluation meetings, and will be incorporated into faculty ratings of each student's competency in achieving expected role responsibilities of graduate students at their level. As such, it will favorably affect the overall evaluation rating of each graduate student.

Faculty advisors are responsible for communicating the faculty's appraisal of each student's competency in achieving expected role responsibilities, including attendance at colloquia and workshops, following end-of-semester and/or end-of-year meetings.

Following each colloquium or workshop, students provide anonymous feedback as to the colloquium's effectiveness and relevance to their professional training, and provide suggestions as to future educational experiences.

## **Employment and Licensing data**

Notices of employment opportunities are posted on the Program's listserve and on bulletin boards outside the offices of the Program Director.

The graduates of the school-clinical child psychology programs have found employment in schools, hospitals, academia, nurseries, and mental health facilities. Lists of graduates with their current job placements may be found in the director's office.

# **Important Activities and Timeline**

September:   Color	rientation and Beginning of School connect with your mentor ake appointment to see your advisor – get to know ch other.  review a copy of School-Clinical Child Psychology ogram Student Handbook on line and Ferkauf raduate School Handbook  abmit signed statement that you read the Code of hics and the Program Handbook  ambership issues: APA, Div 16 (School ychology), Div 12 (Clinical Psychology), Div. 53 ociety of Clinical Child and Adolescent ychology), Division 44 (Society for the ychological Study of Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual and ansgender Issues) Division 45 (Society for the ychological Study of Culture, Ethnicity and ace), NASP, NYASP  odate your resume – review with advisor receive 2 <sup>nd</sup> year School externship list from Program rector review School externship options with Program rector ontact school psychology externship sites for Sept	
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be     January	egister for spring semester	
January Ad Feb-March Ad April Re Co	otification of externship acceptances will occur	
Feb-March Adaptil Ref	tween December and March	
April Re Co	dministration Competency exam (WISC-V)	
Co	dvisement	
Di	egister for fall semester	
	omplete Scholarship/Financial Aid Form	
o.d	scuss Bilingual Extension requirements with your	
	visor	
	ontact Externship supervisor about 2 <sup>nd</sup> year	
ex	ternship experience. Arrange a visit for May	
May De	ownload Monthly Summary Form to be used in	
Se		
	omplete Annual Student Activity Survey and Self-	
	aluation - online	
May A	atuation - offine	
M	Iministration Competency Exam (Rorschach)	
Year 2:	lministration Competency Exam (Rorschach)	

August	School begins	
September	Complete Externship Contract – return completed	
	copy to Program Director by September 30.	
	Chart externship activities on Monthly Review Form	
	(Excel) through June – template emailed to all	
	students	
	Meeting with Faculty to discuss research	
	opportunities for Research Projects	
November	Review 3 <sup>rd</sup> year Hospital externship options with	
	Program Director	
	On-line review of sites	
	Develop list of 5-10 options	
	Update cv	
December	On-line review of externship sites (See FDU WIKI	
	site)	
	Develop list of 10 options	
	Review externship options. Prepare material for	
	submission. Register for spring	
	Submit Monthly Extern Logs for Sept-Dec	
	Externship Supervisor will receive "surveymonkey:	
	links to: Semi-yearly Evaluation Form.	
	Submission of Externship applications: about Jan 15	
Jan-Feb	Externship Interviews.	
Jan-red	Provide information to Program Director	
March	Externship notification -	
April	Register for fall semester	
71 <b>)</b> 111	Complete Scholarship/Financial Aid Form	
	Discuss Bilingual Extension requirements with your	
	advisor	
May	Externship Supervisor will receive "surveymonkey:	
·	links to: Semi-yearly Evaluation Form.	
	Attestation Form - to be returned to Program Director	
	<ul> <li>You should make a copy for yourself</li> </ul>	
	Complete Scoring and Written Assessment	
	Competency exams	
June	Submit Monthly Externship Log for January-June.	
	Make copy for yourself of entire year's experiences	
	Attestation Form - to be returned to Program Director	
	Complete your evaluation of Externship experience –	
	on line	
	Complete Annual Program Student Activity Survey	
	and Self-Evaluation—online	
	Obtain a letter of recommendation from your	
Transa T1-	Externship Supervisor that can be put on file	
June-July	After passing Competency exams and passing all	
	courses, register for the Masters of Science in School	
	Psychology. Applications can be obtained from Registrar	
	Registral	
Var. 2.	Activity	Comments
Year 3:	·	
August	School begins	
September	Complete Externship Contract – return completed	
	copy to Program Director by September 30.	
	Chart externship activities on Monthly Logs through	
	June	1

November	Review 4th year Hospital/School externship options	
November		
	with Program Director On-line review of sites	
	Contact sites via email	
	Update cv	
December	On-line review of externship sites (See FDU WIKI	
	site)	
	Develop list of 8 options	
	Review externship options. Prepare material for	
	submission.	
	Register for spring	
	Submit Monthly Extern Log for Sept-Dec	
	Externship Supervisor will receive "surveymonkey:	
	links to: Semi-yearly Evaluation Form.	
January -	Submission of Externship applications: January 15	
March	Externship Interviews for fourth year	
	Provide information to Program Director	
April	Register for fall semester	
	Complete Scholarship/Financial Aid Form	
	Discuss Bilingual Extension requirements with your	
	advisor	
	Initial Meeting to discuss 5 <sup>th</sup> year Full-time Internship	
May	Externship Supervisor will receive "surveymonkey:	
•	links to: Semi-yearly Evaluation Form.	
	Attestation Form - to be returned to Program Director	
	Submit Monthly Externship Summary for January-	
	June. Make copy for yourself of entire year's	
	experiences.	
	Complete your evaluation of Externship experience –	
	on line	
	Complete Annual Program Student Survey and Self-	
	Evaluation – online	
	Meet current fourth year students to discuss 5 <sup>th</sup> year	
	internship	
	Meet individually with current fourth year or fifth	
	year students to discuss the internship process. Use	
	them as mentors for this process.	
June-August	Preparation for Fifth year Clinical Internship:	
oune magast	1- Update cv	
	2- Register with APPIC	
	3- Register for Match	
	4- Download APPIC application	
	5- Complete application	
	6- Arrange for 3-4 recommendations	
	7- Submit draft of APPIC essays and CV to	
	Program Director for review	
	You are not permitted to apply for APPIC	
	accredited internships until Research Project I and	
	your proposal for RPII have been approved. RPI	
	and the approved proposal for RPII must be	
	completed by October 1.  Proporation for Eifth woor School Internehin:	
	Preparation for Fifth year School Internship:	
	1- Update your resume –submit to Director	
	2- Review list of sites	
	(note: there is no uniform application)	
	3- Arrange for 3 recommendations	
	4- Contact sites September-Nov	

T 7 4		G :
Year 4:	Activity	Comments
August	School begins	
September	Complete Externship Contract – return completed	
	copy to Program Director.	
	Chart externship activities on Monthly	
	Log through June	
	Submit APPIC application along with Part 2 to the	
	Program Director	
	Explore adult internship rotation	
September-	Begin gathering information about School Psychology	
October	Internships.	
	You are not permitted to apply for internships in	
	schools until Research Project I and your proposal	
	for RPII have been approved. Must be completed	
	by October 1 or Oct 15 for school internships	
	There is no uniform notification date for	
	internships in schools. It can occur at anytime	
	after your interview	
October 15	Date by which Research Project I and proposal for	
	RPII must be signed by your advisor, so that you can	
	continue to apply for an APPIC internship	
Nov 1-15	Submission of completed APPIC applications to sites	
	October 1: Date by which Research Project I and	
	proposal for RPII must be signed by your advisor, so	
	that you can continue to apply for an School	
	Psychology internship	
December	Interviews begin for APPIC internship. They continue	
	till last week of January. Interviews begin for School	
	Internships and may continue till April	
	Register for spring	
	Submit Monthly Externship Summary for Sept-Dec	
	Externship Supervisor will receive "surveymonkey:	
	links to: Semi-yearly Evaluation Form.	
January	Interviews	
February	APPIC Internship Notification date is usually the third	
rebruary	Friday of the month	
April	Register for fall semester	
May	Externship Supervisor will receive "surveymonkey:	
wiay	links to: Semi-yearly Evaluation Form.	
	Attestation Form - to be returned to Program Director	
	Submit Monthly Externship Summary for January-	
	June. Make copy for yourself of entire year's	
	experiences  Complete year evaluation of Euternahin current and	
	Complete your evaluation of Externship experience-	
	on line	
	Complete Annual Program Student Activity Form and	
•	Self-Evaluation – on line	
June	At this point you are eligible for NYS School	
	Psychology Certification. The program Director will	
	provide the application.	
Year 5:	Activity	Comments
September	Complete Internship Contract – return completed	
	copy to Program Director.	

	through June	
	PLAN TO COMPLETE RESEARCH PROJECT	
	II before second week of May	
December	Register for spring	
	Submit Monthly Internship Summary for Sept-Dec	
	Provide Internship Supervisor with semi-yearly	
	Evaluation Form – to be returned to Program Director	
May	Provide Internship Supervisor with:	
	1- semi-yearly Evaluation Form – to be returned	
	to Program Director	
	2- Attestation Form - to be returned to Program	
	Director	
	Submit Monthly Internship Summary for January-	
	June	
	Complete your evaluation of Internship experience –	
	on line	
	Complete Annual Program Student Survey and Self-	
	Evaluation – on line	
	GRADUATION !!!	

# **TELEPHONE NUMBERS and E-mail Addresses:**

F.	<b>/T</b>	<b>Faculty:</b>	
■ /		i acuity.	

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#### **APPENDICES**

## **Appendix A:**

University Policy Statement on Non-Discrimination, Affirmative Action and Unlawful Workplace Harassment

As an integral part of the Affirmative Action Program of Yeshiva University, the University periodically issues a formal statement reaffirming the University's long-standing commitment to affirmative action and equal opportunity. As President of Yeshiva University I want to take this opportunity to reaffirm our commitment to apply every good faith effort in achieving nondiscrimination and equality of opportunity in employment and in all spheres of academic life

All University-wide decisions with regard to faculty, staff and students are based on equitable and equally applied standards of excellence. Affirmative action procedures have been established, both as a legal obligation under applicable law and as a visible and formal expression of institutional policy. This policy is designed to insure that recruitment, hiring, training, promotion, and all other personnel actions take place and all programs involving students, both academic and non-academic are administered without regard to race, religion, creed, color, national origin, sex, age, disability, veteran or disabled veteran status, marital status, sexual orientation or citizenship status as those terms are used in the law. In addition, this policy is designed to maintain a work and academic environment free of harassment and intimidation. The Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC), defines sexual harassment as "unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature constitute sexual harassment when (1) submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's employment, (2) submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as the basis for employment decisions affecting such individual, or (3) such conduct has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's work performance or creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive working environment."

The responsibility for the University's affirmative action/equal opportunity and anti-harassment policy lies with all associate and assistant deans, chairpersons, department heads, directors, administrators, managers and supervisors in their areas of responsibility and requires the commitment of the entire University community. Administrative and investigative responsibility has been assigned to the Affirmative Action Administrator. If you have any questions relating to affirmative action or equal opportunity issues or wish the University to pursue a possible violation of the policy, you should contact the University's Affirmative Action Administrator located at the Albert Einstein College of Medicine, 1300 Morris Park Avenue, 1206 Belfer, Bronx, NY 10461, (718) 430-2552. When warranted, the University will take appropriate corrective action to remedy all violations of this policy, up to and including

termination and/or expulsion. Where appropriate, the University may also report discriminatory conduct to licensing boards. Yeshiva University prohibits any form of retaliation against any employee or student for filing a bona fide complaint or for assisting in a complaint investigation.

# **Appendix B1: MONTHLY LOG Clinical**

Student name and Placement:	July '16	Aug '16	Sept	oct	nov	dec	jan '17	feb	mar	apr	may	jun	Total
ASSESSMENT	_										,	,	
Number of NEW Cases per Month:													
Preschoolers													0
Children													0
Adolescents													0
Adults													0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total number of assessment cases per month	0	0	U	U	U	U		U	U	U	U	U	
Insert # of administrations- child adol asse Achenbach/ Conners/BASC													0
													0
Bayley													0
BDI/CDI													0
Bender													C
Beery													C
Benton													0
Bilingual administration: specify test													C
Boston Naming													C
CELF													C
DAS													0
DISC/DICA													C
Drawings													C
FBA													C
K-BIT/ABC													C
Key Math													C
Millon													C
MMPI-A													0
NEPSY													C
Purdue													C
Rorschach													
RTI cases													
S-B													
Sentence Comp													
TAT/CAT													
TEMAS													
Trail marking													(
VMI													
WASI													C
WIAT													C
WISC V													0
WISC -Span													C
W-J ACH													C
Woodcock-Munoz													C
W-J COG													C
WPPSI													C
WRAML													C
Vineland													C
Other													C
Total # child/adol assessmnt													(
ESTIMATE # of hrs conducting assessments													C
Total hrs spent writing reports -ch/adol													C

	July '16	Aug '16	Sept '16	oct	nov	dec	jan '17	feb	mar	apr	may	jun	Total
# of ADULT TESTS administered													
Bender Gestalt													0
Mental Status exam													0
Personality Assessment Inventory													0
Projective Sentences (includes Rotter and others)													0
Projective Drawings													0
Rorschach (scoring system:													0
Self-report measures													0
Strong Interest Inventory													0
Structured Diag. Interviews													0
TAT													0
Trail Making Test A & B													0
WAIS													0
Wechsler Memory Scale													0
WIAT													0
Other	0	0	0	0	0	•	0	0	0	•	•	•	0
Total # of adult assessment	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total # of hours conducting assessment  Total # of reports written													0
Total hrs spent writing reports -adults													0
Total # Hours for File and/or Report Reviews per Month													0
INDIVIDUAL INPATIENT THERAPY HOURS PER MONTH				•				•			•		U
Adults													0
Adolescent													0
Child													0
Family													0
Parents													0
Total # Inpt. Tx Hours/Month	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
INDIVIDUAL OUTPATIENT THERAPY HOURS PER MONTH													
Adults													0
Adolescent													0
Child													0
Preschool													0
Family													0
Parents													0
Total# Inpt. Tx Hours/Month	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
INDIVIDUAL INPATIENT THERAPY PATIENTS PER MONTH	4												
Adults													0
Adolescent													0
Child													0
Family													0
Parents													0
Total # Inpt. Tx PATIENTS/Month	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
INDIVIDUAL OUTPATIENT THERAPY PATIENTS PER MON	ITH												
Adults													0
Adolescent													0
Child													0
Preschool													0
Family													0
Parents													0
Total# Inpt. Tx PATIENTS/Month	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	July '16	Aug '16	Sept '16	oct	nov	dec	jan '17	feb	mar	apr	may	jun	Total
Consultation- Hours													
In person													0
On phone													0

													•
Teachers													0
Other Professional													0
Families													0
Total # Consultation Hrs/Month	0	0	0	0	0	0	(	0	0	0	0	0	0
SUPERVISION YOU RECEIVED Individual													0
Group													0
Peer/Other Peer/Other													0
Total # Supervision Hrs/Month	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Supervising Others													0
Observations: # observed													
Teachers													0
Children													0
Classroom													0
Total # observed	0	0	0	0	0	0	(	0	0	0	0	0	0
INTERVIEWS/INTAKES													
Children													0
Adolescents													0
Families													0
Parents													0
Adults													0
Total# interviews/Intakes for month	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Total # of hrs for interviews/intakes/month													
OTHER HOURS													
Total # case conferences/parent metings/CSE/Impartials													0
Total # Grand RoundsHrs/Month													0
Total # Seminars Hrs/Month													0
Total # Unit Rounds/Team mtgs Hrs/Month													0
Total # Externship Experiential Group Hrs/Month													U
													0
													0 0
Total # Community Meeting Hours/Month													0
Total # Community Meeting Hours/Month Other Hours/Month	_												0
Total # Community Meeting Hours/Month Other Hours/Month TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS FOR MONTH	_												0
Total # Community Meeting Hours/Month Other Hours/Month  TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS FOR MONTH  Have you been involved with any ethical issue?(Y/N)	_												0
Total # Community Meeting Hours/Month Other Hours/Month  TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS FOR MONTH  Have you been involved with any ethical issue?(Y/N) Indicate # of new clients each month													0 0
Total # Community Meeting Hours/Month Other Hours/Month  TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS FOR MONTH  Have you been involved with any ethical issue?(Y/N) Indicate # of new clients each month  African American/Black/African origin													0
Total # Community Meeting Hours/Month Other Hours/Month  TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS FOR MONTH  Have you been involved with any ethical issue?(Y/N) Indicate # of new clients each month African American/Black/African origin Asian American/Asian Origin	_												0 0 0
Total # Community Meeting Hours/Month Other Hours/Month  TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS FOR MONTH  Have you been involved with any ethical issue?(Y/N) Indicate # of new clients each month  African American/Black/African origin	_												0 0 0
Total # Community Meeting Hours/Month Other Hours/Month  TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS FOR MONTH  Have you been involved with any ethical issue?(Y/N) Indicate # of new clients each month African American/Black/African origin Asian American/Asian Origin Latino-a/Hispanic	_												0 0 0 0 0 0
Total # Community Meeting Hours/Month Other Hours/Month  TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS FOR MONTH  Have you been involved with any ethical issue?(Y/N) Indicate # of new clients each month African American/Black/African origin Asian American/Asian Origin Latino-a/Hispanic South Asian													0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Total # Community Meeting Hours/Month Other Hours/Month  TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS FOR MONTH  Have you been involved with any ethical issue?(Y/N) Indicate # of new clients each month African American/Black/African origin Asian American/Asian Origin Latino-a/Hispanic South Asian American Indian/ Native American													0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Total # Community Meeting Hours/Month Other Hours/Month  TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS FOR MONTH  Have you been involved with any ethical issue?(Y/N) Indicate # of new clients each month African American/Black/African origin Asian American/Asian Origin Latino-a/Hispanic South Asian American Indian/ Native American  Experience with diverse populations: child/adult													0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Total # Community Meeting Hours/Month Other Hours/Month  TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS FOR MONTH  Have you been involved with any ethical issue?(Y/N) Indicate # of new clients each month African American/Black/African origin Asian American/Asian Origin Latino-a/Hispanic South Asian American Indian/ Native American  Experience with diverse populations: child/adult European Origin/White													0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Total # Community Meeting Hours/Month Other Hours/Month  TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS FOR MONTH  Have you been involved with any ethical issue?(Y/N) Indicate # of new clients each month African American/Black/African origin Asian American/Asian Origin Latino-a/Hispanic South Asian American Indian/ Native American  Experience with diverse populations: child/adult  European Origin/White Bi-/multi-racial													0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Total # Community Meeting Hours/Month Other Hours/Month  TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS FOR MONTH  Have you been involved with any ethical issue?(Y/N) Indicate # of new clients each month African American/Black/African origin Asian American/Asian Origin Latino-a/Hispanic South Asian American Indian/ Native American  Experience with diverse populations: child/adult  European Origin/White Bi-/multi-racial Heterosexual													0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Total # Community Meeting Hours/Month Other Hours/Month  TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS FOR MONTH  Have you been involved with any ethical issue?(Y/N) Indicate # of new clients each month African American/Black/African origin Asian American/Asian Origin Latino-a/Hispanic South Asian American Indian/ Native American  Experience with diverse populations: child/adult European Origin/White Bi-/multi-racial Heterosexual Gay													0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Total # Community Meeting Hours/Month Other Hours/Month  TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS FOR MONTH  Have you been involved with any ethical issue?(Y/N) Indicate # of new clients each month African American/Black/African origin Asian American/Asian Origin Latino-a/Hispanic South Asian American Indian/ Native American  Experience with diverse populations: child/adult  European Origin/White Bi-/multi-racial Heterosexual Gay Lesbian	lube	Aug	Sant				jan						0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Total # Community Meeting Hours/Month Other Hours/Month  TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS FOR MONTH  Have you been involved with any ethical issue?(Y/N) Indicate # of new clients each month African American/Black/African origin Asian American/Asian Origin Latino-a/Hispanic South Asian American Indian/ Native American  Experience with diverse populations: child/adult European Origin/White Bi-/multi-racial Heterosexual Gay Lesbian Bisexual	July '16	Aug '16	Sept '16	oct	nov	dec	jan '17	feb	mar	apr	may	jun	
Total # Community Meeting Hours/Month Other Hours/Month  TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS FOR MONTH  Have you been involved with any ethical issue?(Y/N) Indicate # of new clients each month African American/Black/African origin Asian American/Asian Origin Latino-a/Hispanic South Asian American Indian/ Native American  Experience with diverse populations: child/adult  European Origin/White Bi-/multi-racial Heterosexual Gay Lesbian Bisexual Transsexual/Transgender  Physical/orthopedic disability				oct	nov	dec		feb	mar	apr	may	jun	
Total # Community Meeting Hours/Month Other Hours/Month  TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS FOR MONTH  Have you been involved with any ethical issue?(Y/N) Indicate # of new clients each month African American/Black/African origin Asian American/Asian Origin Latino-a/Hispanic South Asian American Indian/ Native American  Experience with diverse populations: child/adult  European Origin/White Bi-/multi-racial Heterosexual Gay Lesbian Bisexual Transsexual/Transgender  Physical/orthopedic disability Blind/visually impaired				oct	nov	dec		feb	mar	арг	may	jun	
Total # Community Meeting Hours/Month Other Hours/Month  TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS FOR MONTH  Have you been involved with any ethical issue?(Y/N) Indicate # of new clients each month African American/Black/African origin Asian American/Asian Origin Latino-a/Hispanic South Asian American Indian/ Native American  Experience with diverse populations: child/adult European Origin/White Bi-/multi-racial Heterosexual Gay Lesbian Bisexual Transsexual/Transgender  Physical/orthopedic disability Blind/visually impaired Deaf/hard of hearing				oct	nov	dec		feb	mar	apr	may	jun	
Total # Community Meeting Hours/Month Other Hours/Month  TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS FOR MONTH  Have you been involved with any ethical issue?(Y/N) Indicate # of new clients each month African American/Black/African origin Asian American/Asian Origin Latino-a/Hispanic South Asian American Indian/ Native American  Experience with diverse populations: child/adult European Origin/White Bi-/multi-racial Heterosexual Gay Lesbian Bisexual Transsexual/Transgender  Physical/orthopedic disability Blind/visually impaired Deaf/hard of hearing Developmental disability				oct	nov	dec		feb	mar	арг	may	jun	
Total # Community Meeting Hours/Month Other Hours/Month  TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS FOR MONTH  Have you been involved with any ethical issue?(Y/N) Indicate # of new clients each month African American/Black/African origin Asian American/Asian Origin Latino-a/Hispanic South Asian American Indian/ Native American  Experience with diverse populations: child/adult  European Origin/White Bi-/multi-racial Heterosexual Gay Lesbian Bisexual Transsexual/Transgender  Physical/orthopedic disability Blind/visually impaired Deaf/hard of hearing Developmental disability Mental illness				oct	nov	dec		feb	mar	apr	may	jun	
Total # Community Meeting Hours/Month Other Hours/Month  TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS FOR MONTH  Have you been involved with any ethical issue?(Y/N) Indicate # of new clients each month African American/Black/African origin Asian American/Asian Origin Latino-a/Hispanic South Asian American Indian/ Native American  Experience with diverse populations: child/adult European Origin/White Bi-/multi-racial Heterosexual Gay Lesbian Bisexual Transsexual/Transgender  Physical/orthopedic disability Blind/visually impaired Deaf/hard of hearing Developmental disability				oct	nov	dec		feb	mar	apr	may	jun	

	Aug	Sept			- سلم	: <b>-</b>	£ _ !-			m ·	i	31	<u></u>	T := 4
ASSESSMENT	'16	'16	oct	nov	dec	jan	feb	mar	apr	may	jun	jul	aug	Tota
Number of NEW cases per Month:														
Preschoolers														
Children														
Adolescents														
Adults														
Total number of NEW														
assessment cases per month	0		0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
nsert # of new administrations of each test below:														
Achenbach/ Conners/BASC														
Bayley														
BDI/CDI														
Bender														
Beery														
Benton														
Bilingual administration: specify est														
Boston Naming														
CELF														
DAS														
DISC/DICA														
Drawings														
FBA														
K-BIT/ABC														
Key Math														
Millon														
MMPI-A														
NEPSY														
Purdue														
Rorschach														
RTI cases														
S-B														
Sentence Comp														
ΓΑΤ/CAT														
ΓEMAS														
Frail marking														
/MI														
WASI														
WIAT														
NISC IV														
NISC -Span														
N-J ACH														
Noodcock-Munoz														
N-J COG														
WPPSI														
WRAML														
/ineland														
Other														
Fotal # child/adol assessmnt	0		0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	,		·	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Aug	Sept												[
Fot. # of hours conducting	'16	'16	oct	nov	dec	jan	feb	mar	apr	may	jun	jul	aug	Tota
child/adol assessment														
Fotal hrs spent writing reports ch/adol														

		l												
Treatment in Schools: # of NEW cases														
Adolescent														C
Child														C
Rti														C
Classroom management - # kids in classes														C
Crisis Intervent. # of cases														C
CSE/IEP mtngs Groups (# of kids in groups- total)														(
Remediation - # cases														0
Total # of cases	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
Consultation- Hours														
In person														(
On phone														(
Teachers														C
Families														C
Other Professional														(
Supervising Others														
Total # Consultation Hrs/Month	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
SUPERVISION YOU RECEIVED- hrs														
Individual														C
Group														C
Peer/Other														C
Total # Supervision Hrs/Month	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Observations: # observed														
Teachers														C
Children														C
Classroom														0
Total # observed	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
INTERVIEWS/INTAKES														
Children														C
Adolescents														C
Families														C
Parents														C
Adults														C
Total# interviews/Intakes for month	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER HOURS														
Total # cse conferences/parent metings/CSE/Impartials Total # Grand RoundsHrs/Month														C
	Aug '16	Sept	c = 4	<b></b>	4	i	fal-	<b>m</b>		ne e	i	;	<b>~··</b> ~	T-4-
Total # Seminars Hrs/Month	10	'16	oct	nov	dec	jan	feb	mar	apr	may	jun	jul	aug	<b>Tota</b> l
Total # Unit Rounds Hrs/Month														
Total # Team Meetings														C
Hrs/Month														(
Total # Externship Experiential Group Hrs/Month														C
Total # Community Meeting Hours/Month														(
Other Hours/Month														C

0

Have you been involved with any ethical issue?(Y/N)

NEW Experience with diverse populations: child	#s												
African American/Black/African origin													0
Asian American/Asian Origin													0
Latino-a/Hispanic													0
South Asian American Indian/ Native													0
American													0
European Origin/White													0
Bi-/multi-racial													0
Heterosexual													0
Gay													0
Lesbian													0
Bisexual													0
Transsexual/Transgender													0
Physical/orthopedic disability													0
Blind/visually impaired													0
Deaf/hard of hearing													0
Developmental disability													0
Mental illness													0
Male													0
Female													0

## **Appendix C:**

Combined School-Clinical Child Psychology Program
Ferkauf Graduate School of Psychology
Evaluation of Student's

## Faculty Evaluation of Student Progress Report (January and June)

STUDENT NAME:

Academic Year Began Program: Academic Advisor: Drs.

Research Advisor

The faculty is asked to rate the student's performance in each of the following areas using the ratings categories described below. Evaluations will be followed with a written evaluation letter to each student. A remediation plan, if needed, will be outlined in the letter. Please provide as much information as you can at this time.

- 1. Please rate the student's current level of knowledge, skills, and attitudes using this scale.
- Q1: Faculty member's name:
- Q3: Name of Student
- Q4: Please rate the student's current level of knowledge, skills, and attitudes using this scale. na= No opportunity to evaluate or insufficent information 1= Not competent has not shown consistent improvement 2= Problems, but approaching competence has shown improvement 3= Competent for current level of training 4= More than competent 5= Highly competent
- 1. Academic Performance (demonstrates knowledge of specific content areas and the relation of science to practice) (faculty only)
- 2. Administration, Scoring and interpretation of psychological and psychoeducational instruments: (highest score requires: can apply concepts of typical atypical behavior to case formulation and in the context of stages of human development and diversity

- 3. Data Collection (Interviews, intakes, establish rapport, record review)
- 4. Communication skills (active listening, communicate effectively; communicates clearly using verbal, non-verbal, written skills in a professional context)
- 5. Writing skills (report writing, provide pragmatic and related recommendations; clarity, use of APA style for academic papers)
- 6. Intervention skills (develop treatment plans using a consistent theoretical orientation with specified goals, apply treatment strategies; prepared for sessions, evaluating progress; provides effective treatment, manage termination, establish alliance)
- 7. Adherence to ethical and professional standards (demonstrates knowledge of APA Ethical Principles and Code of Conduct; knowledge of Federal/state laws; mandatory reporting; ethical decision making to practice; integrates own moral principles/values
- 8. Competence in regard to cultural, ethnic and individual differences (applies knowledge, sensitivity and understanding regarding indiv. and cultural diversity issues to work effectively with diverse others; applies knowledge of self as a cultural being
- 9. Response to supervision (openness to observations and recommendations; prepared for supervision; incorporates feedback into practice; has basic knowledge of supervision models)
- 10. Research (demonstrates skills and habits in seeking, applying and evaluating theoretical & research knowledge relevant to the practice of psychology; knowledge of application of scientific methods to evaluating practices, interventions and programs; consumer of research)
- 11. Completion of assignments in a timely manner (consistently punctual, reliable and fulfills assignments)
- 12. Interpersonal & collaborative skills(participates effectively in class,team meetings & multidisciplinary assignments;forms & maintains productive & respectful relations with clients, peers, supervisors and other professional;handles conflict well
- 13. Self-reflective practice(displays self-awareness; self-monitors, self-assessment of competence; awareness and attitude towards need for self-care)
- 14. Realistic sense of strengths and challenges (recognizes limits of knowledge, skill and self)
- 15. Emotional Maturity (Social competence, openness to new ideas; non-defensiveness; manages boundaries)
- 16. Professionalism (displays emerging professional identity, integrity, deportment, accountability, reliable, dependable, willingness to consider alternatives)
- 17. Knowing how the system works (works effectively with other professionals; understands the culture of the system; promotes change at the individual and systems levels
- 18. Evidence-based Practice (knowledge of empirical bases of assessment; linkage of assessment to treatment; effective use of EBI)
- 19. Build client-therapist alliance
- 20. Consultation:(demonstrates knowledge of consultant's role; ability to select appropriate means of assessment to answer referral question; responds to consultation requests & provides feedback in timely

# 21. Supervising others

Overall rating

Did the student perform at a satisfactory level of competence? Are there specific skill sets or competencies that you feel this student needs to address? Does the student have specific strengths that you wish to highlight? Please provide any further evaluative information that you feel would be helpful.

# **Appendix D1**

# FERKAUF GRADUATE SCHOOL OF PSYCHOLOGY SCHOOL/CLINICAL CHILD PSYCHOLOGY PROGRAM SUPERVISEE EVALUATION FOR CBT-YOUTH PRACTICUM

Student	Name: Supervisor Name:			
   Pleas	e check the semester for which this evaluation applies: Fall 2016 Spring 2017			
	se rate the student on the following items using a scale from 1 to 5, where:			
5	Greatly exceeds expectations, given level of training			
4	Exceeds expectations, given level of training			
3	Meets expectations, given level of training			
2	Needs attention, given level of training			
1	Below expectations, given level of training			
N <u>A</u>	Not able to assess/Not applicable			
1.	Professionalism (adherence to the ethical and technical standards of helping			
	professionals, including: attitude toward supervision, professional presentation,			
	completion of notes/reports in a timely manner, punctuality, etc.).			
2.	Responsibility (i.e., willingness to be accountable for actions)			
3.	Preparedness for supervision meetings and dependability (i.e., follow through			
	on tasks, responsiveness to supervisor instructions/assignments/suggestions			
	(e.g., completing recommended readings, implementing suggested			
	interventions,			
4.	Thoughtfulness about his/her own strengths and weaknesses as a therapist and			
	awareness of one's personal role in the client's experience of therapy			
5.	Responsiveness and openness to supervisor feedback related to therapeutic style,			
	approach, or conceptualization			
6.	Case conceptualization skills and ability to integrate CBT theory and models of			
	disorders into understanding client's strengths and difficulties and treatment			
7.	Clinical purposefulness (ability to take an active, solution-focused stance and to			
/ .	implement a clinical plan as appropriate, even in the face of client resistance)			
	implement a chinical plan as appropriate, even in the face of chefit resistance)			
		•		

8.	Ability to use clinical techniques and interventions with skill	
9.	Sensitivity to client diversity, including cultural, socio-economic, racial, religious, and sexual orientation	
10.	Clinical flexibility and resourcefulness related to treatment planning and treatment delivery	

Please describe this student's key strengths and a Please provide any additional comments? Com Attention" ratings or "Below Expectations" wo	nments clarifying any ratings of "Needs
	(please check one) shared a copy of this
By typing your signature below, you confirm to	hat the information in this form is accurate.
Supervisor Signature	Date
Please complete this form and email it to:	FerkaufChildCBT@gmail.com

# Appendix D2

# ADHERENCE SCALE FOR PSYCHODYNAMIC PSYCHOTHERAPY FERKAUF GRADUATE SCHOOL OF PSYCHOLOGY

**Directions:** The following items reflect competencies in psychodynamic child and adolescent therapy utilizing both play and verbal interventions. Each item should be rated on with 0 (not present) or 1 (present). A perfect score is aspirational but no trainee is expected to score 24 points. Total scores reflect the following levels of competence:

- 0-4 points: Below expected level of competence
- 5-9 points: Beginning to develop competence
- 10-14 points: Competent for level of training
- 14-18 points: More than competent for level of training

# A. Global Goals

A. Approaches in a non-judgmental manner
2. Establishes an alliance with child
2. Establishes an amance with child
3. Presents a warm and collaborative attitude
4. Empathizes with child's feelings about the child's difficulties and/or
child's feelings about coming to therapy
5. Demonstrates an effective balance between supportive and expressive
interventions
Score (of 5)

B. Addressing the Child's Emotions & Activities

Remains experience-near
2. Avoids unnecessary simple reassurance
3. Avoids any moralistic stance

4. Uses a variety of supportive interventions when indicated
Score (of 4)

**B.** Specific Interventions

1. Sets limits when necessary and addresses the child's response as part of the ongoing work
2. Interprets avoidance
3. Other defensive maneuvers are noted
4. Issues related to the end of session (or termination) are identified
Score (of 4)

C. Use of Clinician/Patient Relationship in the Treatment (transference)

C. USC OI	e. Ose of Chinician/1 attent relationship in the 11 cathlent (transference)		
	1. Focuses on interactions within the therapeutic relationship		
	2. Allows for displacement of disruptive behaviors to the clinician, without interference		
	3. Clinician contains countertransference responses appropriately		
	4. Clinician uses limit setting when appropriate (e.g. safety)		
	5. Clinician maintains a generally positive regard throughout the session		
	Score (of 5)		

**F. Overall rating** (add together scores from all sections)

Total	Score (of 18)

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> See directions on first page for overview of total scores \*\*\*

# F. Additional Play Therapy Items

(score only for play therapy cases & do not include in overall rating)

1. Encourages development of new play activities without interference		
2. Discusses play actions within the play		
3. Avoids direct interpretation of symbolic meaning of play		
4. Recognizes the importance of addressing interruptions in play		

5. Ide	ntifies patte	erns of play,	repetitions,	and play	disruptions
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# Appendix E: SUPERVISOR'S EVALUATION OF STUDENT COMPETENCIES ON EXTERNSHIP /INTERNSHIP

# FERKAUF GRADUATE SCHOOL OF PSYCHOLOGY

YESHIVA UNIVERSITY 1300 Morris Park Avenue – Rousso 1<sup>st</sup> Floor Bronx, NY 10461

STUDENT NAME:	Date:
associated with field experience. Because our students training, all of the skills and behaviors delineated below	we would appreciate your assessment of these trainee's skills engage in different field experiences at each level of their may not be applicable for this particular trainee at this time. ible. Your contribution to our training program is invaluable.
Location of Field Experience:	
Duration of Field Experience: BeganS EndedS	till ongoing
Number of hours per week of individual supervision	
Externship evaluation	
Q1: Your name: Q2: Identify Your Site Q3: Name of Supervisee Q4: Please rate the student's current level of knowledge, sl evaluate or insufficient information 1= Not competent - ha approaching competence - has shown improvement 3= Co 5= Highly competent	
1. Academic Performance (demonstrates knowledge of	specific content areas and the relation of science
to practice) (faculty only)	
2. Administration, Scoring and interpretation of psychol	ogical and psychoeducational instruments:
(highest score requires: can apply concepts of typical at	pical behavior to case formulation and in the
context of stages of human development and diversity	
3. Data Collection (Interviews, intakes, establish rappor	t, record review)
4. Communication skills (active listening, communicate	effectively; communicates clearly using verbal,
non-verbal, written skills in a professional context)	
5. Writing skills (report writing, provide pragmatic and	related recommendations; clarity, use of APA

style for academic papers)

- 6. Intervention skills (develop treatment plans using a consistent theoretical orientation with specified goals, apply treatment strategies; prepared for sessions, evaluating progress; provides effective treatment, manage termination, establish alliance)
- 7. Adherence to ethical and professional standards (demonstrates knowledge of APA Ethical Principles and Code of Conduct; knowledge of Federal/state laws; mandatory reporting; ethical decision making to practice; integrates own moral principles/values
- 8. Competence in regard to cultural, ethnic and individual differences (applies knowledge, sensitivity and understanding regarding indiv. and cultural diversity issues to work effectively with diverse others; applies knowledge of self as a cultural being
- 9. Response to supervision (openness to observations and recommendations; prepared for supervision; incorporates feedback into practice; has basic knowledge of supervision models)
- 10. Research (demonstrates skills and habits in seeking, applying and evaluating theoretical & research knowledge relevant to the practice of psychology; knowledge of application of scientific methods to evaluating practices, interventions and programs; consumer of research)
- 11. Completion of assignments in a timely manner (consistently punctual, reliable and fulfills assignments)
- 12. Interpersonal & collaborative skills(participates effectively in class,team meetings & multidisciplinary assignments;forms & maintains productive & respectful relations with clients, peers, supervisors and other professional;handles conflict well
- 13. Self-reflective practice(displays self-awareness; self-monitors, self-assessment of competence; awareness and attitude towards need for self-care)
- 14. Realistic sense of strengths and challenges (recognizes limits of knowledge, skill and self)
- 15. Emotional Maturity (Social competence, openness to new ideas; non-defensiveness; manages boundaries)
- 16. Professionalism (displays emerging professional identity, integrity, deportment, accountability, reliable, dependable, willingness to consider alternatives)
- 17. Knowing how the system works (works effectively with other professionals; understands the culture of the system; promotes change at the individual and systems levels
- 18. Evidence-based Practice (knowledge of empirical bases of assessment; linkage of assessment to treatment; effective use of EBI)
- 19. Build client-therapist alliance
- 20. Consultation:(demonstrates knowledge of consultant's role; ability to select appropriate means of assessment to answer referral question; responds to consultation requests & provides feedback in timely manner; assesses needs of others
- 21. Supervising others

Overall rating

Did the student perform at a satisfactory level of competence?

Are there specific skill sets or competencies that you feel this student needs to address?

Does the student have specific strengths that you wish to highlight?

Please provide any further evaluative information that you feel would be helpful.

# **Appendix F:**

# Student Evaluation of School-Clinical Child Psychology Externship/Internship Evaluation 2016-2017

**Student's name:** 

Name of Externship/Internship Site (indicate year of externship or internship) Primary Supervisor:

- 1. Please list and /or describe the major strengths of this site:
- 2. Please list and/or describe the major weaknesses of this site:
- 3. Please use the following five point rating scale to evaluate the training that you received at your externship/internship site.

Not acceptable

Minimally Acceptable

Acceptable

Very Acceptable

**Excellent training** 

NA

Cognitive assessment

Personality assessment

Neuropsychological assessment

**Report writing** 

Interpretation and integration of data

**Conduct observations** 

Conduct interviews/ intakes

**Psychopharmacology** 

Work with multicultural and otherwise diverse populations

Classroom management

Individual therapy with children/adolescents(psychodynamic)

Individual therapy with children/adolescents(cognitive-behavioral)

**Use of empirically-supported interventions** 

Individual therapy with adults(psychodynamic)

Individual therapy with adults(cognitive-behavioral)

Family interventions/ Family therapy

**Couples Therapy** 

Consultation

**Group work** 

Working with severely emotionally disturbed

**Supervision received** 

Professional interaction (teachers, psychologists, psychiatrists, social workers)

Crisis intervention and trauma

**Substance abuse** 

Child abuse

**Training in supervision** 

Availability of supervisor When You Have Questions or Concerns

#### PLEASE EVALUATE YOUR PRIMARY SUPERVISOR:

# **Overall Ability to Effectively Communicate and Teach**

Ability to Establish Productive, Appropriate Working Relationship

**Supervisor Maintains Regular Weekly Face-to-Face Supervision** 

Supervisor's Ability to Teach Technical Knowledge and Skills About Psychotherapy

Supervisor's Ability to Teach Technical Knowledge and Skills About Assessment

Ethical Knowledge, Attitudes and Behavior

Supervisor's Feedback on Clinical Writing (e.g., Notes, Testing, etc.)

Supervisor's Ability to Stimulate Critical Thinking

Supervisor's focus on translating research into practice

Supervisor's ability to translate assessment information into useful recommendations for practice

**Overall Supervisor Rating** 

How prepared were you to begin the internship?(1= not prepared; 5= extremely well prepared)

What suggestions do you have for students who are applying to this site?

# **Appendix G: Student Activity Form**

2016-17 Student Activity Summary

Student name:

Year you entered program	
Email address	
Cell#	
Are you a US Citizen?	
If you are an alien or foreign national, what	
country?	
What is your race/ethnicity?	
Are you subject to ADA?	
Diversity options:	
Religion	
Undergraduate School? (only for current first year	
students)	
Undergraduate major (only for current first year	
students)	
UGGPA (only for current first year students)	
Undergrad Degree, year (only for current first year	
students)	
Verbal GRE (only for current first year students)	
Quant GRE (only for current first year students)	
Writing GRE (only for current first year students)	
Adv GRE (only for current first year students)	
Did you complete any graduate work before	
Ferkauf? (only for current first year students)	

Highest degree, year earned (only for current first	
year students)	
Graduate School (only for current first year	
students)	
Grad Major: GGPA (only for current first year	
students)	
Second grad school before Ferkauf? (only for	
current first year students)	
Degree, major, year (only for current first year	
students)	
Did you have a Masters in Psychology before	
entering Ferkauf? (only for current first year	
students)	
Your current academic advisor/s:	
Explain any Incompletes	
Comment on RPI	
Title of RPI	
Faculty Advisor for RPI	
Working title for RPII	
Faculty advisor for RPII	
Status of RPII	
If you passed oral defense, what was the date	
Are you author/coauthor of any	
publications/presentations in last two years? List	
them	
Are you working on grant-funded research	
In past year, were you involved in any teaching?	
Which professional psychology organizations do	
you belong to?	
What divisions of APA do you belong to?	
Where was your externship this past year	
Was it a school, MC, hospital, commun. based	
MH clinic, rehab, etc?	
What type of population did you work with on	
externship? (child, adult, family, inpatient, outpt,	
school?)	
What training activities were you involved in?	
(ass't, indiv tx, grp tx, remediation, neuropsych,	
etc.)	
Name of your primary individual clinical	
supervisor (for current third year students)	
If you had a practicum attached to Parnes this	
year, estimate the total # of hrs you worked there:	
assessment. Therapy/remediation	
Estimate # of hrs of adult psychotherapy you	
conducted at externship in 2015-16	
Estimated the # of adult assessments you	
conducted on externship in 2015-16	
Estimate the # of treatment hours with	
caretakers/families/ parents on externship and	
practica in 2015-16	
Estimate the total # of supervisory hours for	
clinically oriented activities that you accumulated	
this year - including practica, externship,	
internship	
Estimate the total # of hours you met with your	
research advisor this academic year	
Estimate the total # of hours that you worked on	
your research (reading, writing, proposal, data	
your research (reading, writing, proposar, data	

collection, analysis, drafting, etc) this academic	
year	
Were you satisfied with the research advisement	
that you received? (Yes/No)	
If not, please explain	
Are you currently employed? If so what is title	
and employed?	
If going on internship in 2017-18, ESTIMATE	
the total intervention and Assessment hours	
that you will have accumulated as of June 30 =	
Total # of hrs doing individual therapy, career	
counseling, group therapy, family therapy, couples	
therapy, school counseling interventions, other	
interventions. Total # of hrs doing assessment	
(administration, and giving feedback -not scoring	
and report writing which is included in a different	
section). You should enter two numbers- the first	
for therapy and the second for assessment ENTER	
TOTAL FOR ALL FOUR YEARS	
If going on internship in 2017-18, Estimate the	
Total Support Hours that you will have	
accumulated as of June 30 – for all years in	
program (Support hrs= hours outside of direct	
service but which supports the services (e.g., chart	
review, progress notes, consulting abt cases,	
watching videos of cases; assessment scoring,	
interpretation and report writing), didactic	
training, grand rounds, educational meetings,	
CSE, other, supervision hours = 1:1; group, peer.	
ENTER TOTAL FOR ALL FOUR YEARS	
Name of Internship	
Name of Internship Location	
Name of Internship Location How would you classify that internship setting?	
Name of Internship Location How would you classify that internship setting? Is your internship APA accredited?	
Name of Internship Location How would you classify that internship setting? Is your internship APA accredited? Is your internship APPIC approved?	
Name of Internship Location How would you classify that internship setting? Is your internship APA accredited?	
Name of Internship Location How would you classify that internship setting? Is your internship APA accredited? Is your internship APPIC approved? Is your internship in a school?	
Name of Internship Location How would you classify that internship setting? Is your internship APA accredited? Is your internship APPIC approved? Is your internship in a school? Is internship paid?	
Name of Internship Location How would you classify that internship setting? Is your internship APA accredited? Is your internship APPIC approved? Is your internship in a school? Is internship paid? Is internship full time?	
Name of Internship Location How would you classify that internship setting? Is your internship APA accredited? Is your internship APPIC approved? Is your internship in a school? Is internship paid? Is internship full time? Please comment on and describe any service you	
Name of Internship Location How would you classify that internship setting? Is your internship APA accredited? Is your internship APPIC approved? Is your internship in a school? Is internship paid? Is internship full time? Please comment on and describe any service you are currently providing to the program and or the	
Name of Internship  Location  How would you classify that internship setting?  Is your internship APA accredited?  Is your internship APPIC approved?  Is your internship in a school?  Is internship paid?  Is internship full time?  Please comment on and describe any service you are currently providing to the program and or the school.	
Name of Internship Location How would you classify that internship setting? Is your internship APA accredited? Is your internship APPIC approved? Is your internship in a school? Is internship paid? Is internship full time? Please comment on and describe any service you are currently providing to the program and or the school. Any other professional achievements or	
Name of Internship  Location  How would you classify that internship setting? Is your internship APA accredited? Is your internship APPIC approved? Is your internship in a school? Is internship paid? Is internship full time? Please comment on and describe any service you are currently providing to the program and or the school.  Any other professional achievements or involvement you would like to share, including: -	
Name of Internship  Location  How would you classify that internship setting? Is your internship APA accredited? Is your internship APPIC approved? Is your internship in a school? Is internship paid? Is internship full time? Please comment on and describe any service you are currently providing to the program and or the school.  Any other professional achievements or involvement you would like to share, including: - your involvement in any research not reflected in	
Name of Internship  Location  How would you classify that internship setting? Is your internship APA accredited? Is your internship APPIC approved? Is your internship in a school? Is internship paid? Is internship full time? Please comment on and describe any service you are currently providing to the program and or the school.  Any other professional achievements or involvement you would like to share, including: -	
Name of Internship Location How would you classify that internship setting? Is your internship APA accredited? Is your internship APPIC approved? Is your internship in a school? Is internship paid? Is internship full time? Please comment on and describe any service you are currently providing to the program and or the school. Any other professional achievements or involvement you would like to share, including: - your involvement in any research not reflected in above subsections (e.g. participation in research	
Name of Internship  Location  How would you classify that internship setting?  Is your internship APA accredited?  Is your internship APPIC approved?  Is your internship in a school?  Is internship paid?  Is internship full time?  Please comment on and describe any service you are currently providing to the program and or the school.  Any other professional achievements or involvement you would like to share, including: - your involvement in any research not reflected in above subsections (e.g. participation in research group, checking reliability in a peer's research,	
Name of Internship  Location  How would you classify that internship setting?  Is your internship APA accredited?  Is your internship APPIC approved?  Is your internship in a school?  Is internship paid?  Is internship full time?  Please comment on and describe any service you are currently providing to the program and or the school.  Any other professional achievements or involvement you would like to share, including: -your involvement in any research not reflected in above subsections (e.g. participation in research group, checking reliability in a peer's research, etc.) -all awards and honors you have received	
Name of Internship  Location  How would you classify that internship setting?  Is your internship APA accredited?  Is your internship APPIC approved?  Is your internship in a school?  Is internship paid?  Is internship full time?  Please comment on and describe any service you are currently providing to the program and or the school.  Any other professional achievements or involvement you would like to share, including: - your involvement in any research not reflected in above subsections (e.g. participation in research group, checking reliability in a peer's research, etc.) -all awards and honors you have received during the course of your student career at FGS	
Name of Internship  Location  How would you classify that internship setting?  Is your internship APA accredited?  Is your internship APPIC approved?  Is your internship in a school?  Is internship paid?  Is internship full time?  Please comment on and describe any service you are currently providing to the program and or the school.  Any other professional achievements or involvement you would like to share, including: -your involvement in any research not reflected in above subsections (e.g. participation in research group, checking reliability in a peer's research, etc.) -all awards and honors you have received during the course of your student career at FGSanything related to professional development,	
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# Appendix H

# Ferkauf Graduate School of Psychology Course/Faculty Evaluation

Instructor:  Semester: (circle one)  Size of class: (circle one)  Was course a requirement?  Fall  Spring  Year: 20  1-5 6-15 15-30 30 or more  Yes  No	contril					
Size of class: (circle one) 1-5 6-15 15-30 30 or more	contril					
Please provide your honest feedback about this course. Your comments will c improvements and are used to evaluate faculty teaching performance. Your re You are required to complete the course evaluation to receive a course grade. Please use this scale to answer questions 1-8.  Scale: 1- Strongly Disagree 2- Disagree 3- Agree 4- Strongly Agree	e N	A		e con	fide	ntial.
<ol> <li>The content and objectives of course and lectures were clear 1</li> <li>The instructor was enthusiastic, generating interest in the mater</li> <li>The instructor had full command of subject matter</li> <li>The instructor encouraged students to think independently</li> <li>The course enhanced your professional development 1</li> <li>The instructor was responsive to students' questions and provid timely feedback to written assignments</li> <li>The course was intellectually challenging</li> <li>I expect to receive a high grade (A or A-)</li> <li>Did you get the reading materials for this course in a timely ma</li> </ol>	rial 2 led	1 1 1 3 1 1 1	2 2 2 4 2 2 2 2	3 4 3 4 NA 3 4 3 4 3 4 3		NA NA
Please use this scale to answer questions 10-11.  Scale: 1-Poor 2- Lacking 3- Acceptable/Fair 4- Good 5- Exceller 10. What is your overall rating of this course?  11. What is your overall rating of this instructor?	<b>nt</b> 2			3 4	5	
What were the strong points of this course/professor?						
What were the potential areas for improvement for the course and instru	uctor	?				
Circle your Program:  Clinical Psy.D.  Clinical (Health Emphasis) Ph.D.  School-Clinical Child Psy.D.  Masters of Mental Health Counseling						
Year in Program: 1 2 3 4 5						

#### **APPENDIX I:**

# APA's Ethical Principles of Psychologists and Code of Conduct

#### INTRODUCTION AND APPLICABILITY

The American Psychological Association's (APA's) Ethical Principles of Psychologists and Code of Conduct (hereinafter referred to as the Ethics Code) consists of an Introduction, a Preamble, five General Principles (A – E), and specific Ethical Standards. The Introduction discusses the intent, organization, procedural considerations, and scope of application of the Ethics Code. The Preamble and General Principles are aspirational goals to guide psychologists toward the highest ideals of psychology. Although the Preamble and General Principles are not themselves enforceable rules, they should be considered by psychologists in arriving at an ethical course of action. The Ethical Standards set forth enforceable rules for conduct as psychologists. Most of the Ethical Standards are written broadly, in order to apply to psychologists in varied roles, although the application of an Ethical Standard may vary depending on the context. The Ethical Standards are not exhaustive. The fact that a given conduct is not specifically addressed by an Ethical Standard does not mean that it is necessarily either ethical or unethical.

This Ethics Code applies only to psychologists' activities that are part of their scientific, educational, or professional roles as psychologists. Areas covered include but are not limited to the clinical, counseling, and school practice of psychology; research; teaching; supervision of trainees; public service; policy development; social intervention; development of assessment instruments; conducting assessments; educational counseling; organizational consulting; forensic activities; program design and evaluation; and administration. This Ethics Code applies to these activities across a variety of contexts, such as in person, postal, telephone, internet, and other electronic transmissions. These activities shall be distinguished from the purely private conduct of psychologists, which is not within the purview of the Ethics Code.

Membership in the APA commits members and student affiliates to comply with the standards of the APA Ethics Code and to the rules and procedures used to enforce them. Lack of awareness or misunderstanding of an Ethical Standard is not itself a defense to a charge of unethical conduct.

The procedures for filing, investigating, and resolving complaints of unethical conduct are described in the current Rules and Procedures of the APA Ethics Committee. APA may impose sanctions on its members for violations of the standards of the Ethics Code, including termination of APA membership, and may notify other bodies and individuals of its actions. Actions that violate the standards of the Ethics Code may also lead to the imposition of sanctions on psychologists or students whether or not they are APA members by bodies other than APA, including state psychological associations, other professional groups, psychology boards, other state or federal agencies, and payors for health services. In addition, APA may take action against a member after his or her conviction of a felony, expulsion or suspension from an affiliated state psychological association, or suspension or loss of licensure. When the sanction to be imposed by APA is less than expulsion, the 2001 Rules and Procedures do not guarantee an opportunity for an in-person hearing, but generally provide that complaints will be resolved only on the basis of a submitted record.

The Ethics Code is intended to provide guidance for psychologists and standards of professional conduct that can be applied by the APA and by other bodies that choose to adopt them. The Ethics Code is not intended to be a basis of civil liability. Whether a psychologist has violated the Ethics Code standards does not by itself determine whether the psychologist is legally liable in a court action, whether a contract is enforceable, or whether other legal consequences occur.

The modifiers used in some of the standards of this Ethics Code (e.g., reasonably, appropriate, potentially) are included in the standards when they would (1) allow professional judgment on the part of psychologists, (2) eliminate injustice or inequality that would occur without the modifier, (3) ensure applicability across the broad range of activities conducted by psychologists, or (4) guard against a set of rigid rules that might be quickly outdated. As used in this Ethics Code, the term reasonable means the prevailing professional judgment of psychologists engaged in similar activities in similar circumstances, given the knowledge the psychologist had or should have had at the time.

In the process of making decisions regarding their professional behavior, psychologists must consider this Ethics Code in addition to applicable laws and psychology board regulations. In applying the Ethics Code to their professional work, psychologists may consider other materials and guidelines that have been adopted or endorsed by scientific and professional psychological organizations and the dictates of their own conscience, as well as consult with others within the field. If this Ethics Code establishes a higher standard of conduct than is required by law, psychologists must meet the higher ethical standard. If psychologists' ethical responsibilities conflict with law, regulations, or other governing legal authority, psychologists make known their commitment to this Ethics Code and take steps to resolve the conflict in a responsible manner. If the conflict is unresolvable via such means, psychologists may adhere to the requirements of the law, regulations, or other governing authority in keeping with basic principles of human rights. APA Ethics Code 2002

#### **PREAMBLE**

Psychologists are committed to increasing scientific and professional knowledge of behavior and people's understanding of themselves and others and to the use of such knowledge to improve the condition of individuals, organizations, and society. Psychologists respect and protect civil and human rights and the central importance of freedom of inquiry and expression in research, teaching, and publication. They strive to help the public in developing informed judgments and choices concerning human behavior. In doing so, they perform many roles, such as researcher, educator, diagnostician, therapist, supervisor, consultant, administrator, social interventionist, and expert witness. This Ethics Code provides a common set of principles and standards upon which psychologists build their professional and scientific work.

This Ethics Code is intended to provide specific standards to cover most situations encountered by psychologists. It has as its goals the welfare and protection of the individuals and groups with whom psychologists work and the education of members, students, and the public regarding ethical standards of the discipline.

The development of a dynamic set of ethical standards for psychologists' work-related conduct requires a personal commitment and lifelong effort to act ethically; to encourage ethical behavior by students, supervisees, employees, and colleagues; and to consult with others concerning ethical problems.

#### GENERAL PRINCIPLES

This section consists of General Principles. General Principles, as opposed to Ethical Standards, are aspirational in nature. Their intent is to guide and inspire psychologists toward the very highest ethical ideals of the profession. General Principles, in contrast to Ethical Standards, do not represent obligations and should not form the basis for imposing sanctions. Relying upon General Principles for either of these reasons distorts both their meaning and purpose.

#### Principle A: Beneficence and Nonmaleficence

Psychologists strive to benefit those with whom they work and take care to do no harm. In their professional actions, psychologists seek to safeguard the welfare and rights of those with whom they interact professionally and other affected persons, and the welfare of animal subjects of research. When conflicts occur among psychologists' obligations or concerns, they attempt to resolve these conflicts in a responsible fashion that avoids or minimizes harm. Because psychologists' scientific and professional judgments and actions may affect the lives of others, they are alert to and guard against personal, financial, social, organizational, or political factors that might lead to misuse of their influence. Psychologists strive to be aware of the possible effect of their own physical and mental health on their ability to help those with whom they work.

#### Principle B: Fidelity and Responsibility

Psychologists establish relationships of trust with those with whom they work. They are aware of their professional and scientific responsibilities to society and to the specific communities in which they work. Psychologists uphold professional standards of conduct, clarify their professional roles and obligations, accept appropriate responsibility for their behavior, and seek to manage conflicts of interest that could lead to exploitation or harm. Psychologists consult with, refer to, or cooperate with other professionals and institutions to the extent needed to serve the best interests of those with whom they work. They are concerned about the ethical compliance of their colleagues' scientific and professional conduct. Psychologists strive to contribute a portion of their professional time for little or no compensation or personal advantage.

#### Principle C: Integrity

Psychologists seek to promote accuracy, honesty, and truthfulness in the science, teaching, and practice of psychology. In these activities psychologists do not steal, cheat, or engage in fraud, subterfuge, or intentional misrepresentation of fact. Psychologists strive to keep their promises and to avoid unwise or unclear commitments. In situations in which deception may be ethically justifiable to maximize benefits and minimize harm, psychologists have a serious obligation to consider the need for, the possible consequences of, and their responsibility to correct any resulting mistrust or other harmful effects that arise from the use of such techniques.

#### Principle D: Justice

Psychologists recognize that fairness and justice entitle all persons to access to and benefit from the contributions of psychology and to equal quality in the processes, procedures, and services being conducted by psychologists. Psychologists exercise reasonable judgment and take precautions to ensure that their potential biases, the boundaries of their competence, and the limitations of their expertise do not lead to or condone unjust practices. APA Ethics Code 2002 Page 4

#### Principle E: Respect for People's Rights and Dignity

Psychologists respect the dignity and worth of all people, and the rights of individuals to privacy, confidentiality, and self-determination. Psychologists are aware that special safeguards may be necessary to protect the rights and welfare of persons or communities whose vulnerabilities impair autonomous decision making. Psychologists are aware of and respect cultural, individual, and role differences, including those based on age, gender, gender identity, race, ethnicity, culture, national origin, religion, sexual orientation, disability, language, and socioeconomic status and consider these factors when working with members of such groups. Psychologists try to eliminate the effect on their work of biases based on those factors, and they do not knowingly participate in or condone activities of others based upon such prejudices.

#### ETHICAL STANDARDS

I.

#### 1. Resolving Ethical Issues

#### 1.01 Misuse of Psychologists' Work

If psychologists learn of misuse or misrepresentation of their work, they take reasonable steps to correct or minimize the misuse or misrepresentation.

### II. 1.02 Conflicts Between Ethics and Law, Regulations, or Other Governing Legal Authority

If psychologists' ethical responsibilities conflict with law, regulations, or other governing legal authority, psychologists make known their commitment to the Ethics Code and take steps to resolve the conflict. If the conflict is unresolvable via such means, psychologists may adhere to the requirements of the law, regulations, or other governing legal authority.

#### III. 1.03 Conflicts Between Ethics and Organizational Demands

If the demands of an organization with which psychologists are affiliated or for whom they are working conflict with this Ethics Code, psychologists clarify the nature of the conflict, make known their commitment to the Ethics Code, and to the extent feasible, resolve the conflict in a way that permits adherence to the Ethics Code.

#### **IV.** 1.04 Informal Resolution of Ethical Violations

When psychologists believe that there may have been an ethical violation by another psychologist, they attempt to resolve the issue by bringing it to the attention of that individual, if an informal resolution appears appropriate and the intervention does not violate any confidentiality rights that may be involved. (See also Standards 1.02, Conflicts Between Ethics and Law, Regulations, or Other Governing Legal Authority, and 1.03, Conflicts Between Ethics and Organizational Demands.)

#### V. 1.05 Reporting Ethical Violations

If an apparent ethical violation has substantially harmed or is likely to substantially harm a person or organization and is not appropriate for informal resolution under Standard 1.04, Informal Resolution of Ethical Violations, or is not resolved properly in that fashion, psychologists take further action appropriate to the situation. Such action might include referral to state or national committees on professional ethics, to state licensing boards, or to the appropriate institutional authorities. This standard does not apply when an intervention would violate confidentiality rights or when psychologists have been retained to review the work of another psychologist whose professional conduct is in question. (See also Standard 1.02, Conflicts Between Ethics and Law, Regulations, or Other Governing Legal Authority.)

#### **VI.** 1.06 Cooperating With Ethics Committees

Psychologists cooperate in ethics investigations, proceedings, and resulting requirements of the APA or any affiliated state psychological association to which they belong. In doing so, they address any confidentiality issues. Failure to cooperate is itself an ethics violation. However, making a request for deferment of adjudication of an ethics complaint pending the outcome of litigation does not alone constitute noncooperation.

# VII. 1.07 Improper Complaints

Psychologists do not file or encourage the filing of ethics complaints that are made with reckless disregard for or willful ignorance of facts that would disprove the allegation.

#### VIII. 1.08 Unfair Discrimination Against Complainants and Respondents

Psychologists do not deny persons employment, advancement, admissions to academic or other programs, tenure, or promotion, based solely upon their having made or their being the subject of an ethics complaint. This does not preclude taking action based upon the outcome of such proceedings or considering other appropriate information.

#### 2. Competence

#### **IX.** 2.01 Boundaries of Competence

(a) Psychologists provide services, teach, and conduct research with populations and in areas only within the boundaries of their competence, based on their education, training, supervised experience, consultation, study, or professional experience. APA Ethics Code 2002 Page 5

- (b) Where scientific or professional knowledge in the discipline of psychology establishes that an understanding of factors associated with age, gender, gender identity, race, ethnicity, culture, national origin, religion, sexual orientation, disability, language, or socioeconomic status is essential for effective implementation of their services or research, psychologists have or obtain the training, experience, consultation, or supervision necessary to ensure the competence of their services, or they make appropriate referrals, except as provided in Standard 2.02, Providing Services in Emergencies.
- (c) Psychologists planning to provide services, teach, or conduct research involving populations, areas, techniques, or technologies new to them undertake relevant education, training, supervised experience, consultation, or study.
- (d) When psychologists are asked to provide services to individuals for whom appropriate mental health services are not available and for which psychologists have not obtained the competence necessary, psychologists with closely related prior training or experience may provide such services in order to ensure that services are not denied if they make a reasonable effort to obtain the competence required by using relevant research, training, consultation, or study.
- (e) In those emerging areas in which generally recognized standards for preparatory training do not yet exist, psychologists nevertheless take reasonable steps to ensure the competence of their work and to protect clients/patients, students, supervisees, research participants, organizational clients, and others from harm.
- (f) When assuming forensic roles, psychologists are or become reasonably familiar with the judicial or administrative rules governing their roles.

#### X. 2.02 Providing Services in Emergencies

In emergencies, when psychologists provide services to individuals for whom other mental health services are not available and for which psychologists have not obtained the necessary training, psychologists may provide such services in order to ensure that services are not denied. The services are discontinued as soon as the emergency has ended or appropriate services are available.

#### **XI.** 2.03 Maintaining Competence

Psychologists undertake ongoing efforts to develop and maintain their competence.

#### **XII.** 2.04 Bases for Scientific and Professional Judgments

Psychologists' work is based upon established scientific and professional knowledge of the discipline. (See also Standards 2.01e, Boundaries of Competence, and 10.01b, Informed Consent to Therapy.)

#### **XIII.** 2.05 Delegation of Work to Others

Psychologists who delegate work to employees, supervisees, or research or teaching assistants or who use the services of others, such as interpreters, take reasonable steps to (1) avoid delegating such work to persons who have a multiple relationship with those being served that would likely lead to exploitation or loss of objectivity; (2) authorize only those responsibilities that such persons can be expected to perform competently on the basis of their education, training, or experience, either independently or with the level of supervision being provided; and (3) see that such persons perform these services competently. (See also Standards 2.02, Providing Services in Emergencies; 3.05, Multiple Relationships; 4.01, Maintaining Confidentiality; 9.01, Bases for Assessments; 9.02, Use of Assessments; 9.03, Informed Consent in Assessments; and 9.07, Assessment by Unqualified Persons.)

#### **XIV.** 2.06 Personal Problems and Conflicts

- (a) Psychologists refrain from initiating an activity when they know or should know that there is a substantial likelihood that their personal problems will prevent them from performing their work-related activities in a competent manner.
- (b) When psychologists become aware of personal problems that may interfere with their performing work-related duties adequately, they take appropriate measures, such as obtaining professional consultation or assistance, and determine whether they should limit, suspend, or terminate their work-related duties. (See also Standard 10.10, Terminating Therapy.)

#### 3. Human Relations

#### **XV.** 3.01 Unfair Discrimination

In their work-related activities, psychologists do not engage in unfair discrimination based on age, gender, gender identity, race, ethnicity, culture, national origin, religion, sexual orientation, disability, socioeconomic status, or any basis proscribed by law.

#### XVI. 3.02 Sexual Harassment

Psychologists do not engage in sexual harassment. Sexual harassment is sexual solicitation, physical advances, or verbal or nonverbal conduct that is sexual in nature, that occurs in connection with the psychologist's activities or roles as a psychologist, and that either (1) is unwelcome, is offensive, or creates a hostile workplace or educational environment, and the psychologist knows or is told this or (2) is sufficiently severe or intense to be abusive to a reasonable person in APA Ethics Code 2002 Page 6

the context. Sexual harassment can consist of a single intense or severe act or of multiple persistent or pervasive acts. (See also Standard 1.08, Unfair Discrimination Against Complainants and Respondents.)

#### **XVII.** 3.03 Other Harassment

Psychologists do not knowingly engage in behavior that is harassing or demeaning to persons with whom they interact in their work based on factors such as those persons' age, gender, gender identity, race, ethnicity, culture, national origin, religion, sexual orientation, disability, language, or socioeconomic status.

#### **XVIII.** 3.04 Avoiding Harm

Psychologists take reasonable steps to avoid harming their clients/patients, students, supervisees, research participants, organizational clients, and others with whom they work, and to minimize harm where it is foreseeable and unavoidable.

#### **XIX.** 3.05 Multiple Relationships

(a) A multiple relationship occurs when a psychologist is in a professional role with a person and (1) at the same time is in another role with the same person, (2) at the same time is in a relationship with a person closely associated with or related to the person with whom the psychologist has the professional relationship, or (3) promises to enter into another relationship in the future with the person or a person closely associated with or related to the person.

A psychologist refrains from entering into a multiple relationship if the multiple relationship could reasonably be expected to impair the psychologist's objectivity, competence, or effectiveness in performing his or her functions as a psychologist, or otherwise risks exploitation or harm to the person with whom the professional relationship exists.

Multiple relationships that would not reasonably be expected to cause impairment or risk exploitation or harm are not unethical.

- (b) If a psychologist finds that, due to unforeseen factors, a potentially harmful multiple relationship has arisen, the psychologist takes reasonable steps to resolve it with due regard for the best interests of the affected person and maximal compliance with the Ethics Code.
- (c) When psychologists are required by law, institutional policy, or extraordinary circumstances to serve in more than one role in judicial or administrative proceedings, at the outset they clarify role expectations and the extent of confidentiality and thereafter as changes occur. (See also Standards 3.04, Avoiding Harm, and 3.07, Third-Party Requests for Services.)

#### **XX.** 3.06 Conflict of Interest

Psychologists refrain from taking on a professional role when personal, scientific, professional, legal, financial, or other interests or relationships could reasonably be expected to (1) impair their objectivity, competence, or effectiveness in performing their functions as psychologists or (2) expose the person or organization with whom the professional relationship exists to harm or exploitation.

#### **XXI.** 3.07 Third-Party Requests for Services

When psychologists agree to provide services to a person or entity at the request of a third party, psychologists attempt to clarify at the outset of the service the nature of the relationship with all individuals or organizations involved. This clarification includes the role of the psychologist (e.g., therapist, consultant, diagnostician, or expert witness), an identification of who is the client, the probable uses of the services provided or the information obtained, and the fact that there may be limits to confidentiality. (See also Standards 3.05, Multiple Relationships, and 4.02, Discussing the Limits of Confidentiality.)

#### **XXII.** 3.08 Exploitative Relationships

Psychologists do not exploit persons over whom they have supervisory, evaluative, or other authority such as clients/patients, students, supervisees, research participants, and employees. (See also Standards 3.05, Multiple Relationships; 6.04, Fees and Financial Arrangements; 6.05, Barter With Clients/Patients; 7.07, Sexual Relationships With Students and Supervisees; 10.05, Sexual Intimacies With Current Therapy Clients/Patients; 10.06, Sexual Intimacies With Relatives or Significant Others of Current Therapy Clients/Patients; 10.07, Therapy With Former Sexual Partners; and 10.08, Sexual Intimacies With Former Therapy Clients/Patients.)

#### **XXIII.** 3.09 Cooperation With Other Professionals

When indicated and professionally appropriate, psychologists cooperate with other professionals in order to serve their clients/patients effectively and appropriately. (See also Standard 4.05, Disclosures.)

#### **XXIV.** 3.10 Informed Consent

(a) When psychologists conduct research or provide assessment, therapy, counseling, or consulting services in person or via electronic transmission or other forms of communication, they obtain the informed consent of the individual or individuals using language that is reasonably understandable to that person or persons except when conducting such activities without consent is mandated by law or governmental regulation or as otherwise provided in this Ethics Code. APA Ethics Code 2002 Page 7

(See also Standards 8.02, Informed Consent to Research; 9.03, Informed Consent in Assessments; and 10.01, Informed Consent to Therapy.)

- (b) For persons who are legally incapable of giving informed consent, psychologists nevertheless (1) provide an appropriate explanation, (2) seek the individual's assent, (3) consider such persons' preferences and best interests, and (4) obtain appropriate permission from a legally authorized person, if such substitute consent is permitted or required by law. When consent by a legally authorized person is not permitted or required by law, psychologists take reasonable steps to protect the individual's rights and welfare.
- (c) When psychological services are court ordered or otherwise mandated, psychologists inform the individual of the nature of the anticipated services, including whether the services are court ordered or mandated and any limits of confidentiality, before proceeding.
- (d) Psychologists appropriately document written or oral consent, permission, and assent. (See also Standards 8.02, Informed Consent to Research; 9.03, Informed Consent in Assessments; and 10.01, Informed Consent to Therapy.)

#### **XXV.** 3.11 Psychological Services Delivered To or Through Organizations

- (a) Psychologists delivering services to or through organizations provide information beforehand to clients and when appropriate those directly affected by the services about (1) the nature and objectives of the services, (2) the intended recipients, (3) which of the individuals are clients, (4) the relationship the psychologist will have with each person and the organization, (5) the probable uses of services provided and information obtained, (6) who will have access to the information, and (7) limits of confidentiality. As soon as feasible, they provide information about the results and conclusions of such services to appropriate persons.
- (b) If psychologists will be precluded by law or by organizational roles from providing such information to particular individuals or groups, they so inform those individuals or groups at the outset of the service.

#### **XXVI.** 3.12 Interruption of Psychological Services

Unless otherwise covered by contract, psychologists make reasonable efforts to plan for facilitating services in the event that psychological services are interrupted by factors such as the psychologist's illness, death, unavailability, relocation, or retirement or by the client's/patient's relocation or financial limitations. (See also Standard 6.02c, Maintenance, Dissemination, and Disposal of Confidential Records of Professional and Scientific Work.)

#### 4. Privacy And Confidentiality

#### **XXVII.** 4.01 Maintaining Confidentiality

Psychologists have a primary obligation and take reasonable precautions to protect confidential information obtained through or stored in any medium, recognizing that the extent and limits of confidentiality may be regulated by law or established by institutional rules or professional or scientific relationship. (See also Standard 2.05, Delegation of Work to Others.)

#### **XXVIII.** 4.02 Discussing the Limits of Confidentiality

- (a) Psychologists discuss with persons (including, to the extent feasible, persons who are legally incapable of giving informed consent and their legal representatives) and organizations with whom they establish a scientific or professional relationship (1) the relevant limits of confidentiality and (2) the foreseeable uses of the information generated through their psychological activities. (See also Standard 3.10, Informed Consent.)
- (b) Unless it is not feasible or is contraindicated, the discussion of confidentiality occurs at the outset of the relationship and thereafter as new circumstances may warrant.
- (c) Psychologists who offer services, products, or information via electronic transmission inform clients/patients of the risks to privacy and limits of confidentiality.

#### **XXIX.** 4.03 Recording

Before recording the voices or images of individuals to whom they provide services, psychologists obtain permission from all such persons or their legal representatives. (See also Standards 8.03, Informed Consent for Recording Voices and Images in Research; 8.05, Dispensing With Informed Consent for Research; and 8.07, Deception in Research.)

#### **XXX.** 4.04 Minimizing Intrusions on Privacy

- (a) Psychologists include in written and oral reports and consultations, only information germane to the purpose for which the communication is made.
- (b) Psychologists discuss confidential information obtained in their work only for appropriate scientific or professional purposes and only with persons clearly concerned with such matters. APA Ethics Code 2002 Page 8

#### **XXXI.** 4.05 Disclosures

- (a) Psychologists may disclose confidential information with the appropriate consent of the organizational client, the individual client/patient, or another legally authorized person on behalf of the client/patient unless prohibited by law.
- (b) Psychologists disclose confidential information without the consent of the individual only as mandated by law, or where permitted by law for a valid purpose such as to (1) provide needed professional services; (2) obtain appropriate professional consultations; (3) protect the client/patient, psychologist, or others from harm; or (4) obtain payment for services from a client/patient, in which instance disclosure is limited to the minimum that is necessary to achieve the purpose. (See also Standard 6.04e, Fees and Financial Arrangements.)

#### **XXXII.** 4.06 Consultations

When consulting with colleagues, (1) psychologists do not disclose confidential information that reasonably could lead to the identification of a client/patient, research participant, or other person or organization with whom they have a confidential relationship unless they have obtained the prior consent of the person or organization or the disclosure cannot be avoided, and (2) they disclose information only to the extent necessary to achieve the purposes of the consultation. (See also Standard 4.01, Maintaining Confidentiality.)

#### **XXXIII.** 4.07 Use of Confidential Information for Didactic or Other Purposes

Psychologists do not disclose in their writings, lectures, or other public media, confidential, personally identifiable information concerning their clients/patients, students, research participants, organizational clients, or other recipients of their services that they obtained during the course of their work, unless (1) they take reasonable steps to disguise the person or organization, (2) the person or organization has consented in writing, or (3) there is legal authorization for doing so.

## 5. Advertising and Other Public Statements

#### **XXXIV.** 5.01 Avoidance of False or Deceptive Statements

- (a) Public statements include but are not limited to paid or unpaid advertising, product endorsements, grant applications, licensing applications, other credentialing applications, brochures, printed matter, directory listings, personal resumes or curricula vitae, or comments for use in media such as print or electronic transmission, statements in legal proceedings, lectures and public oral presentations, and published materials. Psychologists do not knowingly make public statements that are false, deceptive, or fraudulent concerning their research, practice, or other work activities or those of persons or organizations with which they are affiliated.
- (b) Psychologists do not make false, deceptive, or fraudulent statements concerning (1) their training, experience, or competence; (2) their academic degrees; (3) their credentials; (4) their institutional or association affiliations; (5) their services; (6) the scientific or clinical basis for, or results or degree of success of, their services; (7) their fees; or (8) their publications or research findings.
- (c) Psychologists claim degrees as credentials for their health services only if those degrees (1) were earned from a regionally accredited educational institution or (2) were the basis for psychology licensure by the state in which they practice.

#### **XXXV.** 5.02 Statements by Others

- (a) Psychologists who engage others to create or place public statements that promote their professional practice, products, or activities retain professional responsibility for such statements.
- (b) Psychologists do not compensate employees of press, radio, television, or other communication media in return for publicity in a news item. (See also Standard 1.01, Misuse of Psychologists' Work.)
- (c) A paid advertisement relating to psychologists' activities must be identified or clearly recognizable as such.

#### XXXVI. 5.03 Descriptions of Workshops and Non-Degree-Granting Educational Programs

To the degree to which they exercise control, psychologists responsible for announcements, catalogs, brochures, or advertisements describing workshops, seminars, or other non-degree-granting educational programs ensure that they accurately describe the audience for which the program is intended, the educational objectives, the presenters, and the fees involved.

#### XXXVII. 5.04 Media Presentations

When psychologists provide public advice or comment via print, internet, or other electronic transmission, they take precautions to ensure that statements (1) are based on their professional knowledge, training, or experience in accord with appropriate psychological literature and practice; (2) are otherwise consistent with this Ethics Code; and (3) do not indicate that a professional relationship has been established with the recipient. (See also Standard 2.04, Bases for Scientific and Professional Judgments.) APA Ethics Code 2002 Page 9

#### **XXXVIII.** 5.05 Testimonials

Psychologists do not solicit testimonials from current therapy clients/patients or other persons who because of their particular circumstances are vulnerable to undue influence.

#### XXXIX. 5.06 In-Person Solicitation

Psychologists do not engage, directly or through agents, in uninvited in-person solicitation of business from actual or potential therapy clients/patients or other persons who because of their particular circumstances are vulnerable to undue influence. However, this prohibition does not preclude (1) attempting to implement appropriate collateral contacts for the purpose of benefiting an already engaged therapy client/patient or (2) providing disaster or community outreach services.

#### 6. Record Keeping and Fees

#### XL. 6.01 Documentation of Professional and Scientific Work and Maintenance of Records

Psychologists create, and to the extent the records are under their control, maintain, disseminate, store, retain, and dispose of records and data relating to their professional and scientific work in order to (1) facilitate provision of services later by them or by other professionals, (2) allow for replication of research design and analyses, (3) meet institutional requirements, (4) ensure accuracy of billing and payments, and (5) ensure compliance with law. (See also Standard 4.01, Maintaining Confidentiality.)

#### XLI. 6.02 Maintenance, Dissemination, and Disposal of Confidential Records of Professional and Scientific Work

- (a) Psychologists maintain confidentiality in creating, storing, accessing, transferring, and disposing of records under their control, whether these are written, automated, or in any other medium. (See also Standards 4.01, Maintaining Confidentiality, and 6.01, Documentation of Professional and Scientific Work and Maintenance of Records.)
- (b) If confidential information concerning recipients of psychological services is entered into databases or systems of records available to persons whose access has not been consented to by the recipient, psychologists use coding or other techniques to avoid the inclusion of personal identifiers.
- (c) Psychologists make plans in advance to facilitate the appropriate transfer and to protect the confidentiality of records and data in the event of psychologists' withdrawal from positions or practice. (See also Standards 3.12, Interruption of Psychological Services, and 10.09, Interruption of Therapy.)

#### **XLII.** 6.03 Withholding Records for Nonpayment

Psychologists may not withhold records under their control that are requested and needed for a client's/patient's emergency treatment solely because payment has not been received.

#### **XLIII.** 6.04 Fees and Financial Arrangements

- (a) As early as is feasible in a professional or scientific relationship, psychologists and recipients of psychological services reach an agreement specifying compensation and billing arrangements.
- (b) Psychologists' fee practices are consistent with law.
- (c) Psychologists do not misrepresent their fees.
- (d) If limitations to services can be anticipated because of limitations in financing, this is discussed with the recipient of services as early as is feasible. (See also Standards 10.09, Interruption of Therapy, and 10.10, Terminating Therapy.)
- (e) If the recipient of services does not pay for services as agreed, and if psychologists intend to use collection agencies or legal measures to collect the fees, psychologists first inform the person that such measures will be taken and provide that person an opportunity to make prompt payment. (See also Standards 4.05, Disclosures; 6.03, Withholding Records for Nonpayment; and 10.01, Informed Consent to Therapy.)

#### **XLIV.** 6.05 Barter With Clients/Patients

Barter is the acceptance of goods, services, or other nonmonetary remuneration from clients/patients in return for psychological services. Psychologists may barter only if (1) it is not clinically contraindicated, and (2) the resulting arrangement is not exploitative. (See also Standards 3.05, Multiple Relationships, and 6.04, Fees and Financial Arrangements.)

# **XLV.** 6.06 Accuracy in Reports to Payors and Funding Sources

In their reports to payors for services or sources of research funding, psychologists take reasonable steps to ensure the accurate reporting of the nature of the service provided or research conducted, the fees, charges, or payments, and where applicable, the identity of the provider, the findings, and the diagnosis. (See also Standards 4.01, Maintaining Confidentiality; 4.04, Minimizing Intrusions on Privacy; and 4.05, Disclosures.) APA Ethics Code 2002 Page 10

#### XLVI. 6.07 Referrals and Fees

When psychologists pay, receive payment from, or divide fees with another professional, other than in an employer-employee relationship, the payment to each is based on the services provided (clinical, consultative, administrative, or other) and is not based on the referral itself. (See also Standard 3.09, Cooperation With Other Professionals.)

#### 7. Education and Training

#### **XLVII.** 7.01 Design of Education and Training Programs

Psychologists responsible for education and training programs take reasonable steps to ensure that the programs are designed to provide the appropriate knowledge and proper experiences, and to meet the requirements for licensure, certification, or other goals for which claims are made by the program. (See also Standard 5.03, Descriptions of Workshops and Non-Degree-Granting Educational Programs.)

#### XLVIII. 7.02 Descriptions of Education and Training Programs

Psychologists responsible for education and training programs take reasonable steps to ensure that there is a current and accurate description of the program content (including participation in required course- or program-related counseling, psychotherapy, experiential groups, consulting projects, or community service), training goals and objectives, stipends and benefits, and requirements that must be met for satisfactory completion of the program. This information must be made readily available to all interested parties.

#### **XLIX.** 7.03 Accuracy in Teaching

- (a) Psychologists take reasonable steps to ensure that course syllabi are accurate regarding the subject matter to be covered, bases for evaluating progress, and the nature of course experiences. This standard does not preclude an instructor from modifying course content or requirements when the instructor considers it pedagogically necessary or desirable, so long as students are made aware of these modifications in a manner that enables them to fulfill course requirements. (See also Standard 5.01, Avoidance of False or Deceptive Statements.)
- (b) When engaged in teaching or training, psychologists present psychological information accurately. (See also Standard 2.03, Maintaining Competence.)

#### L. 7.04 Student Disclosure of Personal Information

Psychologists do not require students or supervisees to disclose personal information in course- or program-related activities, either orally or in writing, regarding sexual history, history of abuse and neglect, psychological treatment, and relationships with parents, peers, and spouses or significant others except if (1) the program or training facility has clearly identified this requirement in its admissions and program materials or (2) the information is necessary to evaluate or obtain assistance for students whose personal problems could reasonably be judged to be preventing them from performing their training- or professionally related activities in a competent manner or posing a threat to the students or others.

#### LI. 7.05 Mandatory Individual or Group Therapy

- (a) When individual or group therapy is a program or course requirement, psychologists responsible for that program allow students in undergraduate and graduate programs the option of selecting such therapy from practitioners unaffiliated with the program. (See also Standard 7.02, Descriptions of Education and Training Programs.)
- (b) Faculty who are or are likely to be responsible for evaluating students' academic performance do not themselves provide that therapy. (See also Standard 3.05, Multiple Relationships.)

#### LII. 7.06 Assessing Student and Supervisee Performance

- (a) In academic and supervisory relationships, psychologists establish a timely and specific process for providing feedback to students and supervisees. Information regarding the process is provided to the student at the beginning of supervision.
- (b) Psychologists evaluate students and supervisees on the basis of their actual performance on relevant and established program requirements.

#### LIII. 7.07 Sexual Relationships With Students and Supervisees

Psychologists do not engage in sexual relationships with students or supervisees who are in their department, agency, or training center or over whom psychologists have or are likely to have evaluative authority. (See also Standard 3.05, Multiple Relationships.) APA Ethics Code 2002 Page 11

#### 8. Research and Publication

#### LIV. 8.01 Institutional Approval

When institutional approval is required, psychologists provide accurate information about their research proposals and obtain approval prior to conducting the research. They conduct the research in accordance with the approved research protocol.

#### LV. 8.02 Informed Consent to Research

- (a) When obtaining informed consent as required in Standard 3.10, Informed Consent, psychologists inform participants about (1) the purpose of the research, expected duration, and procedures; (2) their right to decline to participate and to withdraw from the research once participation has begun; (3) the foreseeable consequences of declining or withdrawing; (4) reasonably foreseeable factors that may be expected to influence their willingness to participate such as potential risks, discomfort, or adverse effects; (5) any prospective research benefits; (6) limits of confidentiality; (7) incentives for participation; and (8) whom to contact for questions about the research and research participants' rights. They provide opportunity for the prospective participants to ask questions and receive answers. (See also Standards 8.03, Informed Consent for Recording Voices and Images in Research; 8.05, Dispensing With Informed Consent for Research; and 8.07, Deception in Research.)
- (b) Psychologists conducting intervention research involving the use of experimental treatments clarify to participants at the outset of the research (1) the experimental nature of the treatment; (2) the services that will or will not be available to the control group(s) if appropriate; (3) the means by which assignment to treatment and control groups will be made; (4) available treatment alternatives if an individual does not wish to participate in the research or wishes to withdraw once a study has begun; and (5) compensation for or monetary costs of participating including, if appropriate, whether reimbursement from the participant or a third-party payor will be sought. (See also Standard 8.02a, Informed Consent to Research.)

## LVI. 8.03 Informed Consent for Recording Voices and Images in Research

Psychologists obtain informed consent from research participants prior to recording their voices or images for data collection unless (1) the research consists solely of naturalistic observations in public places, and it is not anticipated that the recording will be used in a manner that could cause personal identification or harm, or (2) the research design includes deception, and consent for the use of the recording is obtained during debriefing. (See also Standard 8.07, Deception in Research.)

#### LVII. 8.04 Client/Patient, Student, and Subordinate Research Participants

- (a) When psychologists conduct research with clients/patients, students, or subordinates as participants, psychologists take steps to protect the prospective participants from adverse consequences of declining or withdrawing from participation.
- (b) When research participation is a course requirement or an opportunity for extra credit, the prospective participant is given the choice of equitable alternative activities.

#### **LVIII.** 8.05 Dispensing With Informed Consent for Research

Psychologists may dispense with informed consent only (1) where research would not reasonably be assumed to create distress or harm and involves (a) the study of normal educational practices, curricula, or classroom management methods conducted in educational settings; (b) only anonymous questionnaires, naturalistic observations, or archival research for which disclosure of responses would not place participants at risk of criminal or civil liability or damage their financial standing, employability, or reputation, and confidentiality is protected; or (c) the study of factors related to job or organization effectiveness conducted in organizational settings for which there is no risk to participants' employability, and confidentiality is protected or (2) where otherwise permitted by law or federal or institutional regulations.

#### **LIX.** 8.06 Offering Inducements for Research Participation

- (a) Psychologists make reasonable efforts to avoid offering excessive or inappropriate financial or other inducements for research participation when such inducements are likely to coerce participation.
- (b) When offering professional services as an inducement for research participation, psychologists clarify the nature of the services, as well as the risks, obligations, and limitations. (See also Standard 6.05, Barter With Clients/Patients.)

# LX. 8.07 Deception in Research

- (a) Psychologists do not conduct a study involving deception unless they have determined that the use of deceptive techniques is justified by the study's significant prospective scientific, educational, or applied value and that effective nondeceptive alternative procedures are not feasible.
- (b) Psychologists do not deceive prospective participants about research that is reasonably expected to cause physical pain or severe emotional distress. APA Ethics Code 2002 Page 12

(c) Psychologists explain any deception that is an integral feature of the design and conduct of an experiment to participants as early as is feasible, preferably at the conclusion of their participation, but no later than at the conclusion of the data collection, and permit participants to withdraw their data. (See also Standard 8.08, Debriefing.)

#### **LXI.** 8.08 Debriefing

- (a) Psychologists provide a prompt opportunity for participants to obtain appropriate information about the nature, results, and conclusions of the research, and they take reasonable steps to correct any misconceptions that participants may have of which the psychologists are aware.
- (b) If scientific or humane values justify delaying or withholding this information, psychologists take reasonable measures to reduce the risk of harm.
- (c) When psychologists become aware that research procedures have harmed a participant, they take reasonable steps to minimize the harm

#### **LXII.** 8.09 Humane Care and Use of Animals in Research

- (a) Psychologists acquire, care for, use, and dispose of animals in compliance with current federal, state, and local laws and regulations, and with professional standards.
- (b) Psychologists trained in research methods and experienced in the care of laboratory animals supervise all procedures involving animals and are responsible for ensuring appropriate consideration of their comfort, health, and humane treatment.
- (c) Psychologists ensure that all individuals under their supervision who are using animals have received instruction in research methods and in the care, maintenance, and handling of the species being used, to the extent appropriate to their role. (See also Standard 2.05, Delegation of Work to Others.)
- (d) Psychologists make reasonable efforts to minimize the discomfort, infection, illness, and pain of animal subjects.
- (e) Psychologists use a procedure subjecting animals to pain, stress, or privation only when an alternative procedure is unavailable and the goal is justified by its prospective scientific, educational, or applied value.
- (f) Psychologists perform surgical procedures under appropriate anesthesia and follow techniques to avoid infection and minimize pain during and after surgery.
- (g) When it is appropriate that an animal's life be terminated, psychologists proceed rapidly, with an effort to minimize pain and in accordance with accepted procedures.

#### LXIII. 8.10 Reporting Research Results

- (a) Psychologists do not fabricate data. (See also Standard 5.01a, Avoidance of False or Deceptive Statements.)
- (b) If psychologists discover significant errors in their published data, they take reasonable steps to correct such errors in a correction, retraction, erratum, or other appropriate publication means.

#### LXIV. 8.11 Plagiarism

Psychologists do not present portions of another's work or data as their own, even if the other work or data source is cited occasionally.

#### LXV. 8.12 Publication Credit

- (a) Psychologists take responsibility and credit, including authorship credit, only for work they have actually performed or to which they have substantially contributed. (See also Standard 8.12b, Publication Credit.)
- (b) Principal authorship and other publication credits accurately reflect the relative scientific or professional contributions of the individuals involved, regardless of their relative status. Mere possession of an institutional position, such as department chair, does not justify authorship credit. Minor contributions to the research or to the writing for publications are acknowledged appropriately, such as in footnotes or in an introductory statement.
- (c) Except under exceptional circumstances, a student is listed as principal author on any multiple-authored article that is substantially based on the student's doctoral dissertation. Faculty advisors discuss publication credit with students as early as feasible and throughout the research and publication process as appropriate. (See also Standard 8.12b, Publication Credit.)

#### **LXVI.** 8.13 Duplicate Publication of Data

Psychologists do not publish, as original data, data that have been previously published. This does not preclude republishing data when they are accompanied by proper acknowledgment. APA Ethics Code 2002 Page 13

#### LXVII. 8.14 Sharing Research Data for Verification

- (a) After research results are published, psychologists do not withhold the data on which their conclusions are based from other competent professionals who seek to verify the substantive claims through reanalysis and who intend to use such data only for that purpose, provided that the confidentiality of the participants can be protected and unless legal rights concerning proprietary data preclude their release. This does not preclude psychologists from requiring that such individuals or groups be responsible for costs associated with the provision of such information.
- (b) Psychologists who request data from other psychologists to verify the substantive claims through reanalysis may use shared data only for the declared purpose. Requesting psychologists obtain prior written agreement for all other uses of the data.

#### LXVIII. 8.15 Reviewers

Psychologists who review material submitted for presentation, publication, grant, or research proposal review respect the confidentiality of and the proprietary rights in such information of those who submitted it.

#### 9. Assessment

#### LXIX. 9.01 Bases for Assessments

- (a) Psychologists base the opinions contained in their recommendations, reports, and diagnostic or evaluative statements, including forensic testimony, on information and techniques sufficient to substantiate their findings. (See also Standard 2.04, Bases for Scientific and Professional Judgments.)
- (b) Except as noted in 9.01c, psychologists provide opinions of the psychological characteristics of individuals only after they have conducted an examination of the individuals adequate to support their statements or conclusions. When, despite reasonable efforts, such an examination is not practical, psychologists document the efforts they made and the result of those efforts, clarify the probable impact of their limited information on the reliability and validity of their opinions, and appropriately limit the nature and extent of their conclusions or recommendations. (See also Standards 2.01, Boundaries of Competence, and 9.06, Interpreting Assessment Results.)
- (c) When psychologists conduct a record review or provide consultation or supervision and an individual examination is not warranted or necessary for the opinion, psychologists explain this and the sources of information on which they based their conclusions and recommendations.

#### **LXX.** 9.02 Use of Assessments

- (a) Psychologists administer, adapt, score, interpret, or use assessment techniques, interviews, tests, or instruments in a manner and for purposes that are appropriate in light of the research on or evidence of the usefulness and proper application of the techniques.
- (b) Psychologists use assessment instruments whose validity and reliability have been established for use with members of the population tested. When such validity or reliability has not been established, psychologists describe the strengths and limitations of test results and interpretation.
- (c) Psychologists use assessment methods that are appropriate to an individual's language preference and competence, unless the use of an alternative language is relevant to the assessment issues.

#### **LXXI.** 9.03 Informed Consent in Assessments

- (a) Psychologists obtain informed consent for assessments, evaluations, or diagnostic services, as described in Standard 3.10, Informed Consent, except when (1) testing is mandated by law or governmental regulations; (2) informed consent is implied because testing is conducted as a routine educational, institutional, or organizational activity (e.g., when participants voluntarily agree to assessment when applying for a job); or (3) one purpose of the testing is to evaluate decisional capacity. Informed consent includes an explanation of the nature and purpose of the assessment, fees, involvement of third parties, and limits of confidentiality and sufficient opportunity for the client/patient to ask questions and receive answers.
- (b) Psychologists inform persons with questionable capacity to consent or for whom testing is mandated by law or governmental regulations about the nature and purpose of the proposed assessment services, using language that is reasonably understandable to the person being assessed.
- (c) Psychologists using the services of an interpreter obtain informed consent from the client/patient to use that interpreter, ensure that confidentiality of test results and test security are maintained, and include in their recommendations, reports, and diagnostic or evaluative statements, including forensic testimony, discussion of any limitations on the data obtained. (See also Standards 2.05, Delegation of Work to Others; 4.01, Maintaining Confidentiality; 9.01, Bases for Assessments; 9.06, Interpreting Assessment Results; and 9.07, Assessment by Unqualified Persons.) APA Ethics Code 2002 Page 14

#### LXXII. 9.04 Release of Test Data

- (a) The term *test data* refers to raw and scaled scores, client/patient responses to test questions or stimuli, and psychologists' notes and recordings concerning client/patient statements and behavior during an examination. Those portions of test materials that include client/patient responses are included in the definition of *test data*. Pursuant to a client/patient release, psychologists provide test data to the client/patient or other persons identified in the release. Psychologists may refrain from releasing test data to protect a client/patient or others from substantial harm or misuse or misrepresentation of the data or the test, recognizing that in many instances release of confidential information under these circumstances is regulated by law. (See also Standard 9.11, Maintaining Test Security.)
- (b) In the absence of a client/patient release, psychologists provide test data only as required by law or court order.

#### **LXXIII.** 9.05 Test Construction

Psychologists who develop tests and other assessment techniques use appropriate psychometric procedures and current scientific or professional knowledge for test design, standardization, validation, reduction or elimination of bias, and recommendations for use.

#### LXXIV. 9.06 Interpreting Assessment Results

When interpreting assessment results, including automated interpretations, psychologists take into account the purpose of the assessment as well as the various test factors, test-taking abilities, and other characteristics of the person being assessed, such as situational, personal, linguistic, and cultural differences, that might affect psychologists' judgments or reduce the accuracy of their interpretations. They indicate any significant limitations of their interpretations. (See also Standards 2.01b and c, Boundaries of Competence, and 3.01, Unfair Discrimination.)

#### **LXXV.** 9.07 Assessment by Unqualified Persons

Psychologists do not promote the use of psychological assessment techniques by unqualified persons, except when such use is conducted for training purposes with appropriate supervision. (See also Standard 2.05, Delegation of Work to Others.)

#### LXXVI. 9.08 Obsolete Tests and Outdated Test Results

- (a) Psychologists do not base their assessment or intervention decisions or recommendations on data or test results that are outdated for the current purpose.
- (b) Psychologists do not base such decisions or recommendations on tests and measures that are obsolete and not useful for the current purpose.

#### LXXVII. 9.09 Test Scoring and Interpretation Services

- (a) Psychologists who offer assessment or scoring services to other professionals accurately describe the purpose, norms, validity, reliability, and applications of the procedures and any special qualifications applicable to their use.
- (b) Psychologists select scoring and interpretation services (including automated services) on the basis of evidence of the validity of the program and procedures as well as on other appropriate considerations. (See also Standard 2.01b and c, Boundaries of Competence.)
- (c) Psychologists retain responsibility for the appropriate application, interpretation, and use of assessment instruments, whether they score and interpret such tests themselves or use automated or other services.

#### **LXXVIII.** 9.10 Explaining Assessment Results

Regardless of whether the scoring and interpretation are done by psychologists, by employees or assistants, or by automated or other outside services, psychologists take reasonable steps to ensure that explanations of results are given to the individual or designated representative unless the nature of the relationship precludes provision of an explanation of results (such as in some organizational consulting, preemployment or security screenings, and forensic evaluations), and this fact has been clearly explained to the person being assessed in advance.

#### LXXIX. 9.11. Maintaining Test Security

The term *test materials* refers to manuals, instruments, protocols, and test questions or stimuli and does not include *test data* as defined in Standard 9.04, Release of Test Data. Psychologists make reasonable efforts to maintain the integrity and security of test materials and other assessment techniques consistent with law and contractual obligations, and in a manner that permits adherence to this Ethics Code.

#### 10. Therapy

#### LXXX. 10.01 Informed Consent to Therapy

(a) When obtaining informed consent to therapy as required in Standard 3.10, Informed Consent, psychologists inform clients/patients as early as is feasible in the therapeutic relationship about the nature and anticipated course of therapy, fees, involvement of third parties, and limits of confidentiality and provide sufficient opportunity for the client/patient to ask APA Ethics Code 2002 Page 15

questions and receive answers. (See also Standards 4.02, Discussing the Limits of Confidentiality, and 6.04, Fees and Financial Arrangements.)

- (b) When obtaining informed consent for treatment for which generally recognized techniques and procedures have not been established, psychologists inform their clients/patients of the developing nature of the treatment, the potential risks involved, alternative treatments that may be available, and the voluntary nature of their participation. (See also Standards 2.01e, Boundaries of Competence, and 3.10, Informed Consent.)
- (c) When the therapist is a trainee and the legal responsibility for the treatment provided resides with the supervisor, the client/patient, as part of the informed consent procedure, is informed that the therapist is in training and is being supervised and is given the name of the supervisor.

#### LXXXI. 10.02 Therapy Involving Couples or Families

- (a) When psychologists agree to provide services to several persons who have a relationship (such as spouses, significant others, or parents and children), they take reasonable steps to clarify at the outset (1) which of the individuals are clients/patients and (2) the relationship the psychologist will have with each person. This clarification includes the psychologist's role and the probable uses of the services provided or the information obtained. (See also Standard 4.02, Discussing the Limits of Confidentiality.)
- (b) If it becomes apparent that psychologists may be called on to perform potentially conflicting roles (such as family therapist and then witness for one party in divorce proceedings), psychologists take reasonable steps to clarify and modify, or withdraw from, roles appropriately. (See also Standard 3.05c, Multiple Relationships.)

#### LXXXII. 10.03 Group Therapy

When psychologists provide services to several persons in a group setting, they describe at the outset the roles and responsibilities of all parties and the limits of confidentiality.

#### **LXXXIII.** 10.04 Providing Therapy to Those Served by Others

In deciding whether to offer or provide services to those already receiving mental health services elsewhere, psychologists carefully consider the treatment issues and the potential client's/patient's welfare. Psychologists discuss these issues with the client/patient or another legally authorized person on behalf of the client/patient in order to minimize the risk of confusion and conflict, consult with the other service providers when appropriate, and proceed with caution and sensitivity to the therapeutic issues.

#### **LXXXIV.** 10.05 Sexual Intimacies With Current Therapy Clients/Patients

Psychologists do not engage in sexual intimacies with current therapy clients/patients.

#### LXXXV. 10.06 Sexual Intimacies With Relatives or Significant Others of Current Therapy Clients/Patients

Psychologists do not engage in sexual intimacies with individuals they know to be close relatives, guardians, or significant others of current clients/patients. Psychologists do not terminate therapy to circumvent this standard.

#### **LXXXVI.** 10.07 Therapy With Former Sexual Partners

Psychologists do not accept as therapy clients/patients persons with whom they have engaged in sexual intimacies.

#### **LXXXVII.** 10.08 Sexual Intimacies With Former Therapy Clients/Patients

- (a) Psychologists do not engage in sexual intimacies with former clients/patients for at least two years after cessation or termination of therapy.
- (b) Psychologists do not engage in sexual intimacies with former clients/patients even after a two-year interval except in the most unusual circumstances. Psychologists who engage in such activity after the two years following cessation or termination of therapy and of having no sexual contact with the former client/patient bear the burden of demonstrating that there has been no exploitation, in light of all relevant factors, including (1) the amount of time that has passed since therapy terminated; (2) the nature, duration, and intensity of the therapy; (3) the circumstances of termination; (4) the client's/patient's personal history; (5) the client's/patient's current mental status; (6) the likelihood of adverse impact on the client/patient; and (7) any statements or actions made by the therapist during the course of therapy suggesting or inviting the possibility of a posttermination sexual or romantic relationship with the client/patient. (See also Standard 3.05, Multiple Relationships.)

#### **LXXXVIII.** 10.09 Interruption of Therapy

When entering into employment or contractual relationships, psychologists make reasonable efforts to provide for orderly and appropriate resolution of responsibility for client/patient care in the event that the employment or contractual relationship ends, with paramount consideration given to the welfare of the client/patient. (See also Standard 3.12, Interruption of Psychological Services.) APA Ethics Code 2002 Page 16

#### **LXXXIX.** 10.10 Terminating Therapy

- (a) Psychologists terminate therapy when it becomes reasonably clear that the client/patient no longer needs the service, is not likely to benefit, or is being harmed by continued service.
- (b) Psychologists may terminate therapy when threatened or otherwise endangered by the client/patient or another person with whom the client/patient has a relationship.
- (c) Except where precluded by the actions of clients/patients or third-party payors, prior to termination psychologists provide pretermination counseling and suggest alternative service providers as appropriate.

#### **History and Effective Date Footnote**

This version of the APA Ethics Code was adopted by the American Psychological Association's Council of Representatives during its meeting, August 21, 2002, and is effective beginning June 1, 2003. Inquiries concerning the substance or interpretation of the APA Ethics Code should be addressed to the Director, Office of Ethics, American Psychological Association, 750 First Street, NE, Washington, DC 20002-4242. The Ethics Code and information regarding the Code can be found on the APA web site, <a href="http://www.apa.org/ethics">http://www.apa.org/ethics</a>. The standards in this Ethics Code will be used to adjudicate complaints brought concerning alleged conduct occurring on or after the effective date. Complaints regarding conduct occurring prior to the effective date will be adjudicated on the basis of the version of the Ethics Code that was in effect at the time the conduct occurred.

The APA has previously published its Ethics Code as follows:

American Psychological Association. (1953). Ethical standards of psychologists. Washington, DC: Author.

American Psychological Association. (1959). Ethical standards of psychologists. American Psychologist, 14, 279-282.

American Psychological Association. (1963). Ethical standards of psychologists. American Psychologist, 18, 56-60.

American Psychological Association. (1968). Ethical standards of psychologists. American Psychologist, 23, 357-361.

American Psychological Association. (1977, March). Ethical standards of psychologists. APA Monitor, 22-23.

American Psychological Association. (1979). Ethical standards of psychologists. Washington, DC: Author.

American Psychological Association. (1981). Ethical principles of psychologists. American Psychologist, 36, 633-638.

American Psychological Association. (1990). Ethical principles of psychologists (Amended June 2, 1989). American Psychologist, 45, 390-395.

American Psychological Association. (1992). Ethical principles of psychologists and code of conduct. American Psychologist, 47, 1597-1611.

Request copies of the APA's Ethical Principles of Psychologists and Code of Conduct from the APA Order Department, 750 First Street, NE, Washington, DC 20002-4242, or phone (202) 336-5510.

Ethics Code 2002.doc 10/8/02

# Appendix J

# YESHIVA UNIVERSITY FERKAUF GRADUATE SCHOOL OF PSYCHOLOGY 1300 Morris Park Avenue Rousso Building - 1st Floor Bronx, NY 10461

# ATTESTATION OF EXPERIENCE BY SUPERVISOR

TO BE COMPLETED BY STUDENT (Please Print Clearly or Type)

Last name of applicant	First Name	Middle Initial
Street address		
City	State	Zip Code

Middle Initial

# STUDENTS MUST NOT WRITE BELOW THIS LINE

First Name

TO BE COMPLETED BY SUPERVISOR (please print clearly or type)

Last name of supervisor

City State				Zip Code			
	RVISOR'S QUAL	IF ICATIONS	S AT ONSET	OF SUPERVISIO	)N		
Γitle (s)							
Institution					Phone N	lumber	
Psychology Certification/ License (s)	State/Pro	ovince	Year I	ssued	Certificat	e Number	
	State/I	State/Province Year Issued		Certificate Numb			
ABPP Diplomate	Number	Clinical	Counseling	Industrial	School	Year Awarded	
APA Fellow	Yes	No	Year Awarded	In which Division (s)? Numbers or N		Names	
	STUDENT'S	WORK EXP	PERIENCE AT	TESTED TO			
itution Name	STUDENT'S	WORK EXE	PERIENCE AT	TESTED TO			
	STUDENT'S	WORK EXP	PERIENCE AT	TESTED TO			
itution Name itution Location Start Date		WORK EXP		Job Title	Н	ours/Week	
itution Location	En				Н	ours/Week	
itution Location  Start Date	En	d Date			Н	ours/Week	

<b>Total number of Hours</b>	of Interr	ıship/Exte	rnship (Fu	ll-Year):	
Frequency of Supervision: (Check all which a	pply)		-	· ·	
Kind of Supervision	One Hour		Two Hours		Other (Specify)
Kiliu of Supervision	Weekly	Biweekly	Weekly	Biweekly	
Individual Face to Face on Site					
Seminars					
Group Supervision					
Apprenticeship Activities					
Others (Specify)					
Do you have any reservations about the applic competence, professional conduct, or moral c		al		Yes	No
If "yes" to above, please explain (attach addit	onal sheets, if ne	ecessary):			
Signature Supervisor, return this form directly to: Ferkauf Graduate Scho	ol of Psychology	,	Date	·	
1300 Morris Park Aver Rousso Building - 1st I Bronx, NY 10461	nue Floor	,			
Attention: Psychology	Department				

# Appendix L. Evaluation of Research Competencies School-Clinical Child Psychology Psy.D.

Student Name:	
Name of Research Mentor:	
Title of RPI:	

# Research Project I (RPI): Evaluation of Written Materials

Based on the written work sample of RPI, evaluate the student's level of competency in:

- writing a comprehensive, up-to-date, critical review of the literature in a selected area of research that integrates existing scholarly work
- · analyzing qualitative and/or quantitative research studies with an understanding of their strengths, limitations, and implications
- generating hypotheses for further study
- communicating ideas clearly and effectively in writing using APA style

	Below Minimal	Achieved Acceptable	High Level of	Very High Level of
	Competence	Level of Competence	Competence	Competence
Circle one	1	2	3	4

Signature of Research Mentor	Date
	Evaluation of Research Competencies School-Clinical Child Psychology Psy.D.
Student Name:	
Name of Research Mentor:	
Title of RPII:	

#### Research Project II (RPII): Evaluation of Written Materials

Based on the written work sample of RPII, evaluate the student's level of competency in:

- · writing a targeted, up-to-date, critical review of the literature that integrates existing scholarly work
- analyzing qualitative and/or quantitative research studies with an understanding of their strengths, limitations, and implications
- providing a clear rationale for the present study and hypotheses based on the existing literature
- developing and creating an appropriate research design
- appropriate analyses and presentation of findings to address hypotheses
- discussion of research findings and integration of these findings within the broader literature
- communicating ideas clearly and effectively in writing using APA style

	Below Minimal	Achieved Acceptable	High Level of	Very High Level of	
Circle one	Competence 1	Level of Competence 2	Competence 3	Competence 4	
Comments (If overall ra	ting is 1, you must docum	nent specific reasons for the	rating):		
Signature of Chair or Co	ommittee Member	Date			
Printed Name of Chair of	or Committee Member				
		Evaluation of Resea School-Clinical Child			
Student Name:					
Name of Research Men	tor:				

#### Research Project II (RPII): Oral Examination

Title of RPII: \_

Based on the student's oral presentation and response to committee questions, evaluate the student's level of competency in:

- showing a comprehensive understanding of the literature in their selected research area
- presenting a clear rationale for the present study and hypotheses
- · discussing the methodology used, and the strengths and limitations of the methods employed
- presenting study results, the implications of these findings for the field, and limitations of the present findings
- demonstrating an ability to use knowledge gained and critical thinking skills to respond to questions regarding the literature, methodology, results, and interpretation of findings

	Below Minimal	Achieved Acceptable	High Level of	Very High Level of
	Competence	Level of Competence	Competence	Competence
Circle one	1	2	3	4

Comments (If overall rating is 1, you must document specific reasons for the rating):	

	10
Signature of Chair or	Committee Member Date
Printed Name of Cha	ir or Committee Member
Appendix M	– Evaluation of Written Assessment Exam
G	uidelines for Psychoeducational Evaluation Competency Examination
Student ID#:	
Reader Name	
-	ss, the student must achieve <i>at least a minimal pass</i> in each area listed below. Please ents below and/or on the document itself to explain your ratings.
accurately understand and weakr	terpretation of the scoring, quantitatively and qualitatively. Test descriptions should reflect the skills measured. The student should provide a reasonable and accurate ding of the child's skills based on the findings in each section highlighting strengths nesses. The findings should not only describe the task but address the underlying were assessed.
a.	Student reports the FSIQ, GAI and CPI when appropriate.
b. c.	Student does not report or interpret overall Index scores when they are not reliable. Student notes/explains when overall scores are not reliable and Indices are not unitary
d.	Student notes and appropriately distinguishes between statistically significant and rare or clinically meaningful differences (i.e., greater than or less than a 10% base rate).
e.	Cognitive classifications are based on Sattler's description of score ranges (i.e., low average, average, high average, etc.) rather than arbitrary categories (i.e., truly outstanding).
f.	Classifications for scores reflect the terminology of that particular test, manual, and/or authors.
g.	Absolute and relative weaknesses and strengths should only be noted if they are statistically significant.
h.	
_	High PassPassMinimal PassFail

2. <u>Integration of findings.</u> In the body of the report and/or within the summary, the student should include a conceptualization of the child that addresses the referral question and weaves together the child's history and test findings appropriately. Students should include a clear description of the main theme of each report section. Conclusions should be warranted and reasonable based on the data. The summary should not include new information that has not been presented within the report itself.

	High PassPassMinimal PassFail
3.	Recommendations address referral question and reflect integrated assessment findings.  Recommendations must address the referral question, and follow from the findings highlighted in the summary. The recommendations should be culturally sensitive and practical and reasonable for the setting and individual. Recommendations should not focus only on the client's weaknesses but also take advantage of areas of strength. High PassPassMinimal PassFail
4.	should be professional, succinct, clear (avoiding typos, grammatical errors, and vague and awkward language), and appropriate for a professional and layperson audience, avoiding overuse of jargon. The evaluation should only require minimal revision to be sent to a parent/professional. Sections should not read as a listing of test findings, but as a thoughtful description of the child's skills in each area
	High PassPassMinimal PassFail
Co	omments:
Ap	pendix N – Evaluation of Therapy Tapes (to be revised fall 2016)
Cli	dent Name: ent code: Date of Session: te of Observation:
Gu	idelines for Videotaped therapy session.
	ase rate each item using the accompanying scale: The therapist is alert and available in terms of presence, attention and affect (creates therapeutic alliance).  1-inadequate 2-needs improvement 3-competent 4-proficient 5-exceptional
2.	The therapist is focused on client.  1-inadequate 2-needs improvement 3-competent 4-proficient 5-exceptional
	The therapist does not make judgmental and critical remarks and communicates authentic tone of unconditional critical regard (creates therapeutic alliance)  1-inadequate 2-needs improvement 3-competent 4-proficient 5-exceptional
4. Т	The therapist creates an ambience of safety, containment and "holding" (creates a therapeutic space)  1-inadequate 2-needs improvement 3-competent 4-proficient 5-exceptional
	The therapist responds in attunement to the material presented by client (active listening, able to work with clients m diverse settings)  1-inadequate 2-needs improvement 3-competent 4-proficient 5-exceptional
	The therapist demonstrates mutative strategies (reflection, clarification, interpretation, reinforcement, cognitive raming etc)  1-inadequate 2-needs improvement 3-competent 4-proficient 5-exceptional

# FERKAUF GRADUATE SCHOOL OF PSYCHOLOGY

YESHIVA UNIVERSITY 1300 Morris Park Avenue – Rousso 1<sup>st</sup> Floor Bronx, NY 10461

#### Self- evaluation 2016-17

I. PROFESSIONAL SKILLS Column A: current level of knowledge, skills, and attitudes. na= No opportunity 1= Unsatisfactory – perform with many errors/improper scoring or does not follow standardization procedures; has not been able to meet requirements. 2= Poor performance – but has shown improvement 3= Satisfactory performance – competent for current level of training 4= Can perform well – or without errors 5= Excellence. Column B: 1=No improvement from last year 2=Minimal improvement 3=Satisfactory improvement

4=Significant improvement. Na- no opportunity

4=Significant improvement. Na- no opportunity	Current	Comparison to last year
Overall rating: Administration & Scoring		
Cognitive Assessment		
Personality Assessment		
Neuropsychological Testing		
Interpretation of Test Results		
Can translate assessment into realistic recommendations		
Data Collection/Interviewing/intakes		
Record Review		
Talk effectively with children		
Talk effectively w. professionals		
Communicate effectively with parents		
Active listening, rapport		
Writes useful reports		
Overall rating for: Intervention Skills		
Can plan/conduct effective group programs		
Work effectively with individual child/adult in: CBT		
Work effectively with individual child/adult in:		
Psychodynamic Tx		
Work effectively: Family interventions/Parent training		
Working with infants/young children		
Works with multicultural/multiethnic children,		
adolescents/adults		
Builds a client-therapist alliance		
Overall rating for: Consultation		
Competence in supervising others		

PROFESSIONAL AND PERSONAL BEHAVIOR Column A- your current self-evaluation. 1= unsatisfactory level of competence/or knowledge/or attitude for current level of training. 2= adequate level of competence or knowledge /or attitude. Is making satisfactory progress. 3= satisfactory level of competence or knowledge or attitude—Student is making satisfactory progress. 4= high level of competence or knowledge or attitude. 5= Excellence Na = No opportunity to observe

Column B: In Column B, enter a rating of: 1=No improvement 2=Minimal improvement .3=Satisfactory improvement 4=Significant improvement 5=Highly significant improvement.

Knowledge of ethical & professional standards	
Knowledge of cultural, racial, individual and ethnic factors	
in service delivery	
Respect for confidentiality	
Knowledge of laws relevant to education and professional	
practice	
Understanding of how the system works	
Willingness to accept assignments	
Ability to make independent decisions	
Response to supervision	
Ability to relate to children/ child clients	
Ability to relate to adult clients	
Ability to work with staff	
Completes assignments in timely manner	
Realistic sense of strengths & limitations	
General Maturity	
Reliability and dependability	
Willingness to consider alternatives	

# Appendix Q

# Ferkauf Graduate School of Psychology

# REQUEST FOR REASONABLE ACCOMMODATIONS

Students who have documented disabilities or medical conditions may be eligible for accommodations.
Students who are seeking accommodations should review the guidelines listed on the Ferkauf Process
Handout, and then complete the form below and return it to the Office of the Dean, attention Dean Michael
Gill.

Name:	Date://

Please check the relevant category and then specify the na	ture of your disability on the line provided:
Learning:	
Hearing:	
Speech:	
☐ Visual:	
Mobility:	
Other:	
What specific accommodation(s) are you requesting?	
Please attach all relevant documentation. Requests for supporting documentation is submitted. For University Office of Students	dent Services only
☐ Further documentation is required:	
$\Box$ The following accommodation has been approved:	
Disability Services Official:	Date:/
Approved Accommodations Si	gnatures
Student Signature	Program Director Signature
Professor's Signature	Course Date
Appendix R	
EXTERNSHIP/Non-APA Interns	hip CONTRACT
This contract is statement of mutual agreement between Yeshiva Program and (supervisor's name) who i	
It is understood the Extern is enrolled in the School-Clinical Chi complete an externship as part of her/his degree requirements. T hours for the year. It will commence on a	his externship experience will include a minimum of

The extern's responsibilities are described in this document and need to be respected within the framework of the employment setting. This designation ("Extern")must also appear in all correspondence between the Program and the supervisor.

- 1. The externship is designed to provide the Extern with a sequence of experiences designed to enhance professional attitudes, responsibility, communication skills, critical judgment and technical skill.
- 2. The externship provides training in a range of assessment and intervention activities conducted with and for children and youth or adults needing psychological or psychoeducational services.
- 3. The externship agency employs a designated licensed psychologist who is responsible for the integrity and quality of the externship experience.
- 4. A licensed psychologist should provide supervision. The supervisor should be a staff member of the agency or an affiliate of that agency or a designated person from the faculty who is responsible for externship experiences.
- 5. The Supervisor, together with the extern, will develop an experience that both broadens and expands on the activities that the student was involved with in the past.
- 6. The student will have the title of "Extern" on all correspondence between the training program and the site
- 7. The externship includes an average of at least one hour per week of regularly scheduled formal, face-to-face individual supervision with the specific intent of dealing with school/clinical psychological services rendered directly by the extern. The mentor must provide an average of one hour a week of supervision but may delegate other supervision to appropriate members of the psychological service unit.
- 8. In addition to individual supervision, there is an additional average of at least one hour per week in scheduled learning activities such as: case conferences, seminars, in service training, etc. These activities may be in conjunction with other professionals.
- 9. The externship supervisor evaluates the student twice a year on issues of knowledge, skills and attitudes.
- 10. Supervision and education will account for at least 10% of the extern's time. Some of the activities may occur at times other than the regular workday.
- 11. The intern may spend up to 25% of the time in research activity.

(Condensed and modified from the Council of Directors of School Psychology Programs Guidelines for Doctoral Internships in School Psychology)

Please indicate whether the extern will be engaged in the following activities during the 2016-17 academic years.

	2015\6-
	17
Alcohol and drug treatment	
Assessment w. preschoolers	
Assessment with children/adolescents	
Assessment with adults	
Attend workshops/ rounds, case conferences	
Classroom management	
Conduct In-Service training	
Conduct workshops, present at case conferences	
Consultation/Liaison work	
Crisis intervention	
CSE/CBST meetings	
Dyadic intervention	
Educational Planning	
Family treatment	
File reviews	
Group treatment/ Counseling	
Individual Treatment/Counseling	
With children	
With adolescents	
With adults	
Inpatient work	
Interviewing/ Intakes	
Neuropsych assessment	
Observation	
Outpatient work	
Peer mediation	
Pre-K screening	

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Psychopharmacological Issues	
Remediation	
Report writing	
Research	
Social skills training	
Supervision received	
Supervision to others	
Other activities	
TOTAL # of HOURS /WEEK – on average	
Describe the population with whom the Extern will be	working: (Age range, ethnicity, SES):
Describe the Extern's responsibilities (Use other side of	of page)
By signing this document I am agreeing to the condition	ons being proposed
Student's Name and SIGNATURE	ons being proposed.
Name of Placement and address	<del></del>
Traine of Fracement and address	<del></del>
Supervisor's Name and SIGNATURE	
Telephone #	
Supervisor's Email Address	

# Appendix S

MS EN ROUTE

SCHOOL-CLINICAL CHILD PSYCHOLOGY

Program Checklist

# Required Courses (60 credits)

required Courses (ov credits)		
	PSS 6131	Cognitive Assessment I
	PSS 6199	Integrating Gender and Race into Multiculturalism
	PSS 6801	Professional & Ethical Issues in School-Clinical Child Psychology
	PSA 6515	Lifespan Development
	PSA 6601	History & Systems in Psychology
	PSS 6399	Biological Bases of Behavior
	PSS 6400	Neurodevelopmental Disorders
	PSS 6132	Psychoeducational Assessment
	PSC 6472	Cognitive & Affective Bases of Behavior
	PSS 6153	Personality Appraisal
	PSA 6280	Statistics I
	PSS 6286	Research Methods
	PSS 6221	Consultation and Supervision
	PSC 6467	Family Systems Theory
	PSS 6610	Introduction to Child Therapy
	PSS 66213	Evidence Based Intervention for Youth I
	PSS 6449	Evidence Based Intervention for Youth II
	PSS 6191	Child Assessment w/ Practicum I
	PSS 6192	Child Assessment w/ Practicum II

 PSS 6250	Developmental Psychopathology
PSS 8943A	School-Clinical Externship I (0)
 PSS 8944A	School-Clinical Externship II (0)

First and Second Year Competency Examinations Externship of at least 500 hours

A minimum of 600 hours is needed for School Psychology Certification in addition to completion of the third year in program and Externships III and IV

# Appendix T

# Class Participation Grading Rubric I Adapted from Chapnick, A. (2005). A Participation Rubric. The Teaching Professor, 19(3), 4-5. A+

Actively supports, engages and listens to instructor and peers.\* (\**Did not* use the internet/work on other assignments during lecture, discussion, and presentations.)

Arrives fully prepared at *every* session with *all* assigned readings completed.

Plays an active role in discussions (Comments *consistently* advance the level and depth of the dialogue).

Group dynamic and level of discussion are *consistently* better because of your presence.

No absences during the semester, *consistently* on time to class.

#### A

Actively supports, engages and listens to instructor and peers.\* (\*Rarely used the internet/worked on other assignments during lecture, discussion, and presentations.)

Arrives fully prepared at *almost* every session.

Plays an active role in discussions (Comments *occasionally* advance the level and depth of dialogue).

Group dynamic and level of discussion are *often* better because of your presence.

1-2 excused absences during the semester and *consistently* on time to class.

#### В

Makes a sincere effort to interact with instructor and peers.\*

(\*Occasionally used the internet/worked on other assignments during lecture, discussion, and presentations.)

Arrives *mostly*, if not fully, prepared at every session.

Participates constructively in discussions (Makes relevant comments based on the assigned readings).

Group dynamic and level of discussion are *occasionally* better (never worse) because of your presence.

1-2 excused absences during the semester and *occasionally* late to class.

Limited interaction with instructor and peers.\*

(\*Frequently used the internet/worked on other assignments during lecture, discussion, and presentations.)

Preparation and therefore level of participation are both inconsistent.

When prepared, participates constructively in discussions (Makes relevant comments based on the assigned readings).

Group dynamic and level of discussion are not affected by your presence.

More than 2 absences during the semester and/or *frequently* late to class.

F

Virtually no interaction with instructor and peers.\*

(\*Used the internet/worked on other assignments during lecture, discussion, and presentations in *every session*).

Rarely prepared and rarely participates.

Comments are generally vague or drawn from outside of assigned readings.

Demonstrates a noticeable lack of interest on occasion.

Group dynamic and level of discussion are harmed by your presence.

More than 2 absences during the semester and/or *typically* late to class.

A+ (100 pts)	<ul> <li>Attends 100% of class meetings and arrives on time</li> <li>Demonstrates ongoing very active involvement</li> <li>Actively engages and listens</li> <li>Arrives fully prepared at every session</li> <li>Comments advance the level and depth of dialogue and are related to readings and other material</li> <li>Frequently offers interpretations and analysis of the readings (more than just facts) to class</li> <li>Group dynamic and level of discussion are consistently better because of the student's presence</li> </ul>
A (90-99 pts)	<ul> <li>Attends 100% of class meetings or misses only one class meeting</li> <li>Demonstrates consistent ongoing involvement</li> <li>Actively engages and listens</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>Arrives fully prepared at almost every session</li> <li>Comments occasionally advance the level and depth of dialogue and are related to readings and other material</li> <li>Often offers interpretations and analysis of the readings (more than just facts) to class.</li> <li>Group dynamic and level of discussion are often better because of the student's presence</li> </ul>
B (80-89 pts)	<ul> <li>Attends 100% of class meetings or misses up to two class meetings</li> <li>Demonstrates sporadic ongoing involvement</li> <li>Attempts to engage and listen</li> <li>Arrives mostly, if not fully, prepared</li> <li>Makes relevant comments based on the assigned material</li> <li>Offers straightforward information without elaboration or very infrequently</li> <li>Occasionally offers interpretations and analysis of the readings (more than just facts) to class.</li> <li>Group dynamic and level of discussion are occasionally better (never worse) because of the student's presence</li> </ul>
C (70-79 pts)	<ul> <li>Attends 100% of class meetings or misses up to three class meetings</li> <li>Demonstrates infrequent involvement</li> <li>Rarely attempts to engage – OR - sometimes appears to not be listening</li> <li>Preparation, and therefore level of participation, are inconsistent</li> <li>When prepared, participates constructively in discussions and makes relevant comments based on the assigned material</li> <li>Does not volunteer to participate, but contributes to a moderate degree when called on</li> <li>Group dynamic and level of discussion are not affected by the student's presence</li> </ul>
D (60-69 pts)	<ul> <li>Attends 100% of class meetings or misses up to three class meetings</li> <li>Demonstrates virtually no active involvement</li> <li>Does not attempt to engage – OR - appears to not be listening or has been observed sleeping in class at times</li> <li>Rarely participates or is rarely prepared</li> <li>Comments are generally vague or drawn from outside/unrelated material</li> <li>Demonstrates notable lack of interest (on occasion)</li> <li>Group dynamic and level of discussion are not affected by student's presence</li> </ul>
F (<60 pts)	<ul> <li>Attends 100% of class meetings or misses more than three class meetings</li> <li>Demonstrates no involvement</li> <li>Does not engage, appears to not be listening, or has been observed sleeping in class</li> <li>Never participates or is never prepared</li> <li>Demonstrates notable lack of interest</li> <li>Group dynamic and level of discussion are hindered by student's presence</li> <li>Present and sometimes disruptive</li> </ul>

- Any cell phone usage
- Inappropriate computer use
- Sleeping in class
- Missing more than two classes
- Arriving late to class on a regular basis
- Lack of active participation in class discussion
- Interrupting the instructor or other students
- Inappropriate talking during class (for example, while instructor is lecturing or other students are speaking)

# **Statement of Understanding - 2015**

I have RECEIVED THE
Print Name
THE SCHOOL-CLINICAL CHILD PSYCHOLOGY PROGRAM's STUDENT HANDBOOK and have read the Code of Ethics. I understand that the Handbook contains important information about my Program, including policies, procedures, requirements, timelines, courses, faculty evaluations, student life, due processes, issues related to my professional development and more. understand that it is my responsibility to be knowledgeable of all the information in the Handbook.
(Revised AUGUST 2015)
Your signature